THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1909.

Vol. XXX, No. 50.

NO BETTER CLOTHES THAN 'WARD' BRAND CLOTHES

NEWEST PATTERNS AND DESIGNS IN SUITINGS

Just being put into stock. Make your choice now. We will make them up in either the latest New York or English styles. The Fit and Finish we strive to make *second to none*.

Will You Want a New Overcoat?

We have the new Fall Cloths in stock. Take a look!

20 PER CENT. OFF Men's Ready-to-wear Suits / Boys' and Children's Suits } For Cash

For the next Ten Days only. Don't miss this opportunity to save money.

New lines in Shirts, Collars and Ties, Sox Gloves and Underwear and Coat Sweaters, at

FRED T. WARD'S

Specialist in Men's Wear

NOTE: New Fall Hats just in.

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

...Dress Goods...

JUST ARRIVED—Another shipment of the very newest Dress Goods. All the latest shades and materials. We have a large stock to choose from at the very lowest prices. We invite inspection of our goods before you purchase. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats

A LARGE assortment of the very newest styles always in stock. Prices from $3.50 up. Don't miss seeing our special $10.00 Coat. It cannot be beaten.

Ready-made Skirts

WE HAVE the finest range of Skirts ever shown at the most reasonable prices. Extra good line for fall for.....only $10.00
Over 75 Skirts to choose from.

SPECIALS:

CAN YOU BEAT THEM?

54 inches wide, all wool Dress Goods. Shades—black, brown and navy. Regular value, $1.00 per yd. Our price.....only 75 cts. per yard
STRIPED Materials, extra good for general wear. Regular price, 20c. and 35c. per yard.....Sale price only 21 cts. per yard
LADIES' Cotton Hose, regular 25c. pair.....While they last, 15 cts. a pair
LADIES' and Children's Woolen Hose, all sizes. Regular price 25c. pair.....Now, only 19 cts. pair
ALL Summer Blouses, Underwear, etc.....At Slaughter Prices
SEE our special in Fancy Collars.
Come early and get your share of the Bargains. They will surprise you.
FINEST Comb Honey.....15c. per section, 2 for 25c.
NO. I Quality Tomatoes at lowest prices.

Highest Price for all kinds of Produce. PHONE No. 43. Goods promptly delivered.

..THE..

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA .. .. .. TORONTO
GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

DRAFTS also issued, payable in any part of the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch: Empire Block. **Stirling and Springbrook Branches: W. M. Chandler and W. S. Martin, Managers.**

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE AT THE

NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe	$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire	1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star	1.80
The Weekly Witness	1.80
The Weekly Sun	1.75
The Toronto News (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily)	4.50
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly	$2.30

Sidney Council

Town Hall, Sidney, Aug. 23, 1909.

Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members present—Chas. Ketcheson, Reeve; Alex. S. White, Deputy Reeve; Chas. Vanderwater, John W. Hess, Geo. A. Rose, Councillors.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

A communication was read from the Central Canada Citizen asking the Council to sign a petition to legislature permitting the taxation of improvement values at a lower rate than land values.

Moved by White seconded by Vanderwater that no action be taken. Carried.

Moved by Ketcheson seconded by Hess that the Clerk be authorized to forward account of $6.40 to Thurlow township, one half cost of cement culvert on town line between con. 7 Sidney and township of Thurlow, also account to Murray township for $6.67, one-half cost of cement culvert on town line between the 8th con. Sidney and Murray. Carried.

Moved by Ketcheson seconded by Vanderwater that Mr. Rose and the Road Superintendent be a committee to meet a committee of Murray Council re town line road Murray and Sidney, 7th and 8th concession. Committee to meet at Melville Anderson's at 8 p.m. Aug. 31, '09, Clerk to notify Murray Council. Carried.

Moved by White seconded by Rose that the name of John Sager be substituted in Poundkeepers by-law for division 2 con. 7, and the name of Frank Wanamaker be erased on account of non-residence. Carried.

The following by-laws were passed through their various stages and numbered 578, 579, 560, 561, and 562 consecutively:

A by-law to levy and collect the taxes for 1909.

A by-law to levy and collect a rate on Public School supporters for 1909.

A by-law to levy and assess a rate for school purposes for 1909.

A by-law appointing a collector for 1909. (Jas. W. Gay, collector.)

A by-law appointing a constable for the towhship of Sidney for Frankford Fair, last day, Sept. 17th. Mr. D. Vandervoort, constable.)

Mr. Stringer was heard re purchase of timber on road allowance between lots 12 and 13 in the 5th con. of Sidney.

Moved by Vanderwater seconded by White that the Reeve, with Road Supt. be a committee to investigate re above timber and report next council. Carried.

Messrs. R. N. Bird, Wm. Latta, C. F. Chisholm, Adam Davidson, Wm. H. Weese and Wm. Holland, representing the Temperance Association of the township of Sidney, were heard re the appointment of an officer for law enforcement in the township of Sidney.

Mr. Ketcheson read a letter re above appointment and law enforcement from Rev. J. S. McMullen of Frankford, who was unable to be present. No action was taken.

Moved by Ketcheson seconded by White that the Reeve, Mr. White and the Clerk be a committee to have a number of copies of "The Public Morals By-law of the Township of Sidney" published with power to act as thought advisable. No committee charge to be made. Carried.

Moved by Rose seconded by Hess that the Reeve have any necessary repairs made to town hall sheds. Carried.

Moved by Rose, seconded by Ketcheson that Council now adjourn, to meet Wednesday Dec. 15th at 11 a.m. Carried.

A. M. CHAPMAN, Clerk.

Halloway

Mrs. Forster of Buffalo is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Wilson.

Mrs. Clarke of Odessa is the guest of her niece, Mrs. Sidmer Bird.

Mrs. Chas. Spencer returned on Monday from a two weeks' visit in Cobourg.

Mr. Sherwood Dafoe and bride of Rochester and Mrs. Benj. Dafoe of Belleville spent Monday at the home of Mr. Wm. Tufts. Mr. and Mrs. Dafoe were passengers on the ferry that ran on a sand bar out of Cobourg.

Rev. Mr. Downs of Trenton conducted the services here on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Fred Sloan and Mr. Edward Maines are planning to exchange farms.

Zion Hill school house has undergone extensive repairs, and is much improved.

The Turner school house has also been newly seated and new floor and desks put in.

Mr. J. C. Dafoe and men have just completed a drive house for Mr. James Ryan.

Gages are a very heavy crop this year. Corn and potatoes are being eaten by the white grub.

Mr. Wm. J. Allen of Madoc spent Friday with friends here.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by all dealers.

Wellman's Corners

Leland, the infant son of Mr. Berton Potts, died on Monday night.

The Women's Missionary Auxiliary held their usual monthly meeting in the church on Wednesday, Sept. 1st.

The big drum was doing its work on Wednesday evening, showing that the L. O. L. had met as usual.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dunham last week.

Mr. Houston of Detroit is visiting at Mr. R. E. Reed's.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Reed, Mr. Houston, Mr. Fred and Miss Iladel Anderson went to Toronto on the 2nd. They have all returned with the exception of Miss Iladel, who has accepted a position as saleslady in the lace department of the R. Simpson departmental store.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Snarr and the Misses Snarr, Mr. and Mrs. F. Snarr, Mr. J. Snarr, Mr. Chas. Dunham, Mr. James and Miss Emma Rainnie left on Tuesday for Toronto.

Mr. Bert Potts has returned from Saskatoon sooner than he intended, being recalled on account os the illness of his little son.

The news reached here on Monday of the death of Mrs. McGee, mother of Mr. Geo. McGee and Mrs. Elgin Jackman of this place.

Mr. Arthur Sharpe, who is in Indian Head writes that he and the parties who accompanied him found speedy and profitable employment.

Spring Brook

Mr. and Mrs. Laird have returned and are at present residing in our village. Mr. Laird is manager of the United Empire Bank here, and formerly was manager of the Farmers' Bank. Under his able management we predict a successful business for the Bank in this place.

Miss Lottie Mason left on Tuesday for Albert College.

Mrs. Harrison of Montreal and Miss Ada Nancarrow of Campbellford visited Mrs. Laird one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hale spent a few days in Toronto last week.

James Morgan and Harry Tanner spent a few days this week in Toronto at the fair.

Mrs. Bird has again been on the sick list but is now improving.

Our League social receipts were over $136. Proceeds to be used in building cement steps and repairing the church.

Mr. Will Green and Miss May Quackenbush were quietly married at their home by Rev. Mr. Moore of Marmora on Aug. 27th. They, with many others, left on the noon train for the West.

Miss Frankie Livingstone left on Saturday for Regina where she has secured a situation as stenographer.

The infant child of Mrs. W. Jones was buried on Sunday. Death was caused by the new disease, paralysis among children. Mrs. D. Heath's children are suffering from the same disease. Small hopes are entertained for the boy's recovery.

Our cement sidewalks are finished except corners and small places. A number are having walks from the street to their houses.

Mr. Everett Heath and Miss Annie Neil were married last week. They spent a few days at Toronto and other places.

We noted in the Intelligencer that Marmora Sunday Schools had a very successful outing at Massassaga Park under their different leaders, but what would they do without Spring Brook Sunday School with their leaders, D. W. Roblin, T. J. Thompson and others who helped to make it successful?

Miss Ida Thompson has been engaged as teacher for the Bateman school.

Mrs. Henry Green is quite ill. Dr. Alger is in attendance.

Mr. Will Wallace of Tweed spent Sunday as guest of his cousin, Mr. Harry Tanner.

Mr. Duncan Reid of the Farmers' Bank, Trenton, spent Sunday at his home here.

Dr. Totton of this place has already become quite popular with the people, and has an extensive practice throughout the country.

Mrs. Hoard of Frankford visited at Mr. Wm. Reid's last week.

The proceeds of the lawn social held here on Friday, Aug. 27th, were $136.

The Allan steamer Laurentian struck on a rock off the coast of Newfoundland and is a total wreck. No lives lost.

One hundred and twenty legislators, newspaper men and others left Toronto with the Hon. Frank Cochrane on Monday night for a week's tour of Ontario's silver land.

Drive Rheumatism out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy and see how quickly pain will depart. Rub-ons never did reach the real disease. Rheumatism isn't in the skin. It's deep down—it's constitutional. Getting rid of the pain is, after all, what counts. That is why Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy goes by word of mouth from one to another. And herein lies the popularity of this Remedy. It is winning defenders everywhere. Tablets or liquid. Sold by J. S. Morton.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established in the Year 1817

Paid up Capital	$14,400,000
Reserve	$12,000,000

Accounts opened with Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest paid on deposits at highest current rates.

Stirling Branch: W. R. HOWSON, Manager.

Sterling Hall

Our Exposition of Fall and Winter Fashions For the Ladies

IS now under way.—Everything new upon which Dame Fashion has placed her stamp of approval will be found in one or another of our many departments. Can't describe everything, but suffice it to say that exclusiveness and quality, combined with price reasonableness, are recommendations for your favor.

Again we Request Your Inspection.

Ladies', Misses' and Girls' Fall Coats

A full assortment is already shown, mostly in self-colorings and in close and semi-fitting models for Ladies. Children's and Misses in plain colorings and fancy effects. Assortment the largest, quality the highest, prices the most reasonable.

Woolen and Cashmere Hose

We have a specially selected line of exceptionally big values in Fall and Winter Hosiery. Also Stocking Legging by the yard at 25c. and 30c.

Special Worsted Hose, sizes 8½, 9, 9½, 10, worth 35c.....For 25 cts. pair
Special four and one ribbed Wool Hose for boys, regular 25c.....For 20 cts. pair
Special all wool Men's Heavy Socks, regular 20c. pair.....At 2 pairs for 25 cts.

Underwear by the Carload

MEN'S, WOMEN'S, BOYS', GIRLS', INFANTS' Underwear in endless variety.

Watson's celebrated make, in all sizes and qualities.....From 15c. to $1.50 a garment

A Bargain in Pillow Cases

10 dozen, sizes 40 and 42 inches, regular value 35c. pair .....At 25 cts. pair

Dress Goods for School Girls

It has been a little difficult to get satisfactory goods for this purpose, combining good wearing qualities and comfort with appearance. We have them here.

Navy and Cardinal Worsted Serge, worth 50c. yard.....On sale at 35 cts. per yard
Heavy Gray Tweeds, worth 50c..For 35c. yd.

Creamery and Jar Butter

Best Creamery in 1 lb. blocks.....at 27 cts.
Fine quality Butter in small crocks and jars.....at 20c. to 22½c. lb.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

Stirling Fall Fair Sept. 23, 24

GREAT FIRE IN TORONTO

West Wing of Parliament Buildings Gutted and Provincial Library Destroyed.

A despatch from Toronto says: Entailing damage of at least $600,000 less than half of which is insured, and the irreparable loss of a library of over 100,000 volumes, many of which can never be replaced, fire gutted the west wing of the provincial parliament buildings in the Queen's Park on Wednesday afternoon. The insurance, which covers the building alone, stands at $750,000, in 45 companies.

In addition to the fire, water did much damage, and the cellar of the great stone pile is flooded to a depth of several feet.

WHERE IT STARTED.

The discovery of the blaze which led to the first alarm was made by a newspaperman as he was leaving the first floor of the building. The glass which covers the great lightwell in the west wing of the main section crashed through. He looked up and saw smoke and flame and rushed to the telephone in the attorney-general's department and phoned to fire headquarters.

GOT GOOD START.

When the firemen began to arrive the fire was burning fiercely at the roof over the fallen light glass, and in the wing running north and south at the extreme west of the great stone pile. Lines of hose were run up outside and in through doors and windows, and the flames did not make any appreciable headway eastward, but tore south into the library and north into the offices in that end of the wing. This was the long stretch in this wing, and it was in this that the fiercest battle was fought.

It was not long before the flames were in possession of the library, and the priceless books were driven from the windows a shower of charred leaves. Beneath this and to the east were the papers upon which judges have been at work for two years in revising the statutes of the province, and a determined effort was made to save these, although the offices of the legal department, in which they were kept, were a drench of water which poured from upper floors, and were filled with blinding smoke. This effort was successful, though the papers were many of them drenched. A like fight to save the records and documents of the railway commission in the upper floor of the north end of the wing resulted in the preserving of those valuable papers and the greater part of the hydro-electric documents in Hon. Adam Beck's room were saved, although the offices were gutted.

ROOF FELL IN SECTIONS.

The roof fell in sections. First it was that section over the light wel, then the part over the library went down with a great crash, and later smaller sections further to the north. With every fall, there were great clouds of smoke and cinders dotted with the bright spots that were burning papers.

The smouldering ruin which was the west wing is now a gloomy sight. It stands there a hulking mass of blackened and disfigured stone, roofless and dilapidated.

The whole western wing was deluged with water from the basement to roof, and setting aside the loss of the library, the great bulk of the damage was caused by water rather than fire.

With the exception of the private office of the King's printer, all the rooms in the wing with all their valuable oak desks, chairs, filing cabinets and general furnishings are soaked and almost destroyed.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Flour — Ontario flour new Winter wheat patents at $4 to $4.05 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto; new wheat flour for exports, $3.90 to $3.95 outside in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, $5.80 on track, Toronto; second patents, $5.30, and strong bakers', $5.10 to $5.20 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—Old No. 1 Northern, $1.23 to $1.25, Georgian Bay ports; new No. 1 Northern for October shipment $1.01, and No. 2 Northern, October shipment, 98½c, lake ports.

Ontario Wheat—New No. 2, 97 to 98c at outside points.

Barley—No. 2, 55c outside, and No. 3 extra at 51 to 53c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white new, 37 to 38c outside. No. 2 Western Canada old oats 43c, and No. 3, 42c, Bay ports.

Peas—Prices nominal.

Rye—No. 2, 68c outside.

Buckwheat—Prices nominal.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 77½ to 78c on track, Toronto. Canadian, 75 to 76c on track, Toronto.

Bran—$20 to $20.50 for Ontario bran outside in bulk. Manitoba, $21 in sacks, Toronto freights; shorts, $24, Toronto freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—$2.50 to $3 per barrel.

Beans—Prime $2.25 to $2.30, and hand-picked, $2.50 to $2.60 per bush.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $14.50 to $15 a ton on track here, and No. 2 at $13 to $13.50.

Straw—$9 to $9.50.

Potatoes—60 to 65c per bag on track for Ontarios.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 14 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 10 to 12c; turkeys, 16 to 17c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 19 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 18 to 19c; inferior, 16 to 17c; creamery, 23 to 24c, and separator, 22½ to 23½c per lb.

Eggs—23c per dozen for case lots.

Cheese—12¾c per lb. for large, and 13c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 13¾ to 14c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, $24.50 to $25; short cut, $26.50 to $27.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 16c; do., heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 13½ to 14c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; backs, 18 to 18½c; breakfast bacon, 16½c.

Lard—Tierces, 14½c; tubs, 14¾c; pails, 15c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—The market for oats is steady; No. 2 Canadian Western, 44½ to 45c; No. 3 Canadian Western, 43½ to 44c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 64 to 65c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.90; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, $5.40; Winter wheat patents, $5.75; Manitoba strong bakers', $5.20; straight rollers, $5.50; straight rollers in bags, $2.60. Feed—Ontario bran, $22 to $23; Ontario middlings, $23.50 to $24.50; Manitoba bran, $22; Manitoba shorts, $24; pure grain mouille, $33 to $34; mixed mouille, $25 to $27. Cheese—Westerns, 11¾ to 11⅞c, and Easterns, 11⅜ to 11½c. Butter—Creamery, 23c. Eggs—Selected stock, 25½ to 26c; No. 1 candled at 22½ to 23c, and No. 2 at 16 to 19c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 7. — Wheat—Sept., 94¼c; Dec., 92¾c; May, 96⅞c. Cash—No. 1 hard, 99¼c; No. 1 Northern, 98¼c; No 2 Northern, 96¼c; No. 3 Northern, 92¾ to 94c Flour—First patents, $5.25 to $5.27; second patents, $5.15 to $5.25; first clears, $4.45 to $4.65; second clears, $3.30 to $3.50. Bran—In 100-pound sacks, $19.50 to $20.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.04 to $1.05; No. 3 red, 99c to $1.02; No. 2 hard, $1.01 to $1.02½; No. 3 hard, 97c to $1.01; No. 2 Northern, $1.01 to $1.02; No. 3 Spring, 95c to $1.00. Corn—No 2, 68¼ to 69¼c; No. 2 white, 69 to 69¼c; No. 2 yellow, 69½c; No. 3, 68½ to 69c; No. 3 white, 69c; No. 3 yellow, 69½c No. 4, 67c. Oats—No. 3 white, 37 to 39c; No. 4 white, 36½ to 37½c; standard, 38½ to 39½c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—Choice steers sold 5 to 5¼c; good at 4½ to 4¾c; medium, 4 to 4¼c; cows, 3 to 4½c, and bulls, 2 to 3½c per pound. The price of lambs declined ¼c per pound, with sales at 5½c; sheep, 3¾c per pound. Calves, $3 to $15 per head. Hogs—Sales of the better grades were registered at $8.75 to $9 per 100 pounds, weighed off the cars.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Prime picked butchers' at $5.50 to $5.75; medium to good loads from $4.25 to $5.40. Two extra fine milch cows sold at $70 each, and $50 to $60 were common prices for good milkers. Sheep were steady, but lambs were easier owing to the heavy run, and from 35 to 40c lower. Hogs are now quoted at $8 f.o.b., and $8.25, fed and watered.

A BOY SAVES FOUR LIVES

Herbert Yates, Aged Sixteen, Succeeds in Rescuing All With Their Mother's Help.

A despatch from Cornwall says: Herbert Yates, the little 16-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Yates of Cornwall, has certainly earned the Royal Humane Society medal for saving life at the peril of his own.

Several families camping at the foot of Sheeks' Island decided on a picnic on Barnhart's Island. Before returning home young Yates and four little boys, aged from eight to thirteen years, were in a boat. They started across the little river which runs down from the Long Sault Rapids between the islands. The rowlock of the boat broke just as they were in the swiftest water and the boat upset and drifted away. Mrs. E. Derosie, Mrs. F. Newman, and Mrs. Shaver, mothers of the little fellows were coming behind in a rowboat with three little girls and witnessed the accident. Young Yates, although only an indifferent swimmer, and burdened with his clothing and heavy shoes, managed to bring the whole four to the mothers' boat. One little fellow, Freddie Shaver, was almost gone, and did not recover for some time.

CORRUPTING CHILDREN.

An Ugly Charge Against Montreal Policemen.

A despatch from Montreal says: Extraordinary evidence of how the police promised bribes to Henri Goulet, a young boy, and his little sister, to give evidence against their mother, was related before the Royal Commission on Friday afternoon. Henri Goulet, the boy who says he was promised bribes, told how he and his sister had been taken by two policemen from their mother's home at night, given a late supper in a restaurant, and how they were offered $25 and $6 respectively for going before the Royal Commission and repeating evidence against their mother that had previously been given in the Recorder's Court. The police wanted the evidence repeated against Mrs. Goulet so as to clear themselves from the charge of conspiring to arrest Mr. George Vandelac, a prominent citizen of the north end, and an old-time rival of Ald. Prouix, Chairman of the Police Committee.

MURDERER DEAD IN WELL.

Mounted Police Had Scoured Country in Vain Search.

A despatch from Stettler, Alta., says: While the Royal North-west Mounted Police have been scouring the country for Anton Woolrich, who shot and killed his wife on July 1st, he was lying dead at the bottom of a well. On Friday morning one of the settlers living south of here started to clean out his well and found the body of Woolrich. It is supposed he committed suicide after murdering his wife.

YOUNG BOY SHOT.

Bullet Fired at a Muskrat Goes Astray.

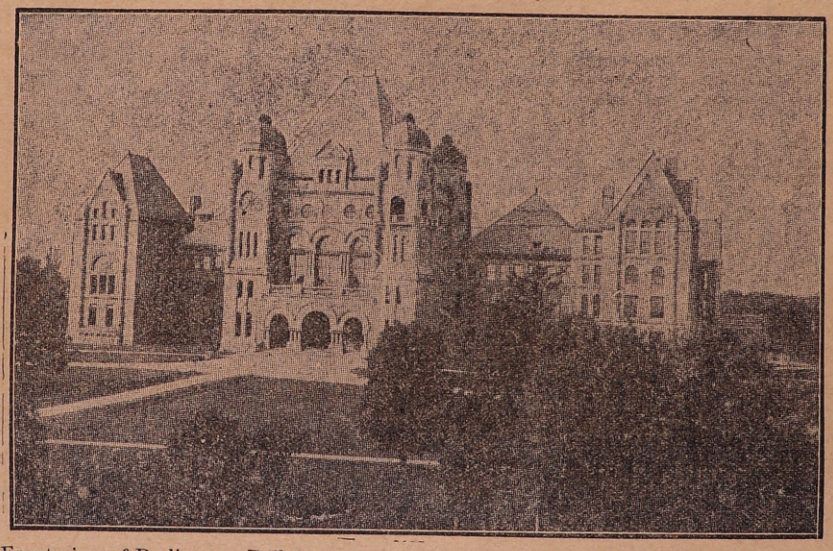
A despatch from Lindsay says: About 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon Dominick Spratt, aged 14, fifth son of R. W. Spratt, of the firm of Spratt & Killen, was shot through the abdomen while at work in the mill yard of John Carew.

The accident occurred in this way: Some young men were on the river in a boat shooting muskrats and a bullet from their rifle struck young Spratt. It is supposed that the young man with the gun either made a bad aim or that the bullet, striking some obstacle, glanced toward Spratt, inflicting a dangerous wound in the stomach. At the present writing Doctors McAlpine, White, and Blanchford hold out very little hope of saving his life.

MRS. J. S. MACDONALD DEAD.

Widow of Ontario's First Premier Passes Away.

A despatch from Cornwall says: Mrs. John Sandfield Macdonald, widow of the late Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald, first premier of Ontario, died on Friday morning, in her 90th year.



Front view of Parliament Buildings, Toronto, showing the West Wing (the left of Picture) which was destroyed.

SHOT THROUGH THE HEART.

Arthur Scaillet Killed by the Hired Man.

A despatch from Zealandia, Sask., says: Arthur Scaillett was shot down about eight o'clock on Wednesday night by Edgar Harold Hope, the 18-year-old hired man of the victim's son-in-law. Hope confessed the shooting, which occurred on the farm of Scaillett's son-in-law, Durnan. Scailett crossed over from his farm to that of his son-in-law, adjoining, to borrow a horse. iHs son-in-law refused, and a quarrel ending in blows followed. Young Hope, Durnan's hired man, went into the house, and seizing a loaded shotgun, ran to the scene and shot the father-in-law through the heart. Scaillett, it is said, died almost instantly.

FINED LORD LASCELLES.

Earl Grey's Aide Shot Deer in British Columbia.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says: Lord Lascelles, Aide-de-Camp to Earl Grey, was fined $275 in the Police Court here on Wednesday for shooting deer out of season. Two fine heads which Lord Lascelles had turned over to the local taxidermist for mounting were seized and destroyed. The incident is being minimized locally, but it is almost without precedent in Canada.

DEATH LIST 10,000.

Horrors of Mexican Floods Understated.

A despatch from Laredo, Texas, says: Reliable advices from Monterey declare that the death list from the flood-stricken district will reach 10,000. Twelve hundred bodies have already been recovered and placed in hastily constructed morgues.

APPLE CROP GOOD.

Buyers in Western Ontario Anticipate Average Yield.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Reports from apple buyers throughout western Ontario indicate that the late crop this year will be quite up to the average in both yield and quality.

NO CRIMINAL INTENT.

Light Sentence on Clerk for Abstracting Postal Matter.

A despatch from Lindsay says: G. C. Henley, the young post-office clerk charged with abstracting matter from the mails, was up before P. M. Jackson on Wednesday. The evidence went to show that there was no criminal intent, and the magistrate sentenced him to one-half hour in jail.

THE NORTH POLE REACHED

Dr. Cook, of Brooklyn, N. Y., Reported to Have Achieved the Impossible.

A despatch from London says: Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of Brooklyn, U. S. A., arrived at Lerwick, in the Shetland Islands on Wednesday morning, from the Arctic regions, where he has been for nearly three years. He reports that he has discovered the North Pole. Dr. Cook declares, according to the brief telegrams which reach London, that he attained the latitude of 90 degrees north on April 21, 1908.

Dr. Cook came out of the unknown wilds at the close of May, this year, at the Greenland Colony of Upernavik. He was taken on board the Danish steamship Hans Eged, which makes a regular stop at Lerwick. The vessel remained there only a short time, and then continued her voyage to Copenhagen. She is due to reach there on Saturday. The Danish inspector of Greenland, who was on board the Hans Eged, also telegraphs that Dr. Cook reached the Pole. He says that the Eskimos who accompanied Dr. Cook confirm all the details of the story which he tells.

STATEMENT BY DR. COOK.

A despatch from Paris says: The Paris edition of the New York Herald of Wednesday morning publishes a signed statement from Dr. Frederick A. Cook, which is dated Hans Eged, Lerwick, Wednesday, on his experiences in the Arctic region:

"After a prolonged fight with famine and frosts," says Dr. Cook, "we have at last succeeded in reaching the Pole. A new highway, with an interesting strip of animated nature, has been explored and big game haunts located, which will delight sportsmen and extend the Eskimo horizon.

"Land has ben discovered which rests on earth's northernmost rocks. A triangle of 30,000 square miles has been cut out of the terrestrial unknown. The expedition was the outcome of a Summer cruise in the Arctic seas schooner Bradley, which arrived at limits of navigation in Smith Sound late in August, 1907. Here conditions were found to launch a venture to the Pole. J. R. Bradley liberally supplied from his vessels suitable provisions for local use. My own equipment for emergencies served well for every purpose in the Arctic."

PEARY REACHED NORTH POLE

Cook's Rival Arrives at the Goal on April 6, 1909.

New York, September 6.—The following despatch was received here to-day:—"Indian Harbor, via Cape Ray, Nfld., Sept. 6.—To Associated Press, New York:

"Stars and Stripes nailed to the Pole.

(Signed) "PEARY."

A telegram was also received here to-day for Herbert L. Bridgman, secretary of the Arctic Club of America. It reads as follows:—

"Herbert L. Bridgman, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Pole reached, Roosevelt safe.

(Signed "PEARY."

Commander Peary announces April 6 as the date of his reaching the North Pole in a despatch to the New York Times, reading as follows:—

Indian Harbor, via Cape Ray, Nfld., Sept. 6.—To the New York Times, New York:—"I have reached the Pole April 6th. Expect to arrive Chateau Bay, Sept. 7th.

(Signed) "PEARY."

The date Peary refers to is April of the present year, although not stated in the despatch, as his expedition to the Pole did not leave until July, 1908.

ALSO WIRES NEWFOUNDLAND

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 6.—Commander Peary has just wired the Governor of Newfoundland by wireless from Indian Harbor, Labrador, announcing that he has discovered the North Pole, and congratulating Newfoundland on its part in this discovery, seeing that the captain and crew of Peary's steamer are Newfoundlanders.

The Donaldson line have ordered a fine new steamer for the St. Lawrence route.

ALLAN LINER WRECKED.

S. S. Laurentian Crashes on Rocks Near Cape Race.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: A message from the lighthouse keeper at Cape Race, Nfld., to Capt. P. C. Johnson, superintendent of lights at Halifax, states that the Allan Line steamship Laurentian, bound from Boston to Glasgow, went ashore on Mistaken Point, four miles west of Cape Race, at six o'clock on Monday morning. The passengers and crew were all landed safely, but the ship is broken in two and is a total loss. There was a dense fog on the coast of Newfoundland Monday, with a southwesterly wind. A strong current sets into the shore. The Virgin Rocks are seventy miles east of Cape Race and are much dreaded by mariners in thick weather. In the fog that prevailed on Monday, in the effort to avoid the Virgin Rocks, the ocean liner struck the point. The Laurentian had a cargo chiefly of flour and corn and was bound direct from Boston to Glasgow.

FIRED STRAW STACK.

A Barnado Boy Destroyed His Employer's Barn.

A despatch from Brantford says: As a sequel to the destruction of the barn and its contents belonging to Fred Ilett, a farmer on the Paris road, last Monday, came on Friday the admission of William Hawkins, a sixteen-year-old Barnado boy, who had worked for Ilett, that he had touched a match to the adjacent straw stack, thus firing the barn. The boy has been taken to Toronto and will be deported as an undesirable. He is a recent arrival in this country. No reason is assigned for the act, which caused the loss of property valued at $3,000.

DUCK HUNTER SHOT HIMSELF

Body Found in Boat on a Creek in Frontenac.

A despatch from Kingston says: John Scales, aged about 27 years, accidentally shot himself dead, about three miles east of Murvale, on Wednesday. He left shortly after dinner for the creek to shoot ducks. When he did not return his wife got a man named Richard Joiner to look for him. In company with Harry Good, Joiner found the body of the hunter. Scales was lying with his body in the boat and his head in the water, not a length from the shore. He had evidently taken the gun by the muzzle, and pulled it towards him, when it was discharged, the full charge entering the abdomen. The deceased leaves a young widow and two small children.

LESS WHISKEY NOW DRANK

Consumption of Spirits, Cigars, Tobaccos and Cigarettes Fell Off Greatly.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The annual report of the Inland Revenue Department for the last fiscal year shows a considerable falling off in the production of spirits and in the consumption of tobacco, due, doubtless, to the financial stringency and the consequent economizing of liquor and tobacco users. The quantity of spirits produced during the twelve months was 5,176,048 gallons, a decrease of 1,673,715 gallons, or about twenty-five per cent, as compared with the previous fiscal year. The foreign demand for Canadian distillery products also fell off, the quantity exported being 311,314 gallons, a decrease of 101,545 gallons. The excise revenue was $15,048,589, a decrease of $929,073. The number of cigars taken for consumption during the year was 192,105,371, as compared with 200,133,255 in 1907. The number of cigarettes manufactured last year was 356,189,380, a decrease from the previous year of 28,304,674.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.C.F. No. 194

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. BISSONNETTE, C.C.
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,
STIRLING - - - ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON,

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight corrected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN Dentistry of the University of Toronto. Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, of Ontario.
OFFICE—One door north of new Bank of Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment only.

G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110

Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday evening of each month at 8 o'clock.
GEO. E. MORROW,
Rec. Secretary.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY
No. 505

Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Monday in each month.
THOS. MONTGOMERY, Jr.,
W. Preceptor.
THOS. DONNAN, Registrar.

PERSONALS.

Rev. F. A. Robinson is in Toronto for a few days.

Dr. C. F. and Mrs. Walt are in Toronto this week.

Mrs. W. E. Joyce is visiting relatives in Gananoque.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. McKee are in Toronto this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Sarles spent a few days in Toronto.

Miss Lizzie Downs of Sine is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Chas. Martin spent last week with relatives at Cobourg.

Miss Lizzie Joyce spent the past two weeks in Rochester, N.Y.

Mr. J. L. Ashley is a visitor at the Toronto exhibition this week.

Mr. Chas. Scott and Mrs. J. Carr are spending this week in Toronto.

Miss Annie Green is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Calder in Buffalo, N.Y.

Mr. Jas. Currie spent last week with relatives in Oshawa and vicinity.

Mrs. Louis Airhart and children are spending the week in Campbellford.

Mrs. Wm. McCann is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Hutcheson in Toronto.

Miss Lula Smith of Enniskillen is a guest of her cousins, the Misses Currie.

Mr. Arthur Moore took advantage of the holiday and took a flying trip to Hamilton.

Mr. Harry S. Black of Montreal spent Labor Day with his mother, Mrs. John S. Black.

Mrs. (Dr.) Ross and little son of Kingston are visiting her mother, Mrs. F. B. Parker.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ferguson of New York are visiting his mother, Mrs. H. S. Ferguson.

Miss Maggie Kingston, Toronto, is home visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kingston.

Mr. Arthur Anderson was home for a few days from the Ontario Business College, Belleville.

Messrs. D. F. Bissonnette and R. Glassford of Kingston spent Sunday at the former's home here.

Miss Hazel Reynolds has been engaged to teach in the school at Thanet, and left last Tuesday morning.

Mr. Lawton O. Dickson of Montreal spent the week-end at Mrs. J. S. Black's, the guest of Mr. John M. Black.

Misses Bessie Ward and Charlotte Tulloch were home from Ontario Business College, Belleville, for Labor Day.

Mrs. W. G. Clarke and daughters, Nora and Dorothy, of Port Hope were guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Thrasher last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Roy and Miss Smythe of Ingersoll spent the past week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Roy.

Mrs. W. J. Reynolds left last Thursday morning on an extended visit to her sons, Arthur and Percy in Windsor and Detroit.

Miss Edith McCann, who is spending the summer with relatives in Bay City and Saginaw is this week attending the State Fair at Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Ferguson of New York left last Wednesday morning for that place in their auto, after several weeks' visit with Mrs. H. S. Ferguson

Mr. R. D. McComb, of the Bank of Montreal staff, spent Sunday and Monday in Hamilton. Mr. McComb has a poor opinion of the Hamilton Street Railway service.

Mr. T. Hume Bissonnette, who has been in Kingston for the past month, left this week for Stratford where he has been engaged on the teaching staff of the High School for the month of September.

Miss Della Caldwell attended the millinery openings at Toronto last week. Miss McQueen of Stayner has been engaged as milliner with Miss Caldwell, who succeeds Mrs. F. Martin in that business here.

Fall Fairs

STIRLING	Sept. 23, 24
Madoc	" 13, 14
Napanee	" 14, 15
Marmora	" 20, 21
Shannonville	" 25
Tweed	" 29, 30
Campbellford	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Bancroft	" "
Roblin's Mills	Oct. 1, 2
Warkworth	" 7, 8
Norwood	Oct. 12, 13

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is to-day the best known medicine in use for the relief and cure of bowel complaints. It cures griping, diarrhoea, dysentery, and should be taken at the first unnatural looseness of the bowels. It is equally valuable for children and adults. It always cures. Sold by all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 7c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.
Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST.	GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex...6.03 a.m.	Passenger. 10.27 a.m
Passenger...6.45 p.m.	Mail & Ex. 3.41 p.m

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 9, 1909.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Some correspondence and other matter is unavoidably crowded out of this issue.

A new roof of steel shingles is being put on the Methodist church. Messrs. McGee & Lagrow have the contract.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. M. S. of the Methodist church will be held in the Sunday School room on Tuesday afternoon next at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. Visitors welcome.

Mr. Geo. E. Green met with an accident last week while fixing a fence on his farm, by which the small bone of one leg was broken. The accident was caused by the slipping of a crowbar, which struck his leg.

Just two weeks from to-day is the date of Stirling's annual Fair—Thursday and Friday, Sept. 23 and 24. The officers and directors of the Agricultural Society are sparing no pains to keep this event up to the usual standard.

Sidney Baptist church, Turner's settlement, will hold a festival on the evening of Wednesday next, Sept. 15th. A program of addresses, music and recitations will be given, and refreshments served from six o'clock. See posters.

St. Andrew's Sabbath School held its annual picnic at Oak Lake on Tuesday of last week. Three 'busses conveyed the happy party to the beautiful little lake, and games, races, and boating passed the afternoon and evening hours very pleasantly away.

During the months of July and August the morning service in the Methodist church was held at 11 o'clock. Beginning with next Sunday this service will be held at 10.30 as formerly, and Sunday School at 2.30 p.m., instead of at 9.45 a.m.

The Rev. J. E. Smith of Menie preached in St. Andrew's church on Sunday evening and presided over a congregational meeting at the close of the regular service. Mr. Robinson took the service at Burnbrae and told the story of the Kootenay evangelistic campaign.

A brass altar railing is being placed on the pulpit platform of St. Andrew's church by the widow of the late Thomas Montgomery, in memory of the departed, who took great interest in all the work of the church, although for years he was physically unable to attend any of its services.

We are pleased to note that Miss Winnie Phelps, who wrote on the Honor and Scholarship examination of Toronto University, passed successfully in all the subjects. Mr. Arthur Phelps, Miss Winnie, and Miss Ella Brown are leaving in about three weeks to attend Toronto University.

An alarm of fire was given about 11 o'clock on Tuesday forenoon, when a barn belonging to Mr. Wm. Gould, at the south side of the village, was totally destroyed. The fire had made such headway before the alarm was given that it was deemed useless to take out the fire engine, as by the time the fire brigade and engine were in readiness the barn was nearly consumed.

Persons living along and contiguous to the Stirling–Marmora stage route should avail themselves of the privilege of having a rural mail. This can be obtained by signing a petition to take a Government mail box, costing $3.00, in which the mail will be deposited daily without any further cost. Petition forms and information can be obtained from Valentine Green or H. R. Laird, Springbrook.

The fourteenth annual convention of the Stirling, Rawdon and Marmora Sabbath School Association will be held at Rylestone church, con. 11, Rawdon, near Seymour town line, on Wednesday next, Sept. 15th. There will be three sessions, morning at 10 o'clock, afternoon at 2.30, and evening at 7.30. A good program has been arranged for the occasion. Addresses will be given by Revs. F. A. Robinson, W. H. Clarke, J. E. Smith, and others.

During the past week poles have been erected throughout the village by the Seymour Power and Electric Co. for transmission of light and power for this place. While these poles detract from the appearance of the streets, their erection is welcomed by the citizens, who are anxiously awaiting the advent of street lights. We publish this week the by-law containing the agreement between the village and the Company, which is to be voted on on Saturday, Sept. 25th.

Stirling Cheese Board

At the meeting of the Board on Aug. 31st 850 boxes were boarded. Free took 300 at 11 7/16c., and Cook & Son 420 at 11¾c. and 35 at 11 5/16c. Balance unsold.

At the Board on Tuesday last 765 boxes were offered. The sales were 610 at 11¾c. and 155 at 11 5/16c.

Morrison--Thrasher

At the Methodist parsonage, Stirling, on Wednesday, Sept. 8th, a very pretty wedding took place at high noon, when Rev. H. L. Phelps united Mr. John R. Morrison of Menie, and Miss Ethel Thrasher of Sine.

Never a more charming bride was seen than on this occasion, as she appeared on the arm of her brother, Mr. Roy Thrasher, who gave her away. The bridal gown was of white silk, in princess style, and the beautiful shower bouquet was of cream roses and lilies of the valley. Miss Edith Thrasher, a sister, attended the bride, and was also attired in white silk, and carried a bouquet of pink roses and lilies of the valley. Mr. Jas. H. Smith of Campbellford supported the groom. Miss Mabel G. Reid of Madoc played Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bridal party took their places.

About fifty guests were present, and after the ceremony and the offering of congratulations all repaired to Mrs. T. A. Eggleton's restaurant, where a very recherche lunch was served.

The gifts were beautiful and numerous, showing the high esteem in which the bride and groom are held by a large circle of acquaintances. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold brooch set with pearls, and to the bridesmaid a gold brooch set with pearls and brilliants.

The bridal party left on the 3.40 p.m. train for Toronto and other western points, the bride travelling in a suit of navy blue chiffon cloth, with hat to match. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Morrison will reside at Burnbrae.

McGee--Gordon

A quiet but pretty wedding took place at 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening, Sept. 1st, at St. Andrew's manse, Belleville, when Mr. Thos. McGee of Stirling was married to Miss Blanche, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gordon of Belleville. Rev. R. S. Laidlaw, pastor of St. Andrew's, was the officiating minister. Miss Kate McGee, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid, and Mr. John Green, cousin of the bride, was best man. The happy pair left for a brief visit to the west.

Presbyterian Church Affairs

By an oversight we neglected to mention in our last issue the re-opening of St. Andrew's church on Sunday, Aug. 22nd. For several weeks previous to that date the church auditorium had been in the hands of painters working for C. B. Scantlebury, the church decorator from Belleville, and the congregation had been using the town hall for Sunday services. The ladies of the congregation had also been busy and placed a new carpet upon the floor, and the auditorium is now one of the most beautiful in this part of Ontario. The morning service was conducted by Rev. J. G. Shearer, D.D., Secretary of the Assembly's Committee on Moral and Social Reform and Evangelism. The pastor took charge of the evening service, and addresses of congratulation and appreciation were given by Dr. Shearer and Rev. J. E. Smith, B. D., Moderator of Kingston Presbytery. The voluntary contributions of the day towards the payment of the decorating expenses were large, and we understand that sufficient has been paid in to almost completely meet this outlay.

The report in the Toronto papers on Sept. 1st of the appointment of Rev. F. A. Robinson, B. A., of St. Andrew's church, Stirling, to the position of Assistant Secretary to Dr. Shearer, to have charge of the Evangelism part of the work of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, was very unwelcome news in Stirling. Upon Mr. Robinson's announcement at the Bible hour that evening that in view of the unanimous and very urgent desire of the Committee to have him assume the duties of the new office on October 1st, and his acceptance of the appointment, he would be able to attend the Bible hour here only once more, on the 15th inst., the evidences of sorrow were many and touching.

On Sunday evening Rev. J. E. Smith, on behalf of the Presbytery of Kingston asked and obtained the consent of the acceptance of Mr. Robinson's resignation, and the appointment of delegates to the meeting of the Presbytery on Tuesday, Sept. 7. Messrs. F. T. Ward, Wm. Meiklejohn, J. D. Bissonnette, T. H. Matthews and Alex. B. Fargey were appointed to attend the meeting.

At the meeting of Presbytery the delegation bore testimony of the love and confidence of the congregation for and in Mr. Robinson, and told of the sincere regrets at his approaching departure. His fellow Presbyters spoke in terms of affection and sympathy; and at Mr. Robinson's request his pastorate here will end on the 19th inst.

At the same meeting the translation of Rev. R. S. Laidlaw from St. Andrew's church Belleville to St. Paul's church, Brandon, was granted.

Let us go up and see our Marmora friends on Tuesday, Sept. 21st. They will all be out at the fair to see the big horse races.

The Council have let contracts to Messrs. W. U. Graine and P. Conley for the building of three concrete underground water tanks for fire protection. An excavation for one has been completed near the residence of Mr. W. J. Spry, on Emily street. It is expected that the contract for a fourth tank will be let shortly.

German official statistics for the second quarter of 1909 show that 1,510 dogs have been slaughtered for food under government inspection, and 29,785 horses.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Sold by all dealers.

Harold

(Received last week)

Mr. Wilbert Harris left on Friday for the West.

Mrs. McNorton has been visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. A. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Bullard of Detroit, Mich., spent last week at Mr. Jas. Bailey's.

A number of our farmers are building silos in which to preserve their corn.

Master Willie Bailey has recovered from his serious illness.

Mrs. Poole of Madoc is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. McGuire.

The Misses Bailey are visiting friends in Sidney and Belleville.

Master Elliott West has returned home after spending his vacation in Madoc.

Mrs. Thos. Cook and daughter, Mrs. Moore of Rochester, are guests at Mr. J. R. Cook's.

Miss Maida Lloyd is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Kyle, Stirling.

A few from here took in the excursion to Massassaga last week and enjoyed the day.

Those who attended the lawn social at St. Thomas' report a good crowd, a good supper and a good time.

The next proposed world's fair is one in 1915 to celebrate the completion of the Panama Canal.

"Can be depended upon" is an expression we all like to hear, and when it is used in connection with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy it means that it never fails to cure diarrhoea dysentery or bowel complaints. It is pleasant to take and equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by all dealers.

Auction Sale

SATURDAY, SEPT. 18.—At the premises of Mrs. Jas. Juby, Front street, Stirling, a quantity of household furniture. Sale at 1.30 p.m. sharp. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

Births

BELL—In Stirling, on Sept. 6th, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Bell, a son.

MCGRATH—In Sidney, on Sept. 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McGrath, a daughter.

Married

GREEN—QUACKENBUSH—At Spring Brook, at the home of the bride's father, Mr. Peter Quackenbush, on Aug. 27th, by Rev. J. E. Moore, Ph.B., Miss Mary E. Quackenbush to Mr. Wm. E. Green of Spring Brook.

MORRISON—THRASHER—At the Methodist parsonage, Stirling, on Wednesday, Sept. 8th, by Rev. H. L. Phelps, John R. Morrison of Menie and Miss Ethel Thrasher of Sine.

EGGLETON—BEDELL—At the Methodist parsonage, Hartney, Man., on August 18th, by Rev. John J. Thorn, Mr. Wilbert Eggleton of Killarney to Miss Grace I., eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Bedell of Minto, Ont.

NEAL—HEATH—On Aug. 25th, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Thos. C. Neal of Marmora, by Rev. C. M. Harris, Anna Laura Neal to Everett Heath of Rawdon.

Deaths

HUNTER—At Smiths Falls, Sept. 3, Etta Isabel Hunter, wife of B. F. Moag, and niece of Mrs. Wm. Montgomery and Mrs. Zwick, aged 27 years.

MCGEE—In Rawdon, on Sept. 6th, Isabella, wife of Mr. Samuel McGee, aged 73 years and 4 months.

Seed Wheat

I have a quantity of Seed Wheat for sale, the "Dawson's Golden Chaff," which I will sell at $1.25 per bushel.
H. HAMMOND,
Hoard's Station, Ont.

Apples Wanted

Highest cash price paid for good peeling Apples at the Evaporator, Stirling.
E. R. COLE
50-6 R. J. GRAHAM,

VOTERS' LIST, 1909

Municipality of the Village of Stirling, County of Hastings

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of the Voters' List Act, the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered, of the list made pursuant to the said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly, and at Municipal Elections, and that said list was first posted up in my office at Stirling on the 21st day of August, 1909, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said List, and if any omissions or other errors are found therein to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

G. G. THRASHER,
Clerk of the said Municipality.
Dated this 21st day of August, 1909.

BREAD, CAKES and PASTRY

THIS is the home of *choice Bread, Cakes and Pastry.* :: :: ::

OUR PASTRY

Has a wide reputation. Try our Home-made Cakes, Fruit Cakes, plain cherry and almond iced.

Bananas, Oranges and choice Confectionery always in stock.

W. E. JOYCE

LUMBER!

Lath and Shingles

Lehigh Cement

Hard and Soft COAL
WHOLESALE
THE SCHUSTER CO., Ltd.
Belleville, Ont.
Write or Phone us.

New Masonic Hall

Is now available for social and other engagements. For particulars of rental, etc., see DR. WALT.

...One Price to All...

ANDERSON'S STORE NEWS

NEW DRESS GOODS
We have just placed in stock all the new shades.....
.....from 50c. per yard up

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS
To match the new shades .....from 25c. per yard up

NEW ALLOVER NETS
36 to 44 inches wide..... ....35c. to $1.25 per yard

New Jet Buttons

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING
SUITS ODD PANTS
LUSTRE COATS ODD VESTS
And a full stock of the best makes of
OVERALLS —:— All Sizes

Special Sale of White Muslin Blouses
Come early and see if we have your size.
HALF PRICE:
50c. Blouses.....for 25c.
75c. " .....for 38c.
$1.00 " .....for 50c.
$1.50 " .....for 75c.
$2.25 " .....for $1.13

GROCERY SPECIAL for Saturday:
Patterson's 3-lb. Sodas.....for 25c.
Bananas, extra good.....20 cts. dozen

G. W. ANDERSON

NEW SHOES
AT THE PARLOR SHOE STORE
Our New Fall Shoes are arriving daily.

The success of our trade in Ladies' and Men's Fine Shoes is remarkable enough to boast about. With the whole market before us, we have selected with scrupulous care such makes as we could thoroughly recommend, and in all our experience we never remember any styles and values as we are showing now in—

McPHERSON and EMPRESS SHOES

Which are easily the most satisfying we have ever sold for the money. They represent new and attractive styles, conscientiously made from high-class materials, and combining all the fine points of custom work at half the cost. We want you to see for yourself how good they really are.

...School Shoes...

This is the time of year you need new shoes for the Children. We have taken great care in selecting the best on the market and are confident that we can satisfy you as regards style, price and quality.

SPECIAL—Men's French Calf Bluchers, guaranteed.....$3.50
Other lines from.....$1.25 up

We are leaders in Hand-made Work.
Repairing promptly attended to.

J. W. BROWN
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for goods.

THE SUPERIOR
JEWEL FURNACES

Are constructed on scientific principles under the direction of experienced men who have made a study of heating.

They are made of the very best material and are all perfect in construction and workmanship as practical experience and skill can make them. Every modern improvement is adapted.

They give satisfaction and stand the test.
Every furnace is fully guaranteed.
Estimates for installation cheerfully furnished.

'Phone 25. **McGEE & LAGROW**

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.
Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the
General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada
Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to
MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling.
Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

GRADUATES OF
THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE
Hold the BEST POSITIONS because of their thorough and practical training.
OUR COURSES
Warrant sure advancement in business life. For Catalogue address
BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE
Ltd., Box B, Belleville, Ont.
F. E. O'FLYNN, B.A., Man. Dir.

Farm for Sale

Parts of Lots Nos. 11 and 12 in the 3rd Con. of the township of Rawdon, containing 100 acres, more or less situated on the Marmora Gravel Road, about two miles north of Stirling. The farm is in a high state of cultivation. Good dwelling, suitable for two families. Good barns and other outbuildings, and good bearing orchards. Will sell on easy terms.
For further particlars apply to
WM. H. FANNING,
Wellman's Corners
or to G. G. THRASHER, Stirling

THE NOX TASTELESS LIQUOR, DRUG AND TOBACCO CURE

We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial has been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family.

We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER XX.—(Cont'd)

The evidence of the quer little expert had been listened to throughout with almost breathless attention, and now, as he concluded and trotted with an air of intense satisfaction back to his seat, the reaction resulted in considerable excitement.

This elicited an authoritative command for "order" and "silence." At the same time the attitude of the audience in connection with the prisoner had been emphatically expressed. A moment later Mr. Lyttleton arose and remarked:

"To corroborate what the last witness has stated I will call Ellen Carson."

John Hubbard nervously mopped his moist face with his handkerchief and shot an apprehensive glance at the young girl who mounted the witness-stand with a rather timid step.

But in spite of her evident shrinking from the ordeal before her, her square chin was settled well back, with an air of determination, and her eyes gleamed with a resolute fire which boded ill for the cause of those against whom she was about to testify.

By adroit questions from Mr. Lyttleton the story of her life was effectively drawn from her, and in a way to make Mrs. Adam Brewster, alias Mrs. Alan Brown, cringe and shiver under a lash.

When the girl told how she had crept under the old-fashioned sofa, where she had listened to the conversation between her aunt and John Hubbard, repeating in substance what they had said, there was another sensation among the audience, and the woman felt that her doom was sealed.

"I have but one more witness to call, your honor," Mr. Lyttleton remarked as Ellen was deleased, whereupon Gerald sprang to his feet and disappeared through a door at the rear of the court-room.

He presently returned, accompanied by a black-robed figure, whom he conducted directly to the stand.

The moment the newcomer turned her face to the audience a half-stifled cry of despair burst from John Hubbard's lips.

"Great heavens!" he breathed, and for a moment his counsel feared he would fall in a faint.

"The witness is Miss Allison Brewster, your honor, and I think she has something to tell the court which will be important as well as interesting," Mr. Lyttleton observed as calmly as if he were making an unimportant, matter-of-fact statement.

This announcement created no little excitement. Even the judge was betrayed into a look of undisguised astonishment, for although he had not presided at the previous trial, he had been deeply interested in it, and had believed Allison, as reported, to have been a victim in that fatal railroad disaster.

"Miss Brewster," said Mr. Lyttleton, after she had been sworn, "will you state when, where, and under what circumstances you last saw the prisoner, Mr. John Hubbard?"

He gave her an encouraging smile as he spoke, and Allison briefly related the substance of the conversation which had occurred between herself and her guardian on that day in Newport when he had tried to drive her into a marriage with him, when, upon her rejection of his suit, he had revealed to her the fact that she was not Mr. Brewster's child, that another heir claimed the property which had been willed to her, and then boasted of his intention to marry this claimant, and thus accomplish the purpose he had in view in seeking to marry her. She told how, frightened and almost in despair, she had fled from her home with the intention of seeking the protection of her cousin, Mr. Charles Manning, and appealing to him to help her in her trouble, and thus she had fallen a victim to the accident which had very nearly proved her death. She also explained how and by whom she had been rescued, and why she had remained in obscurity for so long.

Mr. Lyttleton knew just how to draw all this out most effectively, and when she concluded there was hardly a person in the room who did not believe that her former guardian was one of the greatest scoundrels alive.

As Gerald attended his betrothed to a seat, the lawyer simply observed:

"Your honor, we rest the case here."

We cannot follow step by step the rebutting evidence, but John Hubbard and his counsel desperately fought every inch of ground, and made a far better showing than any one would have believed possible by their tricks and quibbles and evasions.

Three whole days were occupied in questioning their witnesses in the cross-examination of both sides and the legal squabbles over various points of law. The judge summed up the case clearly and logically, after which the jury retired and the occupants of the court-room schooled themselves to what patience they could to await the return of a verdict.

It was evident that neither John Hubbard nor his accomplice looked forward with much hope of an acquittal, for an air of unmistakable dejection had settled upon both. The former appeared twenty years older than when he entered the court-room three days previous. Allison's unexpected appearance had almost paralyzed him, while the amazing revelations regarding Gerald had aroused all the vindictiveness of his nature.

It was simply maddening to have the tables so cleverly turned upon him, to know that the magnificent fortune which he had coveted and schemed for, which, indeed, had already been within his grasp, would now drop, like a ripe plum, into the hands of his "beggar" rival, whom he had always hated from the depths of his evil heart.

The jury was absent only half an hour, and this fact, of itself, was sufficient to destroy the last ray of hope for the prisoners, even before the verdict was rendered.

When the foreman was called upon to voice the decision of the jury, he promptly responded:

"Guilty, your honor—the female accomplice recommended to mercy."

A despairing, though smothered cry from a veiled figure in one corner of the room followed this declaration. Mrs. Adam Brown threw up her hands in despair, and fainted away, while John Hubbard's head dropped heavily upon his breast.

Sentence was then pronounced. The forger was doomed to twenty years hard labor in State's prison; Louisa Brown to one year in the woman's reformatory.

CHAPTER XXI.

The great Brewster case, with which so much of romance and thrilling interest were associated, had created no little excitement in New York, especially among the people who had intimately known the late banker and his family.

The revival of the previous trial, the supposed death of Allison, her subsequent rescue by Mr. Lyman, and her unfortunate condition for many months following, the remarkable discoveries in connection with Gerald, who had once been a poor office-boy in his unknown father's employ, together with the report that the newly discovered heir had long been betrothed to the fair girl who had so strangely lost, and now, through her lover, regained her fortune, all proved to be most delicious morsels of gossip, and so the usual "nine days' wonder" far outlived, in this instance, its proverbially alloted time.

When it was known that Allison was under the chaperonage of Lady Bromley, her many society friends began to flock around her to tender her their congratulations and good wishes.

Gerald, of course, also received his proportionate share of attention and it was with no small amount of pride that Allison introduced her fiance to her fashionable acquaintances.

Thus, since the young man would henceforth figure conspicuously in New York circles, both in a business and social way, and being not only personally but intellectually attractive, he was at once warmly welcomed within the charmed circle.

"What are you going to do with yourself now, my lucky young millionaire?" Mr. Lyttleton inquired of his successful client a few days after the close of the trial.

"Do?" repeated our hero, looking somewhat surprised at the question. "Why, I am going to keep on doing just what I have been doing."

Mr. Lyttleton laughed out heartily at this reply.

"Well, that is rich," he exclaimed. "I don't believe you half-realize your position if you are content to plod along in my service as a common clerk with a salary of twelve hundred dollars a year! Not but that what I should be very glad to keep you," he continued with a friendly glance at the fine, thoughtful face before him, "but I am afraid it would hardly be considered the proper thing for a young man of your present standing."

"But I am very certain that I am not going to live an idle life," Gerald spiritedly returned. "And I am sure I have enjoyed my work with you very much, Mr. Lyttleton."

"Thank you, my boy," said his friend earnestly. "It won't do, however, and you'll have plenty of employment for a while, at least, in looking after your estate and learning how to handle it."

"I am pretty sure that will not be a very difficult task, for whatever John Hubbard may have been, morally speaking, he was certainly a fine business man—shrewd and practical. Everything was systematically managed, and I am confident, since he expected to reap the fruits of my father's labors, he could not have swerved from his habitual methods."

And Gerald proved to be a true prophet in this respect, for the man, having planned a long holiday for himself, had arranged all business with a view to having as little trouble as possible in connection with matters pertaining to his income, and so everything was found to be in the best possible order.

"Well, I have a proposition to make to you," Mr. Lyttleton resumed. "Of course, you are at liberty to act your own pleasure; but, having had a wide experience in life, I am going to presume upon it and give you a little sound advice."

"It will be very acceptable, sir," said Gerald, smiling.

"You say you are not going to live an idle life," his friend observed. "That is a wise resolve, and I would propose that you give a year or two to earnest and thorough preparation for the bar. You have just the head for law, and with your stern adherence to principle, your high standard of right and justice, you would make a lawyer to honor the profession. I tell you, Gerald, the bar is sadly in need of men who will not violate their conscience and sell themselves for gold. We often hear it said that 'there is no justice in law,' and it is, to some extent, true; though I blush to own it, the tricks, the falsehood, the bribery, and greed that are often employed in the practise are a disgrace to the profession. If we could have a few generations of honest men, the tricksters would be wiped out, as there would be some hope that 'justice' would be something besides a byword and mockery. But, pardon me," said the lawyer, suddenly rousing. "I had no intention of reading you such a homily when I began."

"What you have said is but true," Gerald gravely replied. "Good men and true are sadly needed in the practise of the law. It is hard work, up-hill work, though, fighting against the tide; still, I do not know of any other profession that I would prefer. I know of no one more capable of coaching me than yourself, and I would like to pursue my studies with you the same as I have been doing during the last year, though, perhaps, giving more time to them; while the practical experience which I would gain in working up cases with you would be of great benefit to me—that is, if you can spare the time and have the inclination to retain me under such conditions."

"Why, my dear boy, nothing would give me greater pleasure than to have you remain with me, and I subscribe to the arrangement with all my heart," responded his friend earnestly.

"Then it stands," was the smiling reply, "with this proviso, however, that you let me help you through with Lady Bromley's case. I have become so interested in it I want to see the end of it. I will promise to work faithfully in my studies at the same time."

"Well, I must confess, Gerald, that proviso takes a load o ffmy heart," said Mr. Lyttleton, with an unmistakable sigh of relief. It would really be a great trial to be obliged to initiate a green hand into all the intricacies of that case, which, between you and me, I am beginning to fear we are likely to lose."

"Ah!" exclaimed his companion, looking disturbed. "Are there any new adverse developments?"

"No; but that bulldog tenacity and English conservatism will, I am afraid, eventually freeze me out. I'm going to make one more desperate effort, however, to bring matters to a crisis, and, in order to do that, I think we shall have to take another sail across the great pond before very long. What do you say, Gerald," he interposed with sudden energy, "to having a nice little wedding beforehand, and giving the bride the usual European trip? It would fix matters very nicely for you and Allison, and be exceedingly pleasant for us all."

"I think it would be an excellent arrangement," eagerly replied Gerald, "and I will propose it immediately."

(To be continued)

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Interesting Gossip About Some Prominent People.

Sir Samuel Black, town clerk of Belfast, Ireland, who has just retired on a pension of $10,000 a year, enjoyed the distinction of being one of the highest paid public officials in the three kingdoms—his salary was $15,000 a year—while he was also the oldest town clerk in Ireland.

The private secretary to the Princess of Wales is the Duke of Bronte, who was comptroller to the household of her mother, the late Duchess of Teck. Besides being a novelist and engineer, the Duke is an ardent student of agriculture, and has been made a Knight Commander of the Order of the Crown of Italy for the services he has rendered to Italian agriculture.

Many stories are told of Lord Charles Beresford's younger days, and one of the best relates to an invitation to dinner which he received from an old college friend. For some reason or other Lord Charles was unable to keep the appointment, and at the last moment his waiting host received from him a telegram. "Sorry cannot come," it read. "Lie follows to-morrow."

His Majesty alone knows what the King would do without Lord Knollys. He performs his duties ideally, constituting himself the memory and sometimes the conscience of the King. Lord Knollys opens King Edward's letters, sees all his telegrams, attends to all his dispatches, and organizes with mathematical accuracy the hours of his Majesty's audiences. He sends out pounds' worth of telegrams every year, and opens an average of 500 letters a day. He attends to all the King's annual subscriptions, which, chiefly in guineas and five-pound notes, run into several thousand pounds a year.

"Aunt Knollys" is the familiar name by which Miss Charlotte Knollys, whose indisposition has been causing some anxiety of late, is known to the younger members of the Royal Family. To the Queen and her daughters she is known as "Chatty." For over forty-five years Miss Knollys has been a Woman of the Bedchamber to Queen Alexandra, having taken that position immediately after the marriage of the then Prince and Princess of Wales. Her brother, Lord Knollys, is private secretary to the King, while another brother acts in a similar capacity for Queen Maud of Norway.

The Crown Princess of Germany is a great leader of fashion and has herself started many novel customs, one of the most popular being her habit of carrying a long, dainty walking-stick whenever she goes out. It usually has a gold top and is ornamented with a colored silken bow, and the fashion has caught on greatly among fashionable Berliners. The Princess has a large collection of such sticks, all ornamented in a different way, and she is able to select one to suit any costume she may be wearing. One very handsome stick is mauve-colored, and bears her initials in rubies.

The man who has created a new naval standard by designing Dreadnoughts is Mr. John Harper Narbeth, a naval architect employed in the construction department of the Admiralty. Mr. Narbeth began life as a shipbuilding apprentice at Pembroke Dock, and ultimately joined the designing staff at the Admiralty. When the plans of the Dreadnought were first submitted, they did not capture the fancy of the Lords of the Admiralty. Afterwards, however, the merits of the design were recognized. When not busy over his plans at Whitehall, Mr. Narbeth is to be found at Wandsworth Common, where for many years he has made his home.

Left fatherless when he was three years of age, and his mother unable, through lack of means, to pay for any better education than that offered by the State schools, Sir Joseph Ward, Premier of New Zealand, who was responsible for that colony's magnificent offer of a Dreadnought, was considerably handicapped in the early days of his career. When he was twenty-one he started a business of his own after trying various occupations, and nine years later he entered the New Zealand Parliament. He is one of the fastest speakers in the world, his delivery often reaching 300 words a minute, and rarely falling below 200. In his younger days he was a keen athlete, but contents himself now-a-days with sea fishing.

LUCK IN THE HORSESHOE.

Myth is Traced to the Greeks and Their Sea God Poseidon.

Of all the emblems for good fortune the horseshoe stands among the first. Everybody knows it is unlucky to pass a horseshoe on the road without picking it up. It is a luck emblem of the greatest power. Again we are indebted for this statement to old tales, centuries in age, that have descended from father to son, from mother to daughter, through the years, says the Team Owner's Gazette.

The old myths repay research. The luck of the horseshoe has a most respectable beginning. It is traced to the religion of the old Greeks and their sea god Poseidon, who was identical with the Roman sea god Neptune.

To Poseidon horses were sacred, and to him they were sacrificed. Poseidon was believed to have created the first horse when he struck the ground with his trident and a horse sprang from the hole, which afterward became a spring. The sea god was the lord of springs. To him all springs were ascribed. In the shape of a horse he sometimes wandered by the shores of his ocean domain, and where he struck his hoofs deeply there the waters gushed out and permanent springs were found.

This is the reason why horseshoes are reckoned lucky. Going to the root of the matter one sees a nature myth as the root principle. From the sea all rain comes and to the sea all springs owe primal origin, and to the rain and the fresh waters, sea derived, we owe all fertility on earth.

The old Greeks therefore worshipped Poseidon as the fortune giver through his springs. They gave him horses, his precious beasts, and they adored the footprints of horses when they found them, for they might be the very footprints of the god himself.

When horses came to be shod the transition of the luck emblem from the footprint itself to the shoe mark—practically the same thing—was easy.

Pegasus, the winged horses, from whose hoofs the water springs gushed copiously when he came to earth, has been credited with the origin of the horseshoe luck:

The horseshoe was the specific against earthquakes. It would keep a house safe from harm by earth shaking. Again one perceives the sea myth—Poseidon was the shaker of the earth.

BID AGAINST HIMSELF.

When Sir Donald Currie Was Caught Napping.

As a boy of fourteen Sir Donald Currie, the late millionaire shipowner, commenced to earn his living as a barber's apprentice, ultimately entering the shipping office of a Greenock relative as a clerk. "Thorough" was his motto, and by doing everything that came in his way as well as he could he proved a valuable servant of the Cunard Line, before he struck out for himself. How he founded the famous Castle Line, and, amongst other ventures, made $2,500,000 out of the South African diamond fields—being one of the first to interest himself in these—is well known.

Sir Donald was fond of entertaining famous people on his ships, and as proud of their friendship as he was of his magnificent collection of pictures at 4, Hyde Park Place, London. Talking of art treasures reminds one of the manner in which Sir Donald was once caught napping. Among a quantity of furniture to be sold by auction on one occasion was a chair with the name, "Dunottar Castle," ornately carved upon it. He decided to purchase it, and instructed a commission agent to buy it at any cost.

The agent started the bidding at $25, and was surprised to hear another well-known dealer double his bid. "Seventy-five!" shouted the agent, while the audience began to grow interested, for the chair seemed comparatively valueless. "One hundred!" cried the dealer. "One hundred and fifty!" came the agent's answer. "Two hundred!" was the dealer's biting but practical reply.

And so the battle waged, until the audience was breathless, and the surprised auctioneer brought down his hammer for the third time on the closing bid of $3,350. A rumor went round that the secret of the keen competition lay in the fact that the woodwork was hollow and was filled with notes and Government securities. But this rumor, like most of its kind, was far from the truth.

The fact of the matter was that Sir Donald, forgetting that he had already commissioned one agent to purchase the chair for him, had instructed another, and the battle was equivalent to Sir Donald fighting himself.

GROWTH OF PLANT ROOTS.

Penetrate Potato and Narcissus Bulbs Boring Into Ice.

The penetrative power of growing plant roots is very remarkable.

Sometimes, for example, the root of a grass may be found growing right through the tuber of a potato or the bulb of a narcissus.

The radicle of germinating wheat, again, has been found boring its way into ice, while in other cases the roots of seedlings have been known to pierce through tinfoil.

Perhaps the most remarkable case on record of such penetrative power in plant roots is that given by G. Tornier in the transactions of a Berlin natural history society. In this case the underground stem or rhizome of a sedge has grown right through two eggs of a species of lizard.

Where the sedge enters and leaves the egg the shell has been dissolved away. The eggs were normal, and in one case a rootlet was growing into the mouth of the embryo.

A somewhat different example of the penetrative power of a plant is that given by M. Dangeard in the bulletin of the Botanical Society of France. In this case a diatom has acted as a knife and cut in two a species of protozoa. And it seems to have done this in virtue of its own motion, pushing through it as an icebreaker goes through the ice.

"Percy is getting used to public speaking, isn't he?" "Oh, yes. I remember when you could hardly get him to stand up, an' now you can hardly get him to sit down."

The Farm

CALF CHOLERA.

Calf cholera is characterized by an unnatural, increased action of the bowels, the trouble usually originating from some derangement of the digestive organs. Indigestion often results from inactivity of the bowels, improper feeding, or from being improperly housed.

The activity of the digestive organs can be greatly increased by properly exercising the animals and giving them plenty of fresh air and sunlight.

When the digestive organs cease to do their natural duty the calf is subject to diarrhoea or scours, which at this stage is not infectious but later on the germs may propogate and multiply, causing the animal to become afflicted with an infectious disease, which is commonly called scours in calves, but properly called calf cholera.

Calf cholera differs from diarrhoea in the full grown animal, taking the form of an infectious, intestinal catarrh which is of a far more serious nature than diarrhoea, usually appearing suddenly in young calves and in many instances causing death.

Owing to the fact that this is a germ disease, it is very important that the calf has none of the germs in its system before it is born and for this reason proper care and attention should be given the mother while she is pregnant.

When an animal is afflicted with the germs of this disease the rest of the herd should be protected against same by moving the healthy animals into new quarters and carefully disinfecting the stables wherein they are housed and giving each animal a laxative to rid the bowels of the irritating contents, after which it should be given calf -cholera medicine. The roots of tail and hind quarters should be thoroughly washed with a disinfectant.—Dr. David Roberts.

CURE FOR A KICKING COW.

To cure a kicking cow is often a difficult and tedious task, and, unless some method of restraining them from kicking is adopted more loss than profit may result through spilt milk. The person milking also runs considerable risk of injury in some form or other.

When the cause of kicking can only be assigned to vice or an acquired bad habit, the following little arrangement will be found useful, and, at the same time, simple, harmless, effective, inexpensive and easily applied. A strap about one inch wide should be buckled round each hing leg a little above the hock, sufficiently tight to compress the hamstring.

The animal cannot kick, and if flies are troublesome and cause her to switch her tail, the best plan is to either strap it to her leg or secure it to one of the straps with a piece of cord. Use the straps every time the animal is milked, and after three weeks or so omit, to ascertain whether a cure has been effected or not.—Irish Farming World.

HOGS AND ALFALFA.

As to th amount of pasturage or the number of hogs alfalfa will carry per acre without injury to the crop, the estimates given by farmers vary very considerable, depending on the kind of soil, the fertility of the land, and the size of the hogs' pasture. The following, however, is a safe estimate, as given by conservative men who have had much experience. Upland of fair average fertility will support from eight to ten head of the 50 to 125 pound hogs. There are fields that have supported 35 head per acre through the season for a number of years, and are still in good condition; and there are other fields that will not furnish pasture for more than five head per acre, but these are extremes. When a field is only used for pasture it is better to divide it into several lots and move the hogs from one to the other as occasion requires.—Coburn's Swine in America.

APPETITE OF THE RUSSIAN.

A newspaper describes the dinner given by a Russian naval officer to his brother officers. By way of an appetizer there were served salt fish, smoked salmon, imported herring, Bologna sausage, pickles, potato salad, vodka (Russian whisky), and Scotch whisky. An hour later the dinner proper began. A Russian vegetable soup, "of excellent savor, but unspellable and unpronounceable," was first served. Next came a whole baked salmon, "of regal dimensions," stuffed with brown cracked wheat. This was followed by an entire roast pig, whose "in'ards" were filled with vegetables. Next came a peculiar Russian pie of meat, fish and vegetables cut into slices and garnished with mustard. Then a Russian salad, and lastly dessert, the whole having been convoyed with champagne and liquors galore.

BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER.

More children die during the hot wether than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum, and stomach troubles come without warning, and when a medicine is not at hand to give prompt relief, the delay may prove fatal to the child. Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in every home where there are children during the hot weather months. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent deadly summer complaints, or cure them if they come unexpectedly. Mrs. O. Moreau, St. Tite, Que., says: "My baby suffered from a severe attack of cholera infantum, but after giving him Baby's Own Tablets the trouble disappeared, and he regained health splendidly." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

POSSIBILITIES OF RADIUM.

May Take the Place of Coal Some Day in the Future.

Radio-active are rain and snow. There seems little doubt that the radio activity of the air in certain cases has its origin in the soil. On the other hand it seems equally certain that solar protuberances and sun spots have a marked influence upon the amount of emanation present in the air, just as they are known to materially affect all other manifestations of atmospheric electricity

Radium emanation is the most intensely energetic chemical agent known. Of the highest significance are the facts brought to light by the study of radio-active phenomena with regard to the transmutation of elements which seems to accompany these manifestations. There is a wonderful perspective opened up should it at some future time become possible to cause the immediate and rapid disintegration of matter. Thus one gramme of radium would furnish an amount of heat equal to that derived from 325 tons of coal.

If we are faced with problems of the exhaustion of our natural resources, of the depletion of our coal mines, there is no means of gauging the possibilities which the future may hold in store and which may surprise the most extreme limits of our needs. The discovery of radium and the phenomena associated with it has revealed to us new truths of so fundamental a character that there is hardly any branch of science which has not in some way profited by the new knowledge.

MYSTERIOUS AIRSHIPS.

Folk Too Ready to Let Imagination Run Away With Them.

In 1709, which was quite seventy years before the first balloon ascent took place in England, a "flying ship" was said to have been seen in the sky above the Norfolk fens. Several people observed it at different times and places, and one enterprising individual even made a drawing of it, which was reproduced in one of the newspapers of that date.

Of course it may have been all imagination, or it was possibly a hoax. But the detailed descriptions of the aerial craft, coupled with the illustration, suggest at least the possibility that even in those distant days some enterprising individual or other had evolved an aeroplane of the now familiar box-kite type, and was experimenting with it under cover of darkness.

In 1810, again, what we should now designate a dirgible balloon, was reported to be hovering over Kent. It was said by those who professed to have observed it, "shaped like a monster sausage," and was guided apparently by means of wings, or sails, which stuck out before and behind. There is some reason to think that this may have been the machine with which a certain French aeronaut named Blanchard was experimenting about this period, and with which he certainly did, upon at least one occasion, cross the English Channel.

In this connection, too, it is worthy of notice that when the French Government airship La Patrie broke loose from her moorings in November, 1907, and was supposed to have been carried by the wind over England and the north of Ireland, scores of people either pretended, or really believed, that they had seen her in the clouds above localities where she could not possibly then have been, having regard to the direction of the prevailing air currents.

Which merely goes to prove that in this age, as in all others, there exist folk who are only too ready to let their imagination run away with them.

If you would know the giving of happiness try the happiness of giving.

YOUNG FOLKS

THE CHICKEN-RANCH.

It was an exciting time for Milo when the incubator came—almost as exciting as it was for mother, who had been wanting for a whole long year to try to raise some chickens. Father just laughed about it, but they did not change their minds. They both were sure that nothing could be so interesting as to see a flock of fluffy yellow balls chasing about in the pen that was going to be built. Milo had never seen any baby chicks in all his life, but he had heard about them till he was sure he would know one if he should meet it anywhere.

One day the whole lovely dream suddenly came true. Cowboy Jack and "Shorty" went away early that morning, and when they drove through the big gate that night they had brought incubator, brooder, lumber for the pens and coops, and—all done up in cotton, in little square compartments, inside bigger ones lined with cork, and fitting into strong cases—eggs! So many there were that Milo gave up trying to count, and jumped from "seventeen, eighteen," to "millions."

The incubator was very simple-looking, just a big box on legs, painted yellow, with its name across the top in black letters. Inside there was a square room, with a thermometer at one side, a wire rack across it half-way between its ceiling and its floor, which was not a floor at all, but just an ordinary piece of burlap tacked tight to all four walls. The rack did not reach quite to the door. There was an open space next the glass, as if the makers had not had quite enough wire to finish it properly. Then there was a lamp fastened on the outside, and a pipe to carry its heat into the square room, and that was all.

Mother took the book of directions telling all about how to do everything, and began to study. She almost forgot when it was time to put Milo to bed.

Of course there were lots of important things to do. Mother gave directions, Comboy Jack and Shorty carried them out, and Milo acted as overseer. But at last all was ready. The incubator lamp was lighted, the thermometer that hung inside was watched till the mercury reached the black arrow on its glass front, the precious eggs were laid on the wire rack, the glass door closed, and—the poultry-ranch had begun.

There was one thing Milo could do to hurry matters along. Mama turned the eggs every day, kept the lamp filled and trimmed and the ventilator just right.

Then things began to happen. The morning of that wonderful day mama and Milo put high stools in front of the incubator and sat down upon them. At first there was not much to be seen. Then a faint sound was heard, and an egg-shell broke in one wee spot, which presently grew a little larger. A bit of a white beak came in sight, and something said "Peep!" quite plain and loud. Milo almost fell off his stool at that, and mama clapped her hands. Slowly but surely that sharp little beak worked away, till the crack it made reached round the shell to the little hole where it began. Then a short rest, and then the chick, tired of its narrow bed, stretched its little buff cochin legs, and—snap!—two halves of shell fell apart, and out rolled the baby. It was very limp and dragged-looking, but its eyes were round and bright as jet beads, and it peeped as if it had been doing it for years.

Another rest, and then it began to look out of that glass door. Nearer and nearer it came, till suddenly it reached the place where there was not any wire, and down it went right into the burlap below, that was as soft and yielding as a hammock.

Of course by this time there were ever so many others at work, each one peeping its greeting to its brothers and sisters, and each one joining the first in the hammock as fast as it could manage it.

If Milo was disappointed in their looks at first he soon changed his mind, for inside of an hour the little fellows perked up, their yellow down fluffed out, their tiny wings fluttered, and their voices—why, the chorus they kept up was past belief.

Mama and Milo laughed, and cried, "Look there!" and "Only see that!" till it would have been hard to tell which was the happier. And of course papa and Nora and Cowboy Jack and Shorty and the fat cook and the twenty-seven other ranchmen and cowboys came for a glimpse. But mother and Milo sat on their stools the livelong day, with scarcely a rest for dinner; and when night came the wire rack was piled with empty shells, while the burlap hammock was full of plump little balls as soft as thistle-down. And by that time Milo understood that the men who had made the incubator knew how.

There is more to raising chickens than simply hatching them, to be sure, but at last accounts the buff cochins were doing so well that papa had entirely stopped laughing at them, and was taking great joy in planning a chicken-house with all modern improvements.—Youth's Companion.

Police Sergeant—Can you give me a description of the person who ran over you?

"Oi can that. He had on a fur coat an' an autymobile cap an' goggles."—Life.

A BURNING COAL MINE.

Eating Up Hundreds of Thousands of Tons of Coal.

One of the most extraordinary fires ever recorded in history is that of the burning coal-mine at Summit Hill, Pennsylvania. In 1858, fifty-one years ago, the fire began. Since that time it has smouldered steadily, eating up hundreds of thousands of tons of coal, and burning its way deep underground to a plot a mile west of Summit Hill. To-day an attempt, described by a writer in Popular Mechanics, is being made to extinguish it.

The shaft in which the fire began led into a mine that had been worked for many years. Lack of men and lack of means prevented a proper fighting of the danger when it started. In the early days of coal-mining much of the coal now regarded as valuable was considered worthless, and discarded as refuse. The enormous quantities of this discarded coal bountifully fed the hungry fire.

In 1862 the company attempted to make an open cut to block off the fire. After an excavation of two thousand feet had been made, the work, for some forgotten reason, was abandoned.

The next attempt was made sixteen years ago. Holes were sunk until cracks or open shafts were struck, and into these were poured refuse, water and wet clay, the purpose being to block the fire by a wall of incombustible material.

More than six hundred holes were sunk, and into these thousands of tons of "gob" were forced, some of the holes eating up as much as eight thousand tons of material. Several hundred thousand dollars were spent in this work, but the fire crept round the walls and continued to burn.

Now, however, expert engineers have devised a scheme which it is believed will finally check the conflagration, though at a cost of nearly a million dollars. Six shafts are being sunk into the earth across the path of the fire, the first being an open cut one hundred feet long by twelve feet wide. Three of the other shafts will be fifty feet long by twelve feet wide, and the remaining two will be twenty feet long by twelve wide. All are to be fifty feet apart, and they will be sunk to the coal vein, a distance of two hundred feet.

The coal will be removed from these shafts, and from the intervening spaces between them, a solid wall of concrete or clay, or both, being substituted for the coal. This wall will extend to the bottom of the vein in the valley, where water will complete the barrier.

HEROINE AT TWELVE.

At Freystrop, Pembrokeshire, England, a baby picked up an adder. Apparently regarding the reptile as a new toy the baby put it to her mouth, and the adder bit her in several places inside the lower lip. Her twelve-year-old sister shortly afterwards came upon the scene. Seeing the adder still in the baby's hand she realized the danger, destroyed the snake, and then sucked the poison from her sister's lips.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETARY

ISSUE NO. 37—09.

CONTAINS NO ANIMAL OIL OR FAT IS NOR ANY MINERAL
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"RUB IT IN"
CUTS · BRUISES · SORES · BURNS · PILES · PIMPLES · ECZEMA · RHEUMATISM · SCIATICA · BAD LEGS · SORE HEADS & BACKS · CHAPPED HANDS
UNEQUALLED FOR CRICKETERS, CYCLISTS, FOOTBALL PLAYERS & SPORTSMEN GENERALLY AS AN EMBROCATION.
For FALL RASHES For
When troubled with fall rashes, eczema, or any skin disease apply Zam-Buk!
Surprising how quickly it eases the smarting and stinging! Quickly cures bruises, cuts, burns, and chafing sores.
Zam-Buk is made from pure herbal essences. No animal fats—no mineral poisons. Finest healer!
Druggists and Stores everywhere.

STILL WORSE.

Mr. Dolan was looking anxiously around the kitchen. "Bridget," he said, after a while, "what did I do wid me hat?"

"Ye have it on y'r head, Mike," replied Mrs. Dolan.

"Begorra," said Mr. Dolan, "the nixt thing I'll be leaving me head in me hat!"

Ill fitting boots and shoes cause corns. Holloway's Corn Cure is the article to use. Get a bottle at once and cure your corns.

SAID UNCLE SILAS:

"Some wimmen spend about half their time tryin' to make themselves look somewhere near as good as a photographer can."

"Doctor," said the convalescent, smiling weakly, "you may send in your bill any day now." "Tut, tut!" replied the M.D., silencing his patient with a wave of his hand. "You're not strong enough yet."

MAKE A NOTE when you are leaving home to buy "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. Guaranteed to cure the worst case of backache, headache, stitches. Avoid the "just as good" goods. Get the genuine.

The visiting parson was giving Convict 45 consolation. "You should not complain, my misguided friend," he said; "it is better to take things as you find them." "Yer on the wrong track, parson," replied the prisoner. "It wer' practising that theory that got me nabbed."

If allowed to roam over your house those few innocent-looking house flies may cause a real tragedy any day, as they are known to be the principal agents for the spread of those deadly diseases, typhoid fever, diphtheria and smallpox. No other fly killer compares with Wilson's Fly Pads.

"My dear," said the professor's wife, "the hens have scratched up all that egg-plant seed you sowed." "Ah, jealousy!" mused the professor. And he sat down and wrote a twenty-page article on the "Development of Envy in the Minds of the Lower Grade of Bipeds."

A Benefactor to All.—The soldier, the sailor, the fisherman, the miner, the farmer, the mechanic, and all who live lives of toil and spend their existence in the dull routine of tedious tasks and who are exposed to injuries and ailments that those who toil not do not know, will find in Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil an excellent friend and benefactor in every time of need.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

It takes a lot of money to educate girls, and after they graduate very few of them are able to support a husband.

The Real Liver Pill.—A torpid liver means a disordered system, mental depression, lassitude and in the end, if care be not taken, a chronic state of debility. The very best medicine to arouse the liver to healthy action is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are compounded of purely vegetable substances of careful selection and no other pills have their fine qualities. They do not gripe or pain and they are agreeable to the most sensitive stomach.

SUSPICIOUS OF HIS OTHER.

"Ma!"

"Yes, precious."

"I'm a good boy these days, ain't I?"

"Yes, pet—you've been a very good boy since mother talked to you so seriously."

"And you trust me now, don't you, ma?"

"Yes, darling—implicitly."

"Then what do you keep the jam cupboard locked for now-a-days?"

Hub (during a quarrel)—"You talk like an idiot!" Wife—"I've got to talk so that you can understand me!"

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

HOT AIR AS A POLISHER.

The marvels of friction are infinite. The use of the sand-blast for polishing metals is quite a recent invention, and now it is followed by that of a blast of simple hot air. It is the velocity that gives the polishing power. The articles to be treated are placed in a basket in a centrifugal machine driven at a very high speed, and heated air is blown from a pipe through the basket. A high polish is thus produced very rapidly. Nickel-plated articles that have become tarnished are made bright in a few minutes. Wet metal, fresh from the bath, needs no preliminary drying, for the current of air dries and polishes at the same moment. It is only necessary to so pack the articles that the air reaches them on all sides.

It may be the only way to get a good look at heaven is to take a square look and a human one at the alleys of our cities.

Do It Now.—Disorders of the digestive appartus should be dealt with at once before complications arise that may be difficult to cope with. The surest remedy to this end and one that is within reach of all, is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, the best laxatave and sedative on the market. Do not delay, but try them now. One trial will convince anyone that they are the best stomach regulator that can be got.

"I am told, sir, that you said yesterday I ought to be placed in a lunatic asylum." "A base slander, my dear sir, I assure you. What I did say, and I like to be exact, was that the keepers should never have allowed you to escape."

After making a most careful study of the matter, U. S. Government scientists state definitely that the common house fly is the principal means of distributing typhoid fever, diphtheria and smallpox. Wilson's Fly Pads kill the flies and the disease germs, too.

Mr. B.—"There, I've let my cigar go out. Do you know that it spoils a cigar, no matter how good it is, if you allow it to go out?" Mrs. B.—"Yes, a cigar is a good deal like a man in that respect."

A CERTAIN METHOD for curing cramps, diarrhoea and dysentery is by using "Painkiller." This medicine has sustained the highest reputation for over 60 years. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis'—25c. and 50c.

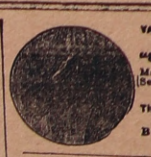
Blobbs—"You're pretty much gone on Miss Hobbs, aren't you, old man?" Hobbs—"I was once. But after what she said to me last night I'm not going to pay any more attention to her." Blobbs—"What did she say?" Hobbs—"No!"

Through indiscretion in eating green fruit in summer many children become subject to cholera morbus caused by irritating acids that act violently on the lining of the intestines. Pains and dangerous purgings ensue and the delicate system of the child suffers under the drain. In such cases the safest and surest medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It will check the inflammation and save the child's life.

"You are Mr. Quezeen, the husband of the celebrated lecturess on cookery, are you not?" "Yes, sir," replied the dejected, hollow-eyed man. "I am the man she tries her new dishes on."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

Figg—"You have seen Jones' wife. What is she like? Should you call her pretty?" Fogg—"I might if I were talking to Jones."



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The school that has had the longest experience and greatest success in training young people for good office positions and that can secure the best results for you, is the

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Affiliated with the University of Toronto, under the control of the Dept. of Agriculture of Ontario. College opens 1st October, 1909. Course of study extends through 3 college years. FEES PER SESSION $74.00. Calendar on application.

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We want every young man who is anxious to prepare for a good position at a good salary to write us at once. Address Central Telegraph School, 5 Gerrard St. East, Toronto.

OUR HEAVE CURE cures where others fail. Sells on its own merits. Best of testimonials furnished on application. Ask your druggist to get you some, or send direct to Four Brothers, Restoule. Price $1.40 per package. Charges paid to nearest express office. None genuine without our trade mark, FOUR BROTHERS, on each package. Try a package and be convinced. Because others have failed is no reason why Heaves cannot be cured by using Four Brothers Heave Cure.

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ONE RELIABLE MAN WANTED IN EVERY town to take orders for best custom made clothes in Canada. Highest commission. Rex Tailoring Co., Toronto.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—RELIABLE MEN we start in business of their own and give credit. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto.

AGENTS, MAIL-ORDER BUYERS, HOUSEkeepers send address for free sample of SILVERCLOTH MAGICAL SILVER CLEANER and large catalogue of household specialties. Canada Silvercloth Co., Dept. E., Toronto.

Secure the Agency

for your locality of the only Life Insurance company meeting the requirements of the "Royal Commission." Our plans and policies appeal to the common sense, and positively protect the Policyholder's interest. Rates lower. Terms of payment easier.

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WE GIVE FREE SAMPLE & CASE — WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

AGENTS MEN OR WOMEN. Make $5 a Day and establish permanent business on our capital. Our high class goods sell on sight in every home, are quickly used up and repeat orders come fast. Exclusive territory given.

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CARPET DYEING and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 184, Montreal.

Don't fail to see our Exhibit at the National Exhibition, Toronto.

LACK.

Many a man is so lacking in the essentials of success that he isn't even a successful liar.

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure and effectual. Try it, and mark the improvement in your child.

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New in its Life
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New in its Methods of Instruction.
Good in its Record.
Good in its Teaching Staff.
Good in its Attention to Students.
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DE SILVA INSTITUTE, Suite 200, 55 University St. Montreal, Canada

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 9, 1909.

The Schools Re-open

The Public School re-opened on Sept. 1st, according to regulations. Miss Florence Bissonnette is in charge of the intermediate department for the month. Miss Mabel Hay of Campbellford has been appointed teacher of this department, but owing to other duties at home cannot assume charge before October. The rooms are well filled, and the usual good work and results will be looked for. Great improvements in the property have been made by the laying of the new cement walk and steps in front of the building, and the new hardwood floor and newly papered walls and ceilings in the halls, and a metal roof. Somebody seems to be rather slow about cleaning up the corner of the grounds where the old engine house stood. We wonder whose duty this is.

The High School re-opened on Tuesday morning, the first Tuesday in September being the legal day for opening High Schools. The number in attendance is probably the largest on the opening day that the school has ever had. Thirty-eight have already enrolled in Form I., and the attendance in Forms II., III., and IV. swell the total to fourscore, and we understand there are more to come in yet. Miss Caroline J. McRae, B. A., of Perth is the new assistant teacher. She comes highly recommended and, with Miss Scott, B. A., whose experience last year was so successful, and our almost veteran Principal, Mr. G. E. Kennedy, B.A., our High School should maintain its high standard of excellence and have another enviable record at the departmental examinations in 1910.

The new cistern for water supply for laboratory purposes, the new tank and the taps at the troughs in the science room, the cleaned and brightened appearance of the halls, and the new desks add greatly to the cheeriness, convenience and comfort of the institution, and should be a source of pride to our citizens.

Called to New Work

Announcement was made in the Globe of Sept. 1st that the General Assembly's Committee on Evangelism had appointed Rev. F. A. Robinson, B.A., pastor of St. Andrew's church in this village, to the position of Assistant Secretary for that work for one year. Mr. Robinson, who is now in Toronto attending a meeting of the General Assembly's committee, has accepted the position and will begin his new duties on October 1st. Not only the members of his congregation, but many others regret Mr. Robinson's leaving. He has been foremost in every good work, and his removal will leave a vacancy not easily filled. We wish him every success in his new work.

Stirling School Board

Minutes of a regular meeting of the Board of Education held the 7th day of September, at the office of the Secretary.

Members present—Chairman M. Bird, W. S. Martin, Dr. G. W. Faulkner, Dr. H. H. Alger, Dr. J. D. Bissonnette, C. W. Thompson, J. Shaw, F. T. Ward.

Minutes of the last regular and special meetings were read and approved.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner and seconded by Mr. Thompson that Miss Bissonnette receive the monthly pay without any deductions being made on account of the holidays. Carried.

Dr. Bissonnette gave the report of the property committee. Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Dr. Alger, that the report be received. Carried.

The Chairman presented a corrected invoice from J. C. Sullivan for coal, the some being $126 67 instead of $127.51 as in former statement, and on motion was ordered to be paid when certified to by the Chairman of the property committee.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that the Secretary call upon the Council for necessary funds. Carried.

Accounts were presented by J. W. Cummings for work at High School for $1.25; Wm. Airhart, work at Public School, $1.00. Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that the accounts be paid when certified by the property committe.

On motion Board adjourned.

G. G. THRASHER, Sec.-Treas.

BY-LAW No. ---

VILLAGE OF STIRLING

A By-law to authorize the making of a certain agreement with the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, for the purpose of obtaining Light and Power to meet the needs of the Municipality and inhabitants.

WHEREAS the Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Stirling deem it desirable and in the best interests of the said Village that the agreement hereinafter set forth in Schedule "A" hereto should be made and entered into with the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited.

THEREFORE the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Stirling enacts as follows:

1. That the said Corporation be and it is hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, to the effect set forth in Schedule "A" hereto and the Reeve and Clerk respectively of the said Corporation for the time being are hereby authorized to sign and seal with the Corporate seal execute and deliver the same on behalf of the said Corporation.

2. The votes of such of the electors of the said Village of Stirling as are entitled to vote thereon shall be taken on this By-law on Saturday, the 25th day of September, 1909, commencing at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and continuing until five o'clock in the afternoon at the Town Hall.

3. A meeting of all persons interested in or desirous of promoting this By-law, and also of all persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of this By-law shall be held at the Town Hall on Wednesday, the 15th day of September, A.D. 1909, at eight o'clock p.m., for the purpose of appointing agents to attend at the poll and at the final summing up of the votes cast at said poll.

4. A meeting shall be held at the Clerk's office on the 25th day of September, A.D. 1909, at 8 o'clock p.m., for the final summing up by the Clerk and those entitled to be present, of the number of votes given for and against this By-law.

This By-law was finally passed in open Council, signed, sealed and numbered this day of September, A.D. 1909.

....
Clerk. Reeve.

SCHEDULE "A"

THIS INDENTURE, made this day of one thousand nine hundred and nine, between the Municipality of the Village of Stirling, hereinafter called the "Municipality" of the first part, and Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, hereinafter called the "Power Company," of the second part.

WHEREAS the Municipality is desirous of obtaining electric energy for the purpose of supplying light and power to meet the needs of the Municipality and its inhabitants;

AND WHEREAS the Power Company has agreed to furnish electric energy to the Municipality, subject to and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth;

NOW THEREFORE this indenture witnesseth that in consideration of the premises and mutual covenants it is agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

1. The Power Company agrees to sell and deliver to the Municipality, and the Municipality agrees to buy, take and use exclusively from the Power Company electric energy to supply all the needs of the Municipality and of its inhabitants from the date or dates herein provided for until the first day of January, 1920; and the municipality of the village of Stirling is to have the right to renew their contract for a second ten years under the same terms if the Village desires to do so.

2. The Municipality agrees with the Power Company that it will supply all the needs of its inhabitants for light or power that can be reasonably and properly provided for by the use of a single phase distribution system and single phase motors of not more than fifteen horse power rating.

The Power Company agrees with the Municipality that it will contract to deliver power to any private consumers of satisfactory financial standing located within the limits of the Municipality, who will undertake to install electric machinery satisfactory to the engineers of the Power Company for the use of such power at a price per horse power not higher than that paid by the Municipality. The contracts with said private consumers will provide for the use of satisfactory electrical equipment, for general terms of contract similar to those herein contained and for the acceptance of delivery and the measurement of power so delivered at the point herein agreed upon.

The Power Company shall not contract with any consumer using less than fifteen horse power, nor shall it be required to contract for a total delivery in excess of the amount stated in clause 4 of this agreement.

It is further agreed that the Power Company will not furnish electric energy directly to any customer whom the Municipality has under the foregoing terms contracted to supply, and that in a similar manner the Municipality will not supply electric energy to any customer whom the Power Company has under the foregoing terms contracted to supply.

It is intended that all customers for more than fifteen horse power shall be furnished with three phase power and the Power Company agrees that it will at its own expense make such additional alterations in the substation and distribution system as may be necessary to provide for the furnishing of such three phase power.

The Municipality agrees to so arrange its substation and distribution system that the aforesaid alterations and additions can be readily and economically made and that it will permit the Power Company to use its substation, electrical equipment and distribution system for this purpose without charge or claim for compensation, and in cases where the municipal distribution system does not extend to customers of over fifteen horse power to whom the Company contract to supply with power, that the Municipality do grant unto the Power Company permission and right to erect, operate and maintain poles, cross arms and wires, and also all necessary guys, anchors and braces for the proper and safe conduct of electric energy upon such street in the Municipality as may be necessary for the Power Company to supply said customers for a period of ten years and a renewal of ten years at Company's option and any further extension to be by mutual consent.

3. The Power Company agrees that it will immediately and with all proper despatch extend its distribution system so as to provide proper connection from its power house on the river Trent to a substation to be provided by the Municipality, and that it will be prepared to deliver power in the amounts hereinafter stated within five months of the signing of this agreement, provided that the same is executed before the 1st day of October, A.D. 1909.

4. The amount of power to be delivered under this contract shall not be in excess of seventy-five horse power, but the Power Company agrees to amend this contract from time to time as the demand justifies until a maximum delivery to the Municipality and to private consumers doing business therein of 250 horse power is contracted for; and further agrees that the additional amounts contracted for shall be delivered after contract has been made for same, as soon as any necessary alterations or additions to the distribution systems, power houses and substations can reasonably be executed and those additional amounts of power are to be measured and paid for as set forth in Article 8 of this agreement.

5. The Power Company agrees with the Municipality and the Municipality agrees with the Power Company that this agreement and all the terms and conditions thereof shall apply not only within the present boundaries of the Municipality but within any extension thereof that may from time to time be made, and thereupon this agreement shall apply to the territories within such extensions as if they were within the Municipality at the present date.

6. The Municipality agrees that it will within four months from the date of the execution of this agreement, provide and equip at a point to be mutually agreed upon a step-down substation for the necessary transformation of the high tension current supplied by the Power Company, and also a satisfactory distribution system sufficient to properly provide for the furnishing of electric energy to the Municipality and all its inhabitants.

The Municipality further agrees that the designs for its substation and distribution system, and the quality of the construction thereof shall be subject to the approval of the engineers of the Power Company, and that delivery of electric energy under this contract shall not be required until the system of the Municipality is satisfactory to the engineers of the Power Company, and that the Power Company, besides its other legal remedies, may cut off its supply and cease to furnish power under this contract if the Municipality should at any time fail to maintain its substation and distribution system in proper and safe working condition.

KIND OF POWER

7. The electric energy to be supplied under this contract shall be twenty-four hour power and shall be delivered to the Municipality at the terminals of the out-switch or switches in the substation of the Municipality, which shall be situated at such point as may be selected and mutually agreed upon, and the electrical equipment in the said substation shall be daily inspected by the employee of the said Municipality, who shall have charge of its electrical equipment for the purpose of maintaining the said substation equipment at all times in conditions satisfactory to the parties hereto, and to this end he shall immediately notify the Power Company of any defect in, or details thereof, requiring attention, and concerning the repair of which he requires expert advice.

The power to be furnished from the low tension outlets of the substation for use on the distribution system of the Municipality will be in the form of a single phase alternating current at a pressure of 2200 volts and having a frequency of 60 cycles, hereinafter referred to as normal, with a variation of generally not more than ten per cent. (10%) above or below normal, either in voltage or freqency, and the wave form of the alternating current shall closely approximate a sine curve. The power that will be supplied to the substation of the Municipality by the Power Company will be alternating current at a pressure of about volts and having a frequency of 60 cycles.

When the Municipality is using three phase power it agrees that at the reasonable request of the Power Company it will so arrange its substation and distribution system as to maintain equality of demand upon the phases of the main transmission system within 10% of the load on the least loaded phase.

8. The price to be paid by the Municipality for power or electric energy under this contract shall be at the rate of Twenty dollars ($20.00) per horse power per year, said power to be measured by meters, supplied by the Power Company and located at the point of delivery to the 2200 volt line in the substation of the Municipality; either party to be at liberty to install a second or check meter for the purpose of check measuring such power, the power to be paid for is to be determined by plotting the load as read on the above-mentioned meters at five minute intervals during any period or periods by a representative of the Power Company in the presence of a representative of the Municipality, and the Municipality hereby agrees to have present the said representative on request. The maximum load shall be taken to be the load indicated by the longest ordinate that can be drawn to any horizontal chord of the load curve, representing by its length the space of twenty consecutive minutes; and the greatest maximum load as determined at any time throughout a calendar year shall constitute the basis of payment for the said calendar year and thereafter until the said maximum load is exceeded.

9. Payment of the amount due for power by the Municipality shall be made quarterly at the Head Office of the Power Company on the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter: such payments shall be made from time to time promptly when due, and without deduction otherwise than as expressly provided for by this contract: the Power Company to render bills for power within the first three days of each month following the expiration of the calendar quarter. In the event, however, of the aggregate of the four quarterly payments in any calendar year being less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) the Municipality agrees with its January payment to make up the difference so as to guarantee and it agrees to pay the Power Company a gross annual sum of not less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) under this contract. The Power Company agrees that in the event of the extension of its main transmission lines to the vicinity of the city of Belleville it will release the Municipality from its obligation under this contract to pay not less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500 per annum for power rental.

10. The Power Company may, besides its other legal remedies, cut off its power, or at its option, cancel this contract in the event of any amount due for power under the provisions of this contract remaining unpaid for a period of more than three months after the same shall have become due under the provisions herein contained.

11. The Power Company shall in no case be liable or responsible for accident, loss or damage to person or property, resulting, arising or accruing in any way from the action, effect or use of electric energy, either on the high tension spur within the Municipality which may be built to connect the substation of the Municipality with the main transmission lines of the Power Company, in the substation of the Municipality, or at any point on its distribution system.

The Municipality grants to the Power Company the right and privilege to erect, operate and maintain a high tension transmission line, together with all necessary guys, anchors and braces for the safe conduct of electrical energy to the substation of the Municipality on, over and across such streets as may be approved by the Municipality.

12. For the purposes of assessment all properties of the Power Company in the village, which are not a part of its main transmission lines shall be deemed to be the property of the Municipality, and the Municipality shall pay annually to the Power Company the amount of any taxes which may be collected from said properties, in addition to the rentals herein provided.

13. If at any time during the continuance of this agreement the operations of the works of either party is suspended owing to accident, war, rebellion, pests, flood, freshets, the acts of the King, or of the King's enemies, serious epidemics, or other cause of like nature beyond the control of either party, the parties whose operations are so suspended shall not be liable to the other under this agreement until the cause of such suspension has been removed: but there shall be a corresponding pro rata abatement of payment for power, provided that each of the parties shall take all reasonable precautions and adopt all reasonable measures, and the parties whose operations are interfered with shall use all reasonable diligence to remove the cause of such suspension. Such suspension of service as may be necessary for the maintenance of the plant of the Power Company in proper and reasonable operating condition shall not be deemed to be a suspension of service entitling the Municipality to any pro rata abatement of payment for power unless the sum total of such suspension or suspensions exceeds ten hours in any one calendar month.

14. This agreement shall be binding and enure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Power Company, and the Power Company may re-organize or transfer the benefit of this contract to any other company or corporation of sufficient financial standing to undertake the obligations herein contained which may hereafter be formed for the taking over of its business or any franchises or rights owned or held by it, such new company or corporation assuming and contracting to fulfil the obligations of the Power Company hereto, and this contract shall not in such event be any way altered, prejudiced or affected by the liquidation or winding up of the said Company, provided, further, that nothing herein contained shall impose any personal liability upon any mortgagee or trustee for bondholders, or upon any bondholder or bondholders.

15. All claims or counter claims arising from this contract which the Municipality may have or claim to have against the Power Company shall be made to the latter in writing before the fifteenth day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, and shall be final for all or any claims that may have arisen during that quarter. If any such claim shall not be allowed by the Power Company, or if any claims shall be made by the Power Company against the Municipality which the Municipality shall not allow, the parties hereto agree to submit the same to arbitration of a sole arbitrator to be appointed upon notice by a Judge of the High Court of Justice of Ontario. In case the amount of the claim in dispute exceeds Five Hundred Dollars, either party may request that the question be referred to a Board of three arbitrators appointed in the usual manner, in place of a sole arbitrator. Any such arbitrations shall be conducted with all possible despatch and the award in writing of any such arbitrator or arbitrators shall be final and binding upon the parties hereto and there shall be no appeal therefrom either upon questions of law or of fact. The expense of such arbitration shall be borne by the parties hereto in such proportion as may be determined by the said arbitrator or arbitrators.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereto have hereunto set their corporate seals and caused these presents to be signed by their proper officers respectively, the day and year first above written.

WITNESS: {

NOTICE

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law setting forth the agreement to be executed, which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the village of Stirling and which will be finally passed by the said Council (in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto as provided by the Municipal Act) after one month from the first publication in the Stirling NEWS-ARGUS, the date of which first publication was Thursday, the 9th day of September, A. D. 1909, and that at the hour, day and place therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors, the poll will be held.

G. G. THRASHER, Clerk.

Chatterton Chips

Green gages are a great crop this year, and other plums are quite plentiful.

The funeral of Mrs. Peter Palmer took place at our church on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. S. P. Morden and Miss Helen McMullen have returned from the Northwest. They were several weeks with the Morden brothers at Forget, Sask., and visited relatives at Brandon, Portage la Prairie, Oakland, Winnipeg, and Fort William. They report great crops of grain and garden stuff this year.

One of Jas. Hanna's children died quite suddenly last week.

The corn and potatoes are a good crop around here.

Tickling or dry Coughs will quickly loosen when using Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so thoroughly harmless that Dr. Shoop tells mothers to use nothing else, even for very young babies. The wholesome green leaves and tender stems of a lung healing mountainous shrub give the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. It calms the cough, and heals the sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh to injure or suppress. Demand Dr. Shoop's. Accept no other. Sold by J. S. Morton.

I Can Save You Money

On the following articles which are a household necessity at this season:

Sweet Fly Poison Pads 2 Packages for 5 Cents
National Fly Shields
Tanglefoot
Insect Powder
Sabadilla Zenoleum
Fly Oil for Cattle
Rubber Sealer Rings
Bottle Wax
Chloride of Lime
Spices of all kinds

J. S. MORTON
Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

HOSIERY

A special line of Worsted Hose, suitable for Boys, just received. These would be good value at 35 cts. .....Our price, 25c. a pair

BOYS' SWEATERS

Navy, Cardinal and Navy with fancy striped Collar .....50 cts. and 75 cts.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear

40c., 45c. and 50c. Quality.....To clear at 35 cts.

Men's Work Shirts

Black with white stripes. Lots of room in this Shirt and good long sleeves. Long in the sleeve, but short in the price.....50 cents each

Ladies' Black Sateen Blouses
Special value at.....$1.00

Ladies' Fine Boots
Regular $1.50, to clear at .....$1.25 pair

Men's Plain Toe Kid Boots
Lace or cong....$2.00 pair

Felt Slippers
In Ladies, Misses, Children's and Men's to clear at wholesale price.

Our 25c. Green Tea
Still leads. Try a pound and be convinced.

Christie's Fancy Cakes
And Biscuits on hand.

Infants' Cream Cashmere and Lustre Coats
At wholesale price to clear.
From.....$1.75 to $2.75
Regular...$2.50 to $4.00

School Bags
Canvas, 25c., Leather, 50c.

Lead Pencils
Good round lead, rubber on end.....10 cts. dozen

Pencil Boxes
Lock and key .....10 cts.

Mixed Pickling Spice
Turmeric and other spices suitable for Pickles on hand.

Buy Your Vinegar Here
And your Pickles will keep alright.

NEW IDEA PATTERNS—10 Cents

J. BUCHANAN
'PHONE 39

The Endowment Policy

is the best form of insurance for those desiring to make provision for their own future years, and who, in addition, require protection for their family or dependent ones in the meantime.

The insured, if living at the end of a specified term, receives in cash the face amount of the policy, together with the surplus that has accumulated during the period; or, if death should intervene, the beneficiary under the policy receives the full amount in cash.

The advantages of an endowment policy are numerous, while the cost is moderate.

AGENTS WANTED. Particulars given by

BURROWS, of Belleville

First-Class Printing
OF ALL KINDS
At The News-Argus Office

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER XIX.

Why Adam Brewster had neglected to carry out his purpose to destroy this diary, or how it came to be hidden in that secret vault, will never be known; but as Gerald closed the book he gave a long breath of thankfulness that it had not ben destroyed, for it proved, beyond the shadow of a doubt, all that he wished to know, and also cleared the man whom he had reverenced as an employer from the suspicion of all dishonor in connection with his young wife, and made him proud to claim him as father.

He passed the diary to Mr. Lyttleton, and desired him to read it. The man devoured it eagerly, and turned triumphantly to Gerald the moment he finished it, observing:

"I felt sure enough of the case before, but this just clinches everything. No one will now presume to question the fact of your being Adam Brewster's son and legitimate heir, and that rogue is surely doomed to a felon's cell for the next twenty years."

"I think you are right, but——"

"But what?"

"I am really sorry for those poor dupes of his."

"Well, they should have known better than to become accomplices in crime, especially the old one," said Mr. Lyttleton shortly.

"But according to Ellen Carson's story, they were terribly poor, and it was but natural that they should jump at a chance to better their condition. I cannot bear to fight against women," Gerald concluded, looking greatly disturbed.

"Nor I," said his friend; "and —well, we will see if we can manage to let them off comparatively easy."

Meanwhile, John Hubbard was straining every nerve to meet the coming trial with a bold front. He had employed an expert criminal lawyer to assist him in preparing for his defense. He fondly believed that it would be a difficult task to prove the charge of forgery against him, for he was confident that he was the only one living who knew that Adam Brewster had been married previous to his union with Miss Porter. He had discovered the fact by chance while looking over the records in New Haven when he was working up another case, and then, observing how easily the name Alan Brown, whose widow was his tenant, could be changed to Adam Brewster, and this latter to Adam Bronstern, he had conceived the cunning plot which has already been explained.

It had never once occurred to him that Miriam Harris might have had a child. Of course, he was wholly in the dark regarding her history; but Adam Brewster never having referred to the fact of a previous marriage, and having had no children of his own, he took it for granted that no such obstacle would ever rise up to confront him. Thus he had not the slightest suspicion of the crushing developments awaiting him, and was even hopeful at times of coming out victorious in the end.

Lady Bromley and Allison returned to New York during the third week in January. Twice previous to this Gerald had been on to Boston to spend Sunday with his betrothed, each time finding her greatly improved. Her cheeks had taken on a healthful hue, while, as to manner and temperatment, she was the bright, breezy Allison of old, greatly to the delight of all her friends.

During one of these visits, Allison had brought forth the mysterious box which contained the proofs that she was not the child of Mr. and Mrs. Brewster, and Gerald had examined them with a great deal of interest.

"I wish I might be so fortunate in discovering my origin as you have been, Gerald," she remarked during this investigation, with a wistful look at the little note which she believed her own mother had written.

"I wish you might, dear," he tenderly responded. "I would give a great deal to have that mystery solved. But you were very fortunate not to have lost these relics during the railroad accident," he added, with sudden thought. "How were they preserved?"

"That was a very simple matter," Allison replied. "My check was in my purse, and when Mr. Lyman decided to bring me here he simply gave it up and secured my portmanteau, which was in the baggage-car, it being one of the coaches that was uninjured. But even if this box and its contents had been destroyed, I still have a key—a peculiar ornament—by which I might be identified, if there is anybody living to whom I belong."

As she concluded she unclasped a chain from her neck and laid it in her lover's hand. To it was attached the golden key which has been previously described.

Gerald regarded it curiously.

"It is a very peculiar ornament," he said. "I wonder if it was made to unlock anything?"

"I wish it would unlock the mystery of my birth," sighed the girl wearily.

"My darling, we will not allow it to mar our future in the least," said her companion, as he refastened the chain about her neck; "and we will start with no mystery in our lives. Everything shall be open and above-board in connection with our marriage, and perfect confidence in each other shall be our motto. I think it will be best never to speak of this secret, even between ourselves; it makes you restless and unhappy to refer to it, and so the fewer who know it the better. It is, of course, known in a general way that you are not Mr. Brewster's own daughter; and there we will let the matter rest. Have Mr. and Mrs. Lyman seen these things?" Gerald inquired, glancing at the contents of the box.

"No, I think not. The box was locked and the key was in my purse and Mrs. Lyman has never referred to it in any way. I sometimes wonder if she did not examine it with the hope of discovering my identity, but presume she thought it held only girlish finery, which I did not need and she would not disturb."

"Well, put it away, dear, and we will not think of it any more. I do not like to see this shadow on your face," and bending, he softly touched his lips to her forehead as he closed and relocked the box and put it one side.

The subject was not referred to again during his visit, nor when she rejoined him in New York, after which the time slipped quickly by until the dawn of the fifth of February, which was the day set for the second hearing of the Brewster case.

CHAPTER XX.

John Hubbard, the arch-plotter and forger, was destined to receive a number of shocks during the few days which it took to conduct the trial of the great case of Brewster vs. Brewster.

The first resulted from the calling of the case in that form. When the sonorous voice of the crier rang through the court-room with that announcement, the man gave a great start, and looked around at Mr. Lyttleton amazed.

Allison was dead, he believed, and even had she been living, she had no real claim to the name of Brewster. Who, then, was this new claimant of whom he had never heard until this moment? A few whispered sentences between himself and his counsel resulted in the rising of the latter to inquire the meaning of that proclamation.

"It is all correct, your honor," quietly replied Mr. Lyttleton. "I am conducting this case on behalf of the nearest of kin, who is by name, as well as by birth, a Brewster."

"Produce the plaintiff, then," sententiously demanded the counsel for the defense.

"Certainly, your honor," returned Mr. Lyttleton, with contrasting courtesy, "and I take great pleasure in introducing my client, Mr. Gerald Winchester Brewster, who is the son and heir of the late Adam Brewster."

He motioned to Gerald, who arose and calmly confronted his old enemy—the man who had once sworn that he would crush him as he had crushed the delicate rosebud.

John Hubbard sprang to his feet, white as a sheet.

"It is a lie!" he shouted. "The boy is the rankest impostor! I've known him for years. He is only a beggar whom the late banker rescued from the gutter!"

"Order! Silence!" was the authoritative cry which here interrupted the excited man and reminded him that he was liable to punishment for contempt of court; whereupon, trembling with excitement and passion, he sank back upon his seat, but glaring bitterest hatred at his youthful rival.

"We will proceed to prove our position," Mr. Lyttleton, who was still standing, observed, "and will submit these papers to the court for examination after I shall have read them aloud."

He then read, for the benefit of his hearers, the certificate proving the marriage of Adam Brewster to Miriam Harris, also the baptismal certificate of Gerald Winchester Brewster, who was the only child of the above-mentioned couple.

"It will be found later on," he continued, as he surrendered these two important bits of paper for examination, "that the date upon the marriage certificate is identical with that of a similar document which once before figured in court to prove the mythical marriage of the said Adam Brewster to one Louisa Simpson."

John Hubbard was now pale as death.

A long wrangle and much evidence followed these statements, but with the two certificates, Miss Winchester's letter, the relation of the facts regarding the erection of the monument over the grave of Miriam Harris Brewster, together with extracts from the diary which had recently been exhumed from the secret vault in the bank, it was very clearly shown that Gerald's claim to the Brewster name and fortune was a very strong one.

There was a sharp contest over the admission of these documents as evidence, John Hubbard's counsel claiming that his client had been arraigned upon the charge of forgery, while the evidence thus far submitted had no bearing whatever upon that imputation.

"It has everything to do with it, your honor," Mr. Lyttleton asserted, "for the very authenticity of these documents proves beyond question the forgery of those which the prisoner produced in a previous court in order to gain, for the pretended Mrs. Adam Brewster, fraudulent possession of the banker's estate."

This view of the matter was decided to be reasonable, and the documents were accordingly admitted.

Mr. Lyttleton then observed that even had the court seen fit to discard them, there yet remained abundant proof of the charge preferred, and which he would now produce, whereupon Mr. Thomas Plum, the chirographic expert, was called as a witness.

John Hubbard gritted his teeth savagely as the funny little man trotted smartly up to the witness-stand, for he had dreaded his appearance more than that of any other person.

Mr. Plum had provided himself with a blackboard for the purpose of giving an object-lesson along with his testimony. He was duly sworn, and upon being asked if he regarded the record of the marriage of Adam Brewster to Louisa Simpson a forgery, replied emphatically:

"I do, and believe that I can prove it so to the satisfaction of the jury."

He then wrote upon his blackboard the record of two events which had been copied from the New Haven register of marriages, both having been entered under the same date in the year 18—.

"The first of these reads: 'Alden Bronstern to Miriam Harris,'" he said, writing the name as he talked. "Now, the first name, if it had never been tampered with, should read 'Adam Brewster.' Observe, as I have written the 'Adam' there is a little space between the capital and the first small letter, the clerk who was in office at that time having had a habit of so separating all his capitals, as can be seen by any one who chooses to examine the register. Now, between the 'A' and 'd' and 'l' was inserted, so; the 'a' was deftly changed to an 'e,' the last curve of the 'm' very carefully erased, thus producing the name 'Alden.' The name 'Brewster' was cleverly manipulated in the same way. The 'e' was made into an 'o,' the 'w' into 'n,' and another 'n' added after the 'r.' Thus you have 'Bronstern.' In the second record the name of the gentleman should read 'Alan Brown.' In this case the base of the letter 'd' was very easily inserted between the 'A' and 'l.' an extra curve added to the 'n,' thus making a very perfect 'Adam.' The 'o' in 'Brown' was changed to 'e,' the two curves of the 'n' made to represent 's' and 't,' thus: 'e' was affixed to these, and we have 'Brewster' complete. It was all very cleverly done, your honor, and by an expert at such work. Thus not one in a thousand looking at these names would be able to detect the fraud. I have shown you on this board how it was done, but the record-book is here, a powerful glass also, and I can easily point out certain unmistakable signs to prove what I have asserted. Adam Brewster married a woman by the name of Miriam Harris. Louise Simpson married a man by the name of Alan Brown, and if she will produce the original certificate of her marriage, I will guarantee that I can show you the same changes upon that which I have already explained in connection with the records."

"We will have that shown later, if you please, Mr. Plum," Mr. Lyttleton interposed. "Just now I would like you to tell the court what you have discovered in connection with this document."

As he concluded he passed a legal-looking instrument up to the gentleman.

"This," observed Mr. Plum, as he took and began to unfold it, "is what has been claimed to be the last will and testament of the late Adam Brewster. It was dated, signed, and witnessed on the fourth of April 18—, more than eleven years ago."

The witness was here interrupted by the objection that the will of the late banker could have no possible bearing upon the charge against the defendant.

"It has just this bearing upon the charge, your honor," Gerald's counsel calmly observed. "The plaintiff asserts that the same hand which forged the changes in the certificate already considered also forged a portion of the document now in the hands of the witness."

A vigorous squabble, legally speaking, ensued, but all protests were finally overruled, and Mr. Plum was allowed to proceed.

"This document, as I have already stated, was signed, and witnessed on the fou 'h of April, 18—," he repeated impressively; "but I claim that the whole of the first page of the instrument was written at a much later date—just how long afterward I am unable to say. Neither have I any means of knowing what the original subject-matter of this portion of the will may have been—the present reading may be an exact copy of what was written at Mr. Brewster's dictation over eleven years ago. The proof of what I have stated lies in the ink, which shows traces of an ingredient which was never employed in any ink until 18—, or some six years after this will was signed and witnessed. The ingredient is called eosin. It is usually employed in the making of red inks, and I have never before detected its presence in any black ink. I recognize it by a faint tinge of bronze which appears in the writing upon this page, and to me it proves one of two theories—first, that the writer sometimes used red ink containing eosin in his fountain-pen, or that at the time of this writing he kept his black ink in a bottle that had once contained red ink, and was not cleansed previous to being used for the former. I will add that this same bronze tinge appears in certain letters of the names Alden Bronstern and Adam Brewster on the New Haven register. It can also be shown in certain books which belonged to the late banker, where various figures were changed to represent others, and by means of which an attempt was made about a year ago to ruin the character of the present plaintiff."

The pretended Mrs. Brewster was then commanded to produce the certificate of her marriage, also the old letters which she claimed had been written to her by Adam Brewster previous to their union. They were reluctantly submitted to the expert who easily detected the changes upon the former, and then asserted that the date of the year had been changed upon every letter, to make it appear that they had written much earlier than was the fact. Mr. Plum said he firmly believed that the letters had been written to the second Mrs. Brewster, and that John Hubbard, having unearthed them during his examination of Mr. Brewster's effects, had cunningly employed them as evidence for his client during the previous trial.

(To be continued.)

McKendry's Fall and Winter Style Book FREE

The daintiest hats you ever saw, the very latest styles, and at prices which cannot be equalled anywhere in Canada.

At great expense this book has been prepared for our out-of-town customers. It contains lovely half-tone drawings of the most approved Hats to be worn during the fall and winter season, suitable for any age from tot to matron. Thousands of ladies in every part of Canada have proven the excellence of our work, and at the same time have made a most substantial saving in price. The list of customers is growing each season. You should be on the list.

McKendry's "The Home of the Hat Beautiful"

Write to-day as the demand for our "Style Book" is very great.

McKendry's Limited
226-228 Yonge Street
Toronto, Ont.

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN.

Bids Fair to Shortly Become a Transcontinental Line.

One of the most interesting of the romances in Canadian development is the story of the modest beginning and rapid growth of the Canadian Northern Railway. In 1886 Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann formed a partnership as railway contractors and nine years later they took their first steps towards the Canadian Northern.

Starting in the heart of Manitoba, with its wheat bearing lines radiating from the City of Winnipeg, the Canadian Northern has grown to a railroad with over 3,000 miles of track in the territory to the West of the Great Lakes, and there are other integral parts already constructed and operating in Ontario and the Provinces of the East.

Viewing a map of the road with the lines already constructed, with the extensions under the contractors' hands, and with the proposed new lines, the Canadian Northern bids fair to shortly become a transcontinental line sending its traffic from tidewater to tidewater.

Many can recall when there was no Canadian Northern Railway — when the name of Mackenzie and Mann had no great import. An analysis therefore of the railroad properties of these two men cannot but be of interest to all Canadians.

The Canadian Northern Ontario proper (from last annual report, June, 1908) operated in the West 2,895 miles. Before the close of the year 248 additional miles were completed and utilized—a total of 3,143 miles.

The Caiadian Northern Ontario Railway owns a line—Toronto to Sudbury—which, with extensions and branches, totals 310 miles. The Canadian Northern Quebec Railway—an amalgamation of several smaller roads in the Province of Quebec—has a total mileage of 350. Other railroad companies are owned in the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. To the figures mentioned, will be added, this year, the length of the various extensions and branches of 1909 construction.

How have these men been able to construct a big railway system, and that without issuing any stock to the public? In the first place they have shown great shrewdness in choosing locations, and it is their boast that all their lines have paid from the start.

In the second place, chiefly through the shrewd and economical borrowing, have Mackenzie and Mann been able to construct this big railway system. Both the Dominion Government and Provincial Government of Manitoba have lent their aid to the Railway by guaranteeing the bonds. In the later days the Province of Ontario has similarly treated lines within its boundaries, as have also the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Most of the financing has been done in Great Britain, that centre to which all the world turns for financial aid; but Canadians have done much for this and other Canadian enterprises. The Canadian Northern Railway consolidated mortgage bonds, guaranteed by the Province of Manitoba, are found among the assets of many Insurance Companies and other financial institutions. Of the $16,000,000 Canadian Northern Equipment obligations which have been issued, Canadians have taken the large proportion and the United States investors have been generous in their assistance towards the financing of these loans. The credit of the Canadian Northern Railway in the world's market, stands high

About the Farm

VALUE OF BARNYARD MANURE

In the efforts to maintain the fertility of the soil on farms in the eastern provinces barnyard manure plays an important part. Experiments carried on for twenty years in succession with all the more important farm crops, have demonstrated the value of barnyard manure and have shown that a given weight of manure taken fresh from the barnyard is equal in crop-producing power to the same weight of rotted manure, while the fresh manure loses during the process of rotting from 50 to 60 per cent of its weight. Economy in the use of barnyard manure is of the utmost importance in connection with successful farming in this country, and the fact that it is estimated that the solid and liquid excreta of animals in Canada amounts to about 100,000,000 tons per annum indicates what enormous losses must result from a wasteful handling of such a large quantity of valuable fertilizing material. The results obtained from experiments with artificial fertilizers have not been so satisfactory as from those with barnyard manure. They have been carried on for a long period of years so that the conclusions drawn from them may be said to be very safe. The best results obtained from artificial manures have been had when they have been associated with barnyard manure. One reason why artificial manures used alone do not produce the effect on crops which might be expected from the large proportion of valuable plant food they convey to the soil is that they contain no humus and the proportion of vegetable matter in the soil having been reduced by frequent cropping, its capacity for holding moisture is lessened and thus its crop-producing power is reduced.

The ploughing under of clover has also been most effective in increasing the store of plant food in the soil. The beneficial effect of this treatment has been manifest by increased crops. A clover sod supplies the soil with a large addition of humus whereby the land is made more retentive of moisture and the soil deepened and mellowed.

In the preparation of land for crop in the eastern provinces fall ploughing is now generally followed, as the seed can thus be sown earlier in the spring. In the northwest it has been found an advantage to summer fallow a portion of the land under cultivation each year. This practice conserves the moisture, destroys weeds and brings the farmer larger crops. More attention is paid now than formerly to the systematic rotation of crops. This method economizes the use of the plant food in the soil; since different crops take the elements of fertility in different proportions, the rotation helps to maintain a balance. A four years' rotation is perhaps the most followed. This is begun with a hoed crop, which is well manured; clover and timothy are sown with the grain the second year, a crop of hay is taken off the third year and the fourth year the field is used as pasture and during the following winter manure is spread on the sod and this is turned under in the spring in time to begin the course again with a hoed crop.—Dr. Saunders, Dominion Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

FARM NOTES.

The merchant and manufacturer plan ahead, but the successful farmer must both plan and plant ahead.

Any tree or shrub planted on the premises that adds to our comfort, also adds to the money value of the place. Whatever will make a place worth more to us, will also to others who might like to possess it. This is a consideration that should stimulate activity in providing the place with trees and vines.

One of the advantages of whitewash is that it renders the poultry-house light and cheerful, which induces the hens to stay indoors on stormy days. Although whitewash is liberally used during the summer to guard against lice, yet it is equally as serviceable in winter, in rendering the quarters comfortable and in partially serving as a disinfectant, but for winter wash more glue should be used in the mixture.

One proof of unbusinesslike habits was that a large per cent. of farmers kept no accounts. They do not charge the merchant with produce sold him, or even carry a pass-book, but depend on the merchant's books entirely, letting the account run a full year, and often do not know within a hundred dollars the amount of the account. To a still greater extent they do not keep an account of their own business, and while the manufacturer knows to a penny what it costs him to produce the article he offers to the public, and the merchant can strike a balance and tell just what he has made—or lost—during the year, with the farmer it is mostly guesswork.

NOT HIS TURN.

A miner took his boots for repairs, but was not in a hurry to pay for them. After a few weeks had elapsed the shoemaker called to ask for the money.

The miner's wife answered the door, and on being told by the shoemaker that he had called for the money for the boots, she shouted into the house, and told her good man what was required.

"What!" exclaimed the miner. "He wants paying for repairing the boots! Tell him it's not his turn. Why, the man that made them hasn't got paid yet!"

A BUSINESS FORMULA.

"I must say he was very business-like with his proposal."

"As to how, my dear?"

"Told me to consider myself engaged."

A fool and his boat are soon rocked apart.

WE ARE receiving daily our Fall Goods from some of the very best wholesale Boot and Shoe houses in Canada.

VICTORIA GEO. A. SLATER LONG LIFE
AND MOTHER HUBBARD LINES FOR CHILDREN

¶ Each brand is well and favorably known, and the excellent quality workmanship, style, fit and finish of the new stock will add to their fame. ¶ Call and examine these lines before purchasing. They can't help but please you.

What about Shoeing the Children for School?

We have a very complete stock of School Boots in Dongola, Box Calf, Grain and heavy leathers, from 75c. up.

BIG DISCOUNT SALE STILL ON ALL SUMMER FOOTWEAR!

Come and secure some of the best bargains ever offered in Stirling in Footwear, while your size is here.

All rips sewed free. Repairing neatly and promptly attended to.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

Highest price paid for Eggs.

The Most Interesting Daily

The "Toronto Daily Star" is strong in special features for Women.

There are the daily Home Pages—the daily instalment of a good story—the Social and Personal columns—the illustrated daily Fashion Hints.

But the "Star's" strongest appeal to the wide-awake woman is the unusually interesting way in which it presents the news of all the world, day by day.

There is not a dry line in it—yet it is not sensational or in any way "yellow." Just good, clean, wholesome, well-written accounts of everything that is going on that's worth reading about.

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This paper and "Toronto Daily Star" together for one year—$2.20. Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

Toronto Daily Star

1

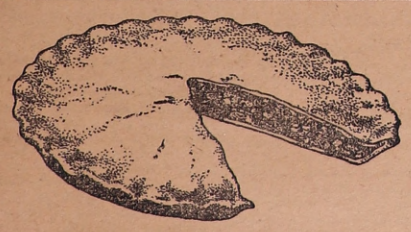
Commander Robert Peary reached the North Pole on April 7 last.

It is a pity when sick ones drug the stomach or stimulate the heart and kidneys. That is all wrong! A weak stomach means weak stomach nerves, always. And this is true of the heart and kidneys. The weak nerves are instead crying out for help. This explains why Dr. Shoop's Restorative is promptly helping stomach, heart and kidney ailments. The Restorative reaches out for the actual causes of these ailments—the failing 'inside nerves.' Anyway test the Restorative 48 hours. It won't cure so soon as that, but you will surely know that help is coming. Sold by J. S. Morton.

The latest reports from the crop in the Northwest say that ninety percent has been secured in perfect condition.

The Chicago police have received letters threatening the life of President Taft on his coming visit to that city.

A clever, popular Candy Cold Cure Tablet—called Preventics—is being dispensed by druggists everywhere. In a few hours Preventics are said to break any cold completely. And Preventics, being so safe and toothsome, are very fine for children. No quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Box of 48—25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.



Twenty-five years ago it was difficult to sell spring wheat flour for pastry at any price.

People didn't want it—they were using soft, winter wheat flour, and saw no reason for changing.

But hard wheat flour was persistently pushed. The women tried it and succeeded with it,—to-day hard wheat flour is the favorite for Pastry as well as for Bread.

Ogilvie's Royal Household

is hard wheat flour at its best—milled by modern methods, retaining all of the good of the wheat. It is without an equal for every kind of baking in which flour is used. 16

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal.

"DIZZY'S" STORY.

Lord Rosebery Tells of a Tale by the Great Beaconsfield.

Lord Rosebery, in his life of William Pitt, the younger, relates an excellent story that he himself heard from the lips of Lord Beaconsfield. The anecdote cannot be better related than in the author's own words:

"Mr. Disraeli," he writes, "in the more genial and less majestic days before 1874, used to tell a sardonic story of this time. When he first entered Parliament he used often to dine at the House of Commons, where he was generaly served by a grim old waiter of prehistoric reputation, who was supposed to possess a secret treasure of political tradition. The young member sought by every gracious art to win his confidence and partake of these stories. One day the venerable domestic relented. 'You hear many lies told as history, sir,' he said; 'do you know what Mr. Pitt's last words were?'

"'Of course," said Disraeli, 'they are well known: "Oh, my country! How I love my country!"' for that was then the authorized version.

"'Nonsense,' said the old man. "I'll tell you how it was. Late one night I was called out of bed by a messenger in a post-chaise shouting to me outside the window. "What is it?" I said. "You're to get up and dress and bring some of your pork pies down to Mr. Pitt at Putney." So I went; and as he drove along he told me that Mr. Pitt had not been able to take any food, but had suddenly said, "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork pies." And so I was sent for post-haste. When we arrived Mr. Pitt was dead. Them was his last words: "I think I could eat one of Bellamy's pork pies".'"

Exasperating the Officer.

A recruiting officer, who is of a rather choleric disposition, questioned two recruits just brought in by the sergeant.

Officer (to first recruit)—"What's your name?"

Recruit—"Watt, sir."

Officer—"What is your name?"

Recruit—"Watt, sir."

Officer (impatiently)—"What's your name?"

Recruit—'My name is Watt, sir—W-a-t-t."

Officer—"Humph! Where do you come from?"

Recruit—"Ware, sir."

Officer—"Yes, where do you come from?"

Recruit—"I come from the town of Ware, sir."

Officer—"Oh, that'll do." Turning to second recruit. "What's your name?"

Recruit: "Mee, sir."

Officer—"Yes, you. What's your name?"

Recruit: "Mee, sir."

Officer (by this time fairly out of temper and evidently thinking the man was working a joke, shouted)—"Will you give me your name?"

Recruit—"My name, sir, is John Mee."

Officer—"Humph! And where do you come from?"

Recruit—"Hoo, sir."

Officer—"Confound it, you, sir; where do you come from?"

Recruit—"Hoo, sir."

Officer—"Well, if ever——"

Sergeant (interposing)—"The man comes from the village of Hoo, near Chatham, sir."

A Simple Water Test.

All drinking water should be tested in town or country frequently, as there are other impurities besides sewage which are quite as deadly, and every cistern of water is liable to be a source of blood poisoning. Mice, rats and other pests must have water, and many a case of typhoid is set up by such as these falling into the cistern and remaining there for months in a decomposed state. To detect this impure condition is very simple and unfailing. Draw a tumbler of water at night, put a piece of white lump sugar into it and place it on the kitchen mantel shelf or anywhere that the temperature will not be under 60 degrees F. In the morning the water, if pure, will be perfectly clear. If contaminated by sewage or other impurities the water will be milky. This is a simple and safe test, well known in chemistry.

Blotting Pads and Secrets.

The ability to read backward what has been impressed on a blotting pad and the secrets which the latter will yield when reflected in a mirror are dangers against which the foreign office has its precautions. It was the last place where pepper casters of sand were used to dry the written word, and for a time black blotting paper was specially manufactured and used, but it was found not to be absolutely mark proof, so that absorbent rollers were introduced for blotting diplomatic documents. When such a roller has been run over letters sideways and up and down a few times, to decipher its impression would defy even Sherlock Holmes.

The Proud Man.

He was a proud man—proud of his family, so he would not disgrace it; proud of his reputation, so he kept it clean; proud of his ability, so he developed it; proud of his broadmindedness, so he was not a snob; proud of his courage, so he met failure bravely; proud of his achievements, so he never gave up and eventually succeeded.

Moral.—Pride goeth before a rise.

Brevity Takes Time.

A Scottish minister was once asked how long he would require to prepare a speech. "That depends," said he, "upon how much time I am to occupy in its delivery. If I am to speak for a quarter of an hour, I should like a week to prepare; if I am to speak for half an hour, three days will do; if I am to go on as long as I like, I am ready now."

Lord Tredegar In a Pageant.

Lord Tredegar, of Balaclava fame, has consented to play the part of Owen Glyndwr in the Welsh national pageant. The Marchioness of Bute and Lady Ninian Stuart have also agreed to fill leading roles.

Helped Save Lives, Then Lost Her Toe

The friends and acquaintances of Miss Annie Hoard of this place were sorry to learn of an accident which befel her on Sunday last at Toronto where she has been for some time. The following account of the accurrence is from the Toronto Daily Star of Sept. 7:

Miss Annie Hoard of 72 Pembroke street is a modern Grace Darling.

Grace Darling had to bend to the oars to win her fame, but Annie Hoard used the more modern motor boat.

It happened on the bay on Sunday morning. Miss Hoard, in company with her sister and two young men, were enjoying a pleasant sail on the bay when suddenly the keen-eyed girl saw a sailboat capsizing some distance away.

She called the attention of her companions to it, and they made for the upset sailboat at a rate that would make the Toronto navy look like a stonehooker.

There were five young fellows floundering about in the water and hanging on to the sides and bottom of the boat. The quartet of rescuers pulled them into the launch and took them over to the R. C. Y. C. house on Centre Island.

Then as the launch party were about to leave shore again, Miss Hoard happened to step on a cushion in the bottom of the boat, her foot slipped, and was caught in the machinery of the motor. Her great toe was taken off, and the girl, bearing up well under the pain of it, was taken to St. Michael's Hospital to have the wound dressed.

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Seventh Line, Sidney

A fine rain fell last week, which was appreciated, but the white frost was not welcomed.

Mrs. M. McBernie of Malone, N. Y., spent a few days last week with her brother Robert of this line.

Mr. Kennedy of Belleville and Mr. Robt. Lamb of Foxboro were visiting Mr. Robt. Lamb of this line on Sunday.

Mrs. Margaret Palmer, widow of the late Peter Palmer passed away at her son's residence in Foxboro on Sunday morning, after suffering from paralysis for several days. She was born on January 1st, 1846. Her end was peace, and only those who stood by could realize that she had slept peacefully away.

Rev. H. L. Phelps of Stirling Methodist church, assisted by Rev. C. E. Cragg of Foxboro, conducted the funeral service at Marsh Hill Methodist church on Tuesday afternoon. The remains were interred at Sine's burying ground by the side of the late Mr. Palmer, who died on June 12th, 1902.

Mrs. Palmer was a noble woman, and highly respected by all her acquaintances. The remaining members of the family are—Miles of Foxboro, Fred and Perry of Sidney, Robert and James of Davidson, Sask., Peter at home in Sidney, Edward of Deloro, Jared of Midladd, and one daughter, Mrs. Eliza Green of Glen Ross.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side and chest, and much cheaper. Sold by all dealers.

TO SILO BUILDERS:
ORDERS TAKEN FOR MATERIALS

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co.

While away at camp Mr. W. R. Girdwood will be in charge.

Office at the Lumber Yard.

J. W. HAIGHT

1,000

THE COLLEGE OF QUALITY

Over one thousand students enrolled by our chain last year. It pays to attend a link of this great chain, for "IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH."

The demand for our graduates is THREE TIMES the supply.

Other schools engage our graduates as teachers. A special course for teachers.

Graduates of two years ago are now earning $2,000 per annum.

Three courses—Commercial, Stenography and Telegraphy.

FALL TERM OPENS AUG. 30

Write for particulars.

PETERBORO BUSINESS COLLEGE

GEO. SPOTTON, Principal

BEST MATERIALS ONLY!
BEST WORK ONLY!

If you want satisfaction, try us.

F. G. GAZLEY
Painter & Paperhanger

HARDWARE

¶ A big stock of Black and Galvanized Pipe in stock.

¶ Also a full line of Fittings: Valves, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Inspirators, Ejectors, Flue Cleaners.

¶ All brands of Packing on hand. Lace Leather, Rubber, Cotton and Leather Belting.

¶ Just placed in stock a new lot of Pumps, for wells of any depth.

¶ Asbestic and Wood Fibre Plaster on hand.

¶ Plenty of Government-tested Timothy Seed in stock.

L. MEIKLEJOHN

Added Energy From FIG PILLS

Comes to those who take Fig Pills. Everybody needs them NOW, because they build up the system, inspire you with new interest in life, and Destroy the Blues. A box or two will work wonders on the run-down system. Get a box to-day. 25c. a box, or five boxes for $1.00. For sale at

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DECORATING, PAINTING
PAPER HANGING, GRAINING
HARDWOOD FINISHING

We furnish the best class of Paint materials by way of Pure Lead Oils, Colors, Varnishes, etc. and at most reasonable prices.

Estimates on work to be done are cheerfully furnished.

Wall Papers, Room Mouldings and Burlap at about your own price.

Show Room open every Saturday.

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Fire, Accident & Plate Glass Insurance.

Guardian Fire Insurance Co.
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York Fire Insurance Co.
Crown Fire Insurance Co.
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.
London & Lancashire Guarantee and Accident Co., of Canada.

W. S. MARTIN & SON.
Insurance Agents STIRLING

Madoc Junction Items

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ross spent a day last week at Mr. Geo. Clarke's.

Several from here attended the Gatherin' o' the Clans in Madoc on the 25th.

Mrs. Ed. Bennett spent a day in Belleville visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Cryan.

Mr. and Mrs. Sills of Tweed and Mrs. and Miss Alexander of Picton spent a few days last week at Mr. W. Fitchett's.

Mr. Alvin and Miss Alma White returned to their home in Toronto after spending their holidays with their grandmother, Mrs. E. Bennett.

Harvest is nearly all in, as the whistle of the threshing machine is now heard.

Miss Ethel Smith of Campbellford is the guest of Mrs. Wm. French.

IF SICK--WHY PAY

Unless Health First Returns.

Here is what should and can be done!

Now you would not willingly pay for food that was worthless—would you?

Then why pay for medicine until that medicine first proves to you its actual worth?

Positively knowing what Dr. Shoop's Restorative can do for the sick, I say to all "don't pay unless health first returns". And I back my Restorative with a signed and sealed 30 day "No help, No pay" contract.

I positively pledge to the sick everywhere that *"Dr. Shoop's Restorative is absolutely free if it fails"*. Let others do the same—or else pass their prescriptions by.

If you need more strength, more vitality, more vigor or more vim, use my Restorative a few days and note the immediate improvement.

When the Stomach, Heart, or Kidneys go wrong, then test Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I do not dose the Stomach nor stimulate the Heart or Kidneys, for that is wrong. Years ago I cast away that mistaken idea in medicine. The books below will best tell you how I am succeeding.

These books also tell of a tiny hidden "inside nerve," no larger than a silken thread. They tell how that nerve, until it fails, actually gives to the Heart its power, its tone, its never-ending action or impulse.

These books will open up new and helpful ideas to those who are not well. They tell how the Stomach, and Kidneys each have their "inside" or power nerves. They tell how the Restorative was especially made to reach and revitalize these weak or failing inside nerves. All of these facts tell why I am able to say, "It is free if it fails".

This is why I say *"take no chance on a medicine whose maker dare not back it just as I do by this remarkable offer"*.

So write me today for the order.

I have appointed honest and responsible druggists in nearly every community to issue my medicines to the sick.

But write me first for the order.

All druggists sell Dr. Shoop's Restorative, but all are not authorized to give the 30 day test.

So drop me a line please—and thus save disappointment and delays. Tell me also which book you need.

A postal will do.

Besides, you are free to consult me as you would your home physician. My advice and the book below are yours—and without cost.

Perhaps a word or two from me will clear up some serious ailment. I have helped thousands upon thousands by my private prescription or personal advice plan. My best effort is surely worth your simple request. So write now while you have it fresh in mind, for tomorrow never comes. Dr. Shoop, Box 12, Racine, Wis.

Which Book Shall I Send You?

No. 1 On Dyspepsia
No. 2 On the Heart
No. 3 On the Kidneys
No. 4 For Women
No. 5 For Men
No. 6 On Rheumatism.

Held up for Praise

If many a fashionable Coat tailored by us for the most particular customers. They will stand the limelight—the critical eye of the most fastidious fault-finder. But there are never any faults to find in Fabric, Fit, Fashion or Finish when we make the clothes. We like to make for the particular people—those who understand good clothing best, because we know we can please them with the goods and the prices.

JOHN M. McGEE

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Billheads, Circulars,
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—AND—
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THE

Stirling News-Argus

Is published every Thursday at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Morton's drug store, by

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, $1.00 per year

If paid in advance. If not so paid, $1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

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For ordinary business advertisements:

	PER INCH PER WEEK WHEN INSERTED FOR 1 YEAR.	6 MOS.	3 MOS
Whole col. down to half col.	7c.	8c.	9c.
Half col. down to quarter col.	8	9	10
Quarter col. down to 2 inches	9	10	11

If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, Property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, $10 per year; $6 for six months; $4 for three months; $3 for two months; $2 for one month. One inch, $6 per year. Professional cards, limited to six lines, $4 per year. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge.

Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. $1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE. | STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1909. | Vol. XXXI, No. 1.

NO BETTER CLOTHES THAN 'WARD' MADE CLOTHES

NEWEST PATTERNS AND DESIGNS IN SUITINGS

Just being put into stock. Make your choice now. We will make them up in either the latest New York or English styles. The Fit and Finish we strive to make *second to none.*

Will You Want a New Overcoat?

We have the new Fall Cloths in stock. Take a look!

20 PER CENT. OFF Men's Ready-to-wear Suits / Boys' and Children's Suits } For Cash

For the next Ten Days only. Don't miss this opportunity to save money.

New lines in Shirts, Collars and Ties, Sox Gloves and Underwear and Coat Sweaters, at

FRED T. WARD'S

Specialist in Men's Wear

NOTE: New Fall Hats just in.

FALL MILLINERY OPENING

September 23rd and 24th

And Following Days

Millinery Novelties....

....Pattern Hats

As well as Original Designs from our Workroom.

Our collection will embrace the very Latest and most Exclusive creations.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED!

COOK & FOX

..THE..

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA .. .. .. TORONTO

GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

DRAFTS also issued, payable in any part of the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch: Empire Block. **Stirling and Springbrook Branches: W. M. Chandler and W. S. Martin, Managers**

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE AT THE

NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe	$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire	1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star	1.80
The Weekly Witness	1.80
The Weekly Sun	1.75
The Toronto News (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily)	4.50
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly	$2.30

We are all going to....

STIRLING FAIR

Thursday and Friday, Sept. 23rd and 24th

☞ See local for Marathon and Track Races.

Enormous Loss from Weeds

From Farm and Dairy

If we could see in figures the enormous loss that is annually sustained through growing weeds, we would be more willing, than many of us are, to spend time and money in better cultivation. The loss is not only in the decreased yield of hay, grain, corn or roots, but in the extra labor weeds entail in handling the crop. It takes more power to cut grain where weeds abound, more twine to bind, more labor in stooking, more time to dry the grain, more labor in hauling to the barn, more storage room, more threshing, not to mention the inferior quality of the straw when mixed with weeds. There is no compensation for this extra labor and outlay.

Tallest Trees in the World

That the tallest trees in the world are not the California "big trees" at all, but the Australian eucalyptus, will be a surprise to many Americans, but not to those who have visited the forests of Australia. In that far-away land, under the Southern Cross, grow trees that tower in the air 150 feet higher than the great Sequoia. Some specimens of the Eucalyptus amygdalina reach to the great height of 480 feet, and specimens abound that are from 120 to 200 feet in circumference. The large ones are practically of no use for commercial purposes, as the expense of cutting them down and splitting them up is so great that these monsters are passed by the thrifty lumbermen for the smaller ones that are more easily handled.—Literary Digest.

Anson News

Held over from last week

Miss Vita Bailey returned to Montreal on Monday. She was accompanied as far as Kingston by her sister, Miss Flossie Bailey, and Miss Ella Campbell.

Miss Wanda Snarr and Mr. Charlie Morton spent Sunday, the 29th, the guests of Miss M. McMullen.

Miss Evalena Eggleton spent the last two weeks at her uncle's, Mr. H. Eggleton of West Huntingdon.

Mr. R. Hoard returned on Tuesday evening after visitnig for a week or so with friends in Almonte, Mich.

Miss Pearl Hubble of Bayside is visiting her sister, Miss Bessie Hubble.

Misses Nora and Gladys Bailey of Harold and Mr. A. L. Wellman spent Sunday at the post-office here.

Mr. C. F. Burke of Fuller and Mrs. W. Warren of Havelock spent Monday at Mrs. A. McMullen's.

Miss Margaret McMullen and Miss Ella Hubble are attending Toronto fair.

Mr. E. A. Pearce, Mr. Victor Chambers and Mr. Geo. Wilson of Fenelon Falls spent the week end with Mr. L. E. Pearce.

Mr. L. E. Pearce, who was in Allandale for his examination in telegraphy, was suddenly recalled to Anson on important business.

Mr. Walter O'Boyle who has been relieving at Anson station returned to Stouffville on Wednesday.

Miss M. J. Henderson called on Anson friends on Saturday last.

Mr. Joseph Burke paid a flying visit to Anson on Tuesday last.

Mrs. C. McMullen of Havelock is visiting her sister, Mrs. Reuben Hoard.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Workman spent Sunday in Picton.

Received this week

Mr. H. W. Hanna is spending a week with Bancroft friends.

Mr. L. E. Pearce left on Monday for Allandale, and Mr. J. Reynolds of Lindsay is taking the work in his absence.

Mr. L. J. Burke visited his sister, Mrs. A. McMullen, last week.

Mrs. Hanna of River Valley is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. Pearson.

Drive Rheumatism out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy and see how quickly pain will depart. Rub-ons never did reach the real disease. Rheumatism isn't in the skin. It's deep down—it's constitutional. Getting rid of the pain is, after all, what counts. That is why Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy goes by word of mouth from one to another. And herein lies the popularity of this Remedy. It is winning defenders everywhere, Tablets or liquid. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Twentieth Century Land

BY WILLIAM J. SHANKS
OF OAK HILL LAKE CAMP

Out from the mists of Humanity's sorrows;
Out where the heralds of Destiny stand;
Rises the star of a world's To-morrows
Over the Twentieth Century Land.
Wind-swept of Heaven are the sentinel mountains;
Sun-kissed the prairies that melt into space;
Rivers and forest-girt lakes are the fountains
Brimming with pulse-beats for Industry's race.

Soil of a million suns! Seed-time and Reaping
Rouse thee from sleep with a Midas-tipped wand;
World-weary argonauts westward are keeping
Tryst in the Twentieth Century Land.
Last of the Earth's virgin hearts to surrender;
Queen of an Empire that follows the sun;
Strong men are wooing thee—loyal and tender
Millions of patriots phalanxed as one.

Dreams of the Ages in thee find fruition;
Freemen rejoice as thy glories expand;
Beacon-lights burning, hold true to thy mission!
Canada! Twentieth Century Land!

Seventh Line, Sidney

Mr. Geo. Bolton has gone to the Northwest.

Mr. B. Beagle of Rochester is home again for some time.

Mr. Earl Morrow has begun working on the Trent Valley canal at Glen Ross.

Mr. B. Richardson was in Toronto for a few days last week.

Mrs. McNary of River Valley, aged 75 years, walked to Stirling and carried several pounds of butter and then carried 12 lbs. of sugar and two loaves of bread home before dinner. In the afternoon she walked to a funeral at Marsh Hill and back again, the round trip being about 16 miles. This she did on the 7th inst, and it is certainly an excellent record for one of her age.

August Report of S. S. No. 17, Sidney

Names in order of merit.

Sr. IV.—J MacDonald, E Mabee, I Jarvis E Lohnes absent.

Jr. IV.—F Bell, L Jarvis, C Rupert.

Sr. III.—E Mabee, F Armstrong, G Wallis, H Lohnes absent.

Sr. II.—E Wannamaker, M Sullivan.

Jr. II.—H Rupert, P Wannamaker absent.

Pt. II.—R Armstrong.

Pt. I.—(a) D MacDonald, K Sullivan, H Sullivan.

(b) F Hearnes, F Wannamaker, H MacDonald absent.

(c) B Hearnes, R Wallis, A Sullivan, W Chard, N Kellar.

Average atteudance 19.77.

H. T. MCMULLEN, Teacher.

The reconstruction of the wing of the Prrliament buildings at Toronto, recently destroyed by fire, will be commenced at once.

Campbellford Herald: There have been a few cases of scarlet fever in town during the summer months, but the disease seems to be pretty well under control. Only one death has resulted from it.

Mr. Collingwood Schreiber says the Grand Trunk Pacific will never be built with white labor. There are two thousand men working in British Columbia now, and in a short time 25,000 will be required, with little prospect of getting them.

The latest report regarding the survey of the Canadian Northern Railway from Toronto to Ottawa states that it will leave the line now built a short distance north of Toronto and pass through Hampton and Orono, thence to Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton and Belleville. After leaving Belleville it will bear off to the North direct to Ottawa.

This autumn the length of the Canadian Pacific Railway lines in Canada will cross the ten thousand-mile mark. The road has 9.879 miles in the Dominion, and is building 403 additional miles, most of which will be completed this season. Including controlled roads in the United States, the management operates 14,561 miles of track.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by all dealers.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established in the Year 1817

Paid up Capital - - $14,400,000
Reserve - - - $12,000,000

Accounts opened with Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers.

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Stirling Fall Fair Sept. 23, 24

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER XXI.—(Cont'd)

Accordingly, that very evening, Allison and Lady Bromley were consulted as to the plan, and both heartily seconded it, greatly to the young lover's gratification, whereupon there followed an earnest consultation regarding ways and means and time.

"How long will it take you ladies to make the necessary arrangements?" the young man inquired.

"That will depend somewhat upon your own and Allison's wishes regarding the matter," Lady Bromley smilingly observed. "Do you want a wedding—I mean a society affair?"

Gerald glanced at Allison, who smiled, flushed, and then shook her pretty head with a somewhat doubtful air.

He understood her. She was not quite sure whether she ought to wish for a brilliant wedding, such as young ladies in her circle usually aspired to. She was no longer Miss Brewster, the heiress, although practically her position was unchanged. Then, Mr. Brewster had been dead only a little over a year, and she was not out of mourning, although gradually lightening the sombre hues which she had hitherto worn. This was something of what he read in her expressive face and hesitation of manner. But knowing how all the fondest hopes of the banker had been centred in this beautiful girl, knowing that he had never denied her a wish from her infancy up, and that he would have spared no effort or expense to make her marriage the one important event in her life, Gerald felt that due respect ought to be paid to what he believed he would have desired, as well as to the expectations of society in general.

"It is customary for the bride to have her say upon a question of that nature, I believe," he smilingly observed, after considering for a few moments; "but if I may be allowed, I would like to express myself freely, and then you can do as you like."

"Certainly you may be allowed, and I am sure that Allison will be glad to know your preference in the matter," said Lady Bromley.

"Indeed, I would," asserted the fair bride-elect eagerly. "I should be glad to shift the responsibility of the whole affair upon his shoulders."

"Well then," returned her lover, his fond eyes fastened upon her face, that he might catch its every varying expression, "I think there ought to be a wedding — not too elaborate an affair, perhaps, because of him whom we lost last year, but as near an approach to a society function, such as he would have desired, as may be consistent."

"Gerald, how thoughtful you are! You always say and do just the nicest and most appropriate things," Allison exclaimed, her face glowing with pleasure, yet with a thrill of emotion in her tones, as her thoughts reverted to her father and how she would miss him in the coming festivities.

"And Allison," he continued, "I want you to be married from your old home, just the same as if everything had remained unchanged. Mr. Lyttleton thinks we must sail about the middle of April—that will give you fully two months, which ought to be time enough, with sufficient help, to do everything in a proper and becoming manner. My plan is this—to have the old house opened, and you, with Lady Bromley to matronize you, take up your abode there at once. I will advertise for your old housekeeper, Mrs. Pollard, and if she can be found I know that she will be delighted to resume her former position, and will soon have everything in apple-pie order for you. What do you say, dear?"

But Allison could not reply to this. The thought of going back to the dear old home, which she had believed lost to her forever — of planning for her marriage beneath its friendly shelter, and surrounded by familiar and well-beloved objects, around which clustered so many tender memories, aroused emotions which she found it difficult to master. Lady Bromley, seeing how near she was to breaking down, hastened to fill the gap.

"It will be just the nicest arrangement in the world!" she said brightly, "and it is so like you to think of it, Gerald. I am sure, too, that your suggestion with reference to a wedding is the right and proper thing to do—just what your father would have wished, Allison, and I know you will be happy to be at home once more."

"Indeed, yes," was all that the agitated girl could say; but she laid her hand into Gerald's, at the time lifting to him a look which told him more plainly than words how grateful she was to have everything so delightfully arranged for her.

Mrs. Pollard was advertised for the very next day, and on the second morning afterward presented herself in Lady Bromley's apartments, where she was almost overcome upon meeting Allison and learning what was wanted of her.

In a week's time the house was in perfect order and everything running as smoothly and methodically as when Mr. Brewster was living, the only thing lacking to make the home life complete being his genial presence. Lady Bromley, however, brightened the home with her charming personality, and, throwing herself vigorously into the work before her, soon had the satisfaction of seeing Allison absorbed in matters pertaining to her trousseau, to the exclusion of all that was sad or depressing.

Gerald established himself in handsome lodgings nearby, where he could drop in upon them whenever he felt inclined, and every passing day only served to make life seem brighter to them all.

At the end of a month cards were issued announcing the approaching marriage, and inviting a long list of friends to be present at the nuptials and reception following.

CHAPTER XXII.

Mrs. Manning and her children, with whom Allison had exchanged frequent visits before leaving Boston, were to spend this last month with her—Mr. Manning coming later in season for the wedding—and Mrs. Bryant was to be the guest of Lady Bromley during the week preceding the event.

Thus time flew, and two days previous to the wedding the house was full of happy, congenial people, all deeply interested in the affairs of the lovely bride-elect, especially in the elegant gifts which had been pouring in thick and fast for more than a week, and in the trousseau, which Gerald had privately instructed Lady Bromley must be the daintiest and nicest which her exquisite taste could suggest. On this particular afternoon, the Lyttletons, with Mr. and Mrs. Lyman, had ben invited to dine with the family, and after dinner they were all gathered in the drawing-room, a jolly, happy company of twelve, when a maid entered, and, going to Allison, informed her that Mademoiselle Fromonte, the modiste, had arrived with a special reception-dress which had been sent home once before, but had to be taken away again for some alterations. Mademoiselle now wished to try it on, to be sure that it was all right before letting it go out of her hands.

"Ah!" said Lady Bromley, who had overheard the message. "I am glad it has come—now everything is complete. Helen, it is that lovely pearl-gray brocade with the rose trimmings that I was telling you about," she added to Mrs. Bryant.

"Oh, Allison, let me go up with you and see it tried on," said that lady, turning eagerly to her. "I've seen all the rest, you know, but this will have to be packed immediately, and I shall miss it otherwise."

"Why cannot we other ladies have the same privilege?" smilingly inquired Mrs. Lyttleton. "We all love pretty things."

"So do the gentlemen, also," Mr. Lyman here piped up, whereupon there was a general laugh at his expense.

"Well, well! Mr. Lyman, I am surprised to find a man of your age so fond of girlish finery," merrily cried Lady Bromley, who was excessively amused. "Allison"—turning gaily to her—"there is but one thing for you to do; go up and let Mademoiselle Fromonte put on the robe, then come down and give us all a look at it."

"And make a show-figure of myself?" protested Allison, blushing.

"Oh, we are all friends, and you are an object of special interest just now. Run along, dear, and let us have our way," said Mrs. Lyman coaxingly.

The fair girl tripped away without more ado, but twenty minutes later the portieres parted again, to reveal a vision of loveliness which brought an exclamation of delight to every lip, a look of fond admiration to every eye.

Mrs. Bryant sprang forward to meet her, clasped her by the hand, and drew her forward to the centre of the room, directly beneath the chandelier, her delighted eyes feasting themselves upon the beauty before her.

But suddenly she stopped short, her figure grew rigid as marble, her face grew pale as death, a wild, frightened look sweeping over her features; then, with a shriek that froze the blood of every listener, she threw up her hands and fell senseless into the arms of Gerald, who sprang forward to catch her.

The whole company was thrown into the greatest excitement by this unexpected and alarming occurrence. Lady Bromley fell upon her knees beside her friend, her face betraying great anxiety and distress.

"What could have caused such an attack?" she murmured apprehensively. "Open the windows, somebody, so that she may have plenty of air."

Mr. Lyttleton sprang to obey her, and throwing open a sash, the cool evening air swept refreshingly into the apartment, and the unconscious woman began to revive almost immediately. She soon sat up, and looked around the room in search of Allison.

The girl was sitting at the foot of the sofa, and was regarding her guest with an expression of fear and anxiety. It seemed to her that she could not bear to have her wedding marred by a single untoward event

"Oh, was it all a dream?" cried Mrs. Bryant, trying to rise to her feet as her glance fell upon the young girl.

"Was what a dream, Helen?" inquired Lady Bromley. "What was it that shocked you so?" Why did you faint?"

Mrs. Bryant did not reply. Her attention seemed all concentrated upon Allison, toward whom she tottered weakly, and, bending over her, clutched eagerly at something upon her neck.

"No, no! I did not dream it!" she cried, shivering from head to foot. "Mabel! Mabel! Look! look!" and holding up the object which she had seized with one hand, she pointed at it with the other to attract Lady Bromley's attention. It was the golden key which was Allison's only heritage, save that of love.

Around her throat was clasped the delicate chain with the key suspended from it.

Lady Bromley went quickly to Allison to ascertain what had so excited her friend. The effect produced upon her as she caught sight of the golden key was scarcely less remarkable than that exhibited by her friend.

"Heavens!" she exclaimed wildly and with ashen lips, while she grasped Allison by the arm. "Where did you get it?"

The startled heart of the girl leaped into her throat at the question, and she could make no reply. She turned a troubled, appealing look upon Gerald, who instantly came to her side, an eager expression on his face, for he believed they were on the verge of a wonderful revelation.

"Lady Bromley," he observed gravely, "I have told you, and we all know, that Allison was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Brewster when she was an infant. Since we are practically a family-party, I may safely mention the fact that she was a deserted babe, found by Mrs. Brewster's sister. That golden key was pinned upon her dress, and—"

Gerald was suddenly cut short at this point by the strange behavior of Lady Bromley, who fell upon her knees beside Allison, and, winding her arms around her slender, graceful form, bowed her head upon her neck and sobbed brokenly:

"Found! Oh, my darling, I have found you at last! What a blessed release from the cruel bondage in which I have lived all my life! For years I have carried a crushed and bleeding heart in my breast, for almost a quarter of a century I have struggled and fought with a guilty conscience."

She paused, utterly overcome, her tears flowing like rain, while Mrs. Bryant betrayed almost equal emotion. Allison, however, was strangely calm, and her face, though pale, was illumined by some intense inward joy.

"Gerald," she said as she lifted her shining eyes to him, at the same time throwing her right arm around the form of the kneeling, weeping woman, "she is my mother!"

Before the young man could respond, Mr. Lyttleton came to his sister's side, his countenance wearing a somewhat stern, but wholly puzzled expression.

"Mabel!" he exclaimed somewhat sharply. "What in the name of all that's mysterious is the meaning of this strange scene and your wild utterances? You are conducting yourself in the most unaccountable manner, while there appears to be some important secret which you and Mrs. Bryant share, but which is not apparent to the rest of us. I think you would do well to calm yourself and give us an explanation."

His tone did more toward producing this result than any other treatment could have done.

Lady Bromley immediately arose and turned to confront her brother, but with an air of dignity which at once assured him that whatever the nature of her secret, she had it in her power to explain everything to his entire satisfaction.

She did not move from Allison's side, however. She had clasped one of her hands in hers, and now stood there clinging to it while she replied to Mr. Lyttleton.

"Richard," she said, meeting his glance calmly, while there was a ring of gladness in her tones which he had not heard in them since her girlhood, "the secret of more than twenty years is a secret no longer, for this dear girl is my daughter!"

"Mabel, are you crazy?" cried the startled man, and regarding her as if he really feared that her reason had suddenly been deranged.

"No. It is apparent that you are thunderstruck at the revelation," she returned, with a nervous laugh, "but what I have told you is true, and Helen can prove the statement."

"But, Mabel, you have always said that you had no children," her brother sternly replied.

"And I spoke no falsehood, for fate and my own unpardonable rashness conspired to rob me of the only treasure that I ever had," said the agitated woman, in a tone of anguish.

"Explain yourself, if you please," commanded Mr. Lyttleton. "Here take this chair," he added more gently, as he rolled one to her side. "Sit down, everybody, while we have this remarkable denouncement elucidated; for"—straightening himself with an energetic movement, a swift look of triumph sweeping over his features—"upon the proof of my sister's assertion there hangs a fortune."

Gerald started violently at his words, and comprehended at once that if it could be proved that Allison was the daughter of Sir Charles and Lady Bromley, there would be no further difficulty about settling the long-contested and complicated "Bromley Case." The appearance of a direct heir was all that was needed to bring it to a speedy issue.

(To be continued.)

On the Farm

EFFECT OF DIET ON SHEEP.

Everyone who has kept a large flock of sheep must have experienced what are called strokes of bad luck. These misfortunes may occur at any time, but mostly happen at transitional periods of the year or in connection with some crisis in the annual history, of which lambing is the best example. The mysterious nature of these attacks has always been a puzzle to flockmasters, for sheep are hardy creatures when well, and the appearance of the flock may well warrant confidence in their well being. Suddenly a death is reported, which causes no particular surprise or alarm. If, however, such a casualty is succeeded by others of a similar nature, a different feeling is aroused, and the owner and the shepherd are found in close consultation in order to find a cause. Meanwhile the mischief continues, and each morning, or seldomer, fresh deaths or cases are reported, and it soon appears that for some reason or other, the flock has been upset. Inquiries are instituted, perhaps in these columns, intestines are sent up to experts, veterinary assistance is called in, all too often to little purpose. The mischief continues, until it appears to exhaust itself, confidence is gradually restored, and the matter is attributed to those misfortunes which appear to be inseparably connected with the maintenance of a large herd of live stock.

I write entirely from personal experience, with some knowledge of sheep and science; but in such cases neither the one nor the other appears sufficient to stop the mortality, which, be it remarked, is not due to any specific outbreak such as rot, lung trouble, or gid, but seems to be due to a general upset of the digestive system. It is accompanied by diarrhoea, constipation, impaction; and death is followed by frothing of the mouth and enormous distension of the abdomen. It may attack lambs, tegs, or ewes, and appears to be attributable to errors of diet. In some cases death is sudden, a ewe falling down dead at the hay-crib. More often a shepherd leaves animals apparently in good health at night, and finds one or two stiff and blown up in the morning. The master becomes almost afraid to visit his flock or to ask after them and is daily worried by bad news. Now the best thing he can do, under such difficult circumstances, is to shift his sheep on to entirely new ground and new food, and this measure is often eminently successful, so that the plague is stayed almost immediately. The problem is, however, by no means solved, for in the first instance it was not suspected that anything was wrong in the general management. Hay, roots, cake, and daily outrun are all in accordance with good feeding; but for some reason, more or less occult, the particular food and situation appears to have upset the flock. The difficulty lies in foretelling the mischief, for neither shepherd nor master anticipated it, and it is scarcely likely that anything will be done till something has happened. When, however, the toscin sounds it is time to act promptly, and the treatment must be in the direction of change of food and situation.

I will next give a few cases in which I have been caught napping and had to bear the brunt of the loss. The first instance occurred in my days of pupilage, when I was a spectator rather than a sufferer. There was sad loss of ewes and lambs under able management, the cause being eventually traced to food. It happened in early spring in mild weather, which caused the turnip greens to shoot and flower, and the cause was, no doubt, too succulent food, containing crude nitrogenous matter (omides), which acted injuriously upon the sheep, upsetting their digestion and poisoning the blood. The second case occurred to myself, and it is noteworthy that it happened during my first year of farming. The previous tenant had allowed his hay to stand till it was too old, probably with the wish to secure as big a block of hay for valuation as possible. In the succeeding spring the turnips ran, and the consequences were innutritious hay, and imperfectly developed green food. The result was a rapid falling off in condition of the flock, which unfortunately was hidden from me by an accident, which kept me on my back. The result was the death of about sixty ewes and all their lambs, and it was long before the survivors recovered their normal strength. The serious misfortune was entirely due to errors in feeding, and I will pass on to another. Some years ago my ewes were affected with sore teeth, which communicated itself to the lips of the lambs, and the consequence was that the lambs could only suck with pain, and the ewes crouched and stamped when the lambs attempted to approach them. This proved fatal to many ewes and lambs, and was difficult to account for. It, however gradually become apparent that it was caused by a heated state of blood, brought about by diet of clover hay, with an allowance of cotton cake—too albuminous in its character. There was no roots that year, and clover hay, cotton cake and water were too heating. All went on for some weeks, but the heated condition of the blood seemed to fly to the teats and spread to the udders, affecting the lambs as well. Both ewes and lambs, being above ordinary value, made this a serious matter, and was a great trial to the shepherd, who was in excellent spirits during the lambing time, and had a capital "breed" of lambs. On another occasion, when roots were scarce and hay and water was alternative, the ewes became constipated, and when lambing time came many ewes were affected with hemorrahage and several died. This also was attributed to a heated condition of blood, owing to eating much clover hay (i.e., mixed clover and beets), without roots. It they had received meadow hay and a few white turnips the mischief would not have happened. In this connection it may be remarked that the same course of feeding might easily have proved harmless, for these strokes of bad luck appear to be due to a combination of circumstances. If however, a sheep farmer has once experienced a loss, and traced it to such causes as have been mentioned, nothing will persuade him to repeat it. He will hear of others doing the same thing without evil consequence, but his mind is made up. I have known a flockmaster say that he would not allow his flock to walk over a field of swedes before lambing, and, doubtless, he had got reason for his vow. Still, others do so, and think nothing of it, because they have not been bitten—but once bitten, twice shy. Food, no doubt, is a very principal item in sheep amanagement, and is so important that it cannot be dismissed in one short article. I therefore, shall hope to give a few more cases at a future time, bearing upon the vast importance of judicious feeding.—J. W., in Live Stock Journal.

FORTUNES IN "CORNERS"

MILLIONS WON AND LOST IN A SINGLE DAY.

A Great Many Americans are Never Happy Unless They are Gambling.

"Corner" is merely another name for a trust or monopoly. One man, a firm, or a syndicate of firms arrange their speculations with a view to controlling the whole of a certain commodity, such as meat, wheat, or cotton, for instance. If they succeed in obtaining this monopoly, then they can create a scarcity which causes the prices to rise, and enables them to ultimately sell out at huge profits.

It is by this means that Mr. J. A. Patten, the celebrated Chicago financier, made profit at the rate of $500,000 a day recently, through "cornering" many million bushels of wheat. The consequence was that the "man in the street" had to pay more for his bread, although Mr. Patten maintains that it was the shortage of the crop and unfavorable weather conditions which made the prices of flour and wheat go up, and that he was simply shrewd enough to take advantage of that circumstance.

PITTSBURG BREAD KINGS.

And while Mr. Patten has been busy in the Chicago wheat "pit," Messrs. Ward and Evans, the bread kings of Pittsburg, have been inaugurating a new company, capitalized at $8,000,000, which will probably "corner" the bakery trade. This new company is said to have acquired large wheat areas in the West, and will be able to obtain its supplies without the intervention of the middleman. In fact, the new combination from the wheat-fields to the bake-house, will make a strong fight to control the whole Eastern market.

Whether they will succeed or not is another matter, for these attempts at "cornering" are often attended with disastrous results. Readers may remember how Mr. Joseph Leiter endeavored to establish a wheat "corner" ten years ago, miscalculated, and on account of the slump in prices found himself with 35,000,000 bushels of wheat on hand, and lost $1,500,000 in a few hours.

LOSSES AND GAINS.

It is true that Mr. E. P. Hutchinson, familiarly known as "Old Hutch," got complete control of the wheat market in 1888; and, by buying at 75 cents a bushel and selling at $2.50, made an enormous fortune; but when, two years later, those very shrewd men, Mr. Mackay and Mr. Flood, cornered 9,000,000 bushels, they were glad to escape with a loss of $2,500,000. In the 'seventies Messrs. Lyon and Co. dropped $10,00,000 over their "corner" in wheat; while in 1887 Edward Harper, in a wheat deal on the Chicago Exchange, lost $3,500,000.

An American syndicate some time ago created a "corner" in biscuits—capital $55,000,000! Between Salt Lake City on the west, Portland on the east, St. Paul on the north, and New Orleans on the south—an area of several thousand square miles—no person was able to eat a biscuit without paying tribute to this commercial octupus.

COTTON "CORNERS."

In 1881 an attempt was made in Liverpool to "corner" cotton, the looms in Lancashire being stopped by way of counter-action. The "corner" came to an end in a few days, Mr. Morris Ranger, a great cottoin speculator, failing two years later and causing much disaster. This was the first of several cotton "corners" attempted in Liverpool during the 'eighties, all of which proved unsuccessful.

About the time that Mr. Leiter tried to "corner" the world's wheat supply, a gigantic milk trust, with a capital of $12,000,000, furnished chiefly by British speculators, was projected in New York City, while about the same time a British-American Corporation obtained practical control of the fisheries of the great Canadian lakes, thanks to a trust with a capital of $5,000,000. The countless millions of fish disporting in the waters of these mighty lakes can only do so by permission of these monopolists.

CURIOUS "CORNERS."

The modern history of steel and oil, of course, provides some of the most striking examples of the power of trusts and combines, and such men as Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Andrew Carnegie owe their millions practically to the "cornering" of the markets.

There are some amusing features in the history of "corners," and some curious commercial enterprises have been suggested of late years. It is only two years ago that a group of New York financiers thought out a scheme for "cornering" the output of the world's Bibles. They arranged that all the great printing and distributing houses should combine, thus reducing the cost of production, administration, and distribution to a minimum. An all-round increase of 40 per cent. in prices was to be introduced, an enormous profits were estimated. But people in England refused to have anything to do with the idea, and thus an amazing American scheme was brought to an end—at least, so far as international business was concerned.

PARROT AND MONKEY TRUST

It was reported in 1906 that the waters of the Jordan had been "cornered," a certain American colonel having obtained from the Turkish Government the exclusive concession to export the water of this famous river. Indeed, there seems no limit to "cornering" propensities of the American financier; and, amazing though it may seem a combine was actually formed two or three years ago, with a capital of $500,000, to "corner" monkeys, parrots, and all cage pets.

Kneeling on the floor a married woman named Mileham was found dead at Yarmouth, with her head in a zinc washing bath containing two or three gallons of water.

Addington Palace, near Croydon, a Georgian structure which was formerly one of the homes of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and practically the whole Addington Village is for sale.

Some Saxon painting on an old Saxon wall and part of a Norman piscina have been discovered during repairs at Stoke D'Abernon Church, Surrey, while the sexton has unearthed the top of a censer of 1,000 A.D. in the churchyard.

TO MAKE A BETTER WORLD

Proper Solicitude For Others Is the Duty of Every Christian.

We that are strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak, and not please ourselves. Let every one of us please his neighbor for his good to edification, for even Christ pleased not Himself.—Romans xv. 1, 2, 3.

Certain capacious critics have objected to religion on the ground that it chiefly has to do with the world to come and not with our present work in this world.

This is untrue. Religion has not chiefly to do with another world. It has chiefly to do with right living now and here, our present duty to ourselves, to God and to our neighbor. We all know that it is not an easy thing to live as we should. At the best it is hard to order our lives aright. We need the aid of everything that can help us to this, and then, even, we will sadly come short of

OUR WHOLE DUTY TO GOD,

to ourselves and to those around us.

We certainly cannot afford to dispense with any help to holiness. To lessen or destroy any assistance to good conduct would be to lessen the safety of society and the value of life. Now, it is certain that "the fear of God" is a restraint and a powerful restraint to many people, as it should be. To lessen or destroy in oue's mind all fear of "a certain looking-for of judgment" would seriously imperil the security of society. As to this there can be no question. Nor can there be any question that to rob human kind of the consolations of Christianity would be an irreparable loss, as was so pathetically admitted by John Stuart Mill.

No, it would not be better, or anything like as well, for people to give time and thought to temporal affairs without any regard to their eternal well being. It might as well be said that it would be better to bring up a boy without regard to his ever being a man. His whole training has reference to the future, and what he is to be and do. Nor should it be planned only with reference to the brief years of his mortal life, but with regard to what he will be

FOREVER AND EVER.

The supposition that Christianity has to do only with the life of the world to come is altogether a mistake. As every one knows, the Bible—and above all, the teachings of Jesus Christ—abounds in good advice as to right living now and here in this world, which if fully put in practice would make human life a thousand times better, safer and sweeter than it is. Take the teaching of the text as an example:

"Let every one of us please his neighbor for his good to edification, for even Christ pleased not Himself."

Think what a blessed thing it would be if every man, woman and child the world over would begin doing this to-day. Why, in such case every house and home on earth would be lightened and sanctified and glorified, and God's will would begin to be done on earth as it is done in heaven.

REV. A. W. SNYDER.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, SEPT. 19.

Lesson XII. Third Quarterly Review. Golden Text, Acts 19: 20.

SIMPLE PLANS FOR REVIEW.

Not very long ago Bishop Quayle, with great wisdom, advised the Sunday school teachers of Methodism to regard each Review as a bird's-eye view of a large landscape, not as a process of analysis or dissection. In travelling along a road we are taken up with first this and then that; we see things by fragments. The Review comes to show us that we are not studying things, but a thing, to give to us the vision of the whole. The bishop described a learned man who could break up a human life in all its fragments; physiology, anatomy, neurology, psychology, nerve, muscle, valve, gray matter, white matter, thought, affection, volition. But what society and God need is not the fragments of a man, but the living man; and what we need from our quarter's lessons is not eleven bits of lessons, but the one great vital truth. That truth in this case hangs on the little word which our Golden Text begins: So—"So mightily grew the word of God and prevailed." These words were first written in connection with the story of Paul's adventures at Ephesus, but they apply equally to all the lessons.

If we ask, "How did the word of God grow mightily and prevail?" we may find in our eleven successive Golden Texts the gist of our replies.

Christianity grows, in the first place (Lesson I.), by God's direct impulse and guidance, by the obedience of his servants, and by the hospitality of honest inquirers. God sent the message, "Come over into Macedonia"; Paul went "immediately"; Lydia attended to his teachings and was blessed and made a blessing.

In the second place (Lesson II.) the growth of the word of God depends on saving faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, which, as we have previously noted, consists of three things; belief in a doctrine, dependence on a promise, and fidelity to a Person.

Lesson III. shows how the study of God's written Word, searching the Scriptures, brings about the progress of his cause.

The essential spirituality of all true worship comes to our notice in Lesson IV. There can be no real worship except "in spirit and in truth."

The story of Lesson V. is a beautiful exemplification of its Golden Text—a world full of tribulation; a Saviour full of helpfulness and cheer.

Lesson VI. gives in detail instructions how to live an effective Christian life by doing no evil and ever following that which is good.

The conditions in Ephesus which brought about the magnifying of the name of the Lord Jesus (Lesson VII.) will bring about similar results everywhere.

Lesson VIII. shows how apparent defeat is turned by God into real victory: "My strength is made perfect in weakness."

From Lesson IX. we learn (what may be illustrated also by next Sunday's lesson) that the kernel of the Christian religion is love.

Lessons X. and XI., each in its own way and by its story, teach how genuine adherence to Christ brings real victory to the Christian.

All these stories studied Sunday after Sunday during the quarter may be recalled by the words of our Golden Text: "So mightily grew the word of God and prevailed."

COOK'S GREAT JOURNEY.

Travelled 6,000 Miles to Cook Terrapin for English Epicure.

George W. Harvey, the inventor of steamed oysters, and a famous restaurant keeper, who died at Washington recently, was once the hero of an incident that in some respects made the exploits of Lucullus and other noted gourmets of ancient Rome look cheap and common-place. He made a six-thousand-mile journey to cook or supervise the cooking of a single course of a dinner.

A wealthy Englishman, noted for his love of good living, while on a visit to Washington, was given a dinner at Harvey's, at which terrapin formed the piece de resistance. It was the first time the Englishman had encountered the famous Maryland delicacy, and it made an instantaneous and profound hit with him. He decided that he would introduce the dish to his London friends, and at once entered into negotiations with Harvey to come to London and do the cooking.

Harvey named his price, and it was accepted without a murmur, although it was a stiff one, as he was a very portly man, and did not like to travel. At the appointed time he engaged his passage for England, took a sufficient number of live terrapin along with him, and sailed for London. He supervised the preparation of the turtles in the kitchen of his generous employer, saw they were cooked and served properly, collected his $1,000 honorarium and his expenses, and took the next steamer back to New York.

REQUITAL.

No land so broad, no sea so wide,
That, passing o'er, I lose my thought of thee;
No day so long, or ever slow the tide,
But quicker is my pulse—
I know thou lovest me.

No darkness deep, no day so bright
But, passing by, suggests a thought of thee;
Though deep the sea, though high the stars at night;
Each indicates the love
I know thou hast for me.

Life is too brief—eternity
Will scarce give space, if thou shouldst list to me;
For word and look—no, these may never tell
How deep the longing that
My heart aye holds for thee!

Arthur Gibson Morse.

WOLF NOT SO BAD.

They are Not to be Compared with Evil Men.

Three times within a week I have heard evil men compared with wolves, to the great scandal of the latter, says a writer in The London Post. For years I have spent my winter vacation in studying the wolf packs of the Far North, and I had nothing to warrant our comparing them with men who oppose their fellows. On the contrary, wolves do not steal from one another; they never kill one another, either quickly, like Turks, or by slow starvation, like the food speculators; neither do they kill weaker creatures indiscriminately, like our mighty hunters. And they never, even when hungry, attempt to corner the food supply for themselves.

If a wolf, having killed a deer, which was more than he could eat, should attempt to claim the whole carcass for himself, or to prevent other hungry wolves from feeding freely, there would be never a word or a growl uttered in protest, but his selfish claim for more than he needed would last just long enough for the nearest wolf to reach his throat—a short shrift, since the spring of a wolf is like a glint of light in its speed and certainty. In a word, wolves do not compete—they co-operate with one another, and their sociology, such as it is, is in many respects better than our own, since it rests upon natural and wholesome instincts.

The wolf, like all other purely natural animals, hunts only for food, takes the first thing which satisfies his hunger, and then lets all other animals severely alone. One day last March I followed the trail of eight wolves for a distance of at least ten miles. They had gone through swamps where rabbits, their natural food, were plentiful; they had passed through three deer yards, one of which contained a dozen animals, and had jumped two deer so close that they must have heard or smelled them, but they had not chased or hunted a single animal. And the explanation lay at the other end of the trail. They had killed a buck that morning, had eaten what they wanted and were now minding their own business as all other wild animals do.

SECRETS OF WINE-TASTERS.

Can Tell the Region Where Wine Was Made by the Odor.

A recent French writer enumerates some of the precautions that must be observed by a good wine-taster. He must, in the first place, have been tasting for some little time, and he must not be a smoker. Certain powerful flavors alter the taste of the wine entirely, and must be avoided. Such are the salt relishes used to revive a jaded thirst, and even the nuts and cheese recommended by some to lovers of good wines. The expert taster must approach his task with virgin palate. He must try only one wine at a sitting, and must drink water after each taste to prepare himself for the next.

Some tasters even go as far as to rinse the throat first with Vichy and then with pure water. The wine is then first inspected, then smelled, and finally tasted. The inspection may show various things. New red wines, for instance, are bright; older ones are more yellowish. Old wines are always clear when good, but slight cloudiness is not necessarily a bad sign in new ones.

The odor test is very important, as the bouquet reveals many secrets to the expert, who can often tell by it the precise region where the wine was made, besides detecting adultration, if any has been attempted. The tasting proper, which comes last of all, also depends very largely on the sense of smell, as we are told by the physiologists, and also on that of feeling, by which the expert's tongue, for example, distinguishes between a rough and smooth or velvety taste. The real sense of taste tells the taster whether the wine is sweet or bitter, and enables him to make other similar distinctions.

The wine is well spread over the mucous surface of the mouth in tasting, and is retained until warmed. It it is swgallowed too soon, much of the effect is lost. Often, too, a young wine that tastes somewhat thin and rough at first reveals after an instant that it has body and gives promise of delicacy.

WORLD'S LONGEST BRIDGE.

Plans have been completed for uniting New York with the City of New Jersey by a colossal suspension bridge, the longest in the world, across the River Hudson. The bridge will be 7,400 feet long, cost $20,000,000, serve 500,000 people daily, and accommodate 20,000 vehicles every twenty-four hours. Five enormous steel cables, stretched across two huge pillars, half stone and half steel, each 23 feet high, will carry a total weight of 200,000 tons. Each cable, capable of sustaining a weight of 40,000 tons, will be 2 feet in diameter, and composed of many wires laid parallel to each other, but not twisted. The cost will be borne by the States of New York and New Jersey.

The Home

SEASONABLE RECIPES.

Muskmelon Punch.—Press the pulp of fine flavored musk melons through a sieve until you have a quart of juice. Add half the quantity of ice water and the juice of two lemons. Sweeten to taste, strain, and serve with cracked ice.

Pineapple Punch.—One cupful of chopped pineapple, three sliced lemons, and one large orange also sliced. Add one heaping cupful of granulated sugar and pound well; add three pints of water, stir well, and strain. Chill thoroughly before serving.

Ham (Southern).—Slice of ham one inch thick. Have the skillet smoking hot. Put in ham and sear both sides; turn constantly until a golden brown. Lower the fire, add one tablespoonful sugar; spread it well over the top of the ham. Cover tightly and let cook slowly for twenty minutes.

Ice Tea.—Steep required amount of tea in boiling water for five minutes. Pour tea off the leaves and dilute with amount of cold water necessary. Fill glasses two-thirds full with cracked ice. Put a slice of lemon and a sprig of mint in each glass and pour in the tea—a most refreshing drink.

Cool Drinks.—Make strong coffee by using one heaping tablespoonful of coffee to each half cup of boiling water. Let boil, then add half a cupful of cold water. Strain and add to it an equal portion of boiling hot milk, sweeten slightly, and chill by standing in a refrigerator or pack in ice. Serve in thin glass with whipped cream.

Refreshing Drink.—A cool, refreshing drink is made by using two teaspoonfuls of any fruit vinegar to a glass of water. To make the vineager, put two quarts of any kind of berries, or grapes, in a crock covered with good cider vinegar, and let stand for twenty-four hours. Then bring to the boiling point. Mash the fruit and strain through a cloth. Measure the juice and add an equal quantity of granulated sugar. Boil fifteen minutes and can or bottle while hot.

Salad Dressing.—One tablespoonful of flour, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, one of dry mustard or two of prepared mustard, a dash of red pepper; mix together, beat the yolks of three eggs light, add a teacupful of vinegar. Cook all together in double boiler until it thickens, add a heaping teaspoonful of butter, beat well. Let cool and if convenient add a little either sweet or sour cream, not milk. This dressing poured over finely chopped cabbage has made more than one dinner famous.

PEACHES.

Peach Dainties.—Froze Peaches—Remove the peel from firm, ripe peaches by dipping them for a minute in boiling water, then rubbing them with a rough cloth. Quarter the fruit, removing the stones, and sprinkle with lemon juice to prevent them from discoloring. Boil a pound of granulated sugar with half a cupful of water until it forms a thick syrup, then put the peaches into this and gently simmer for a minute or two. Put in the freezer, removing the dasher, and pack about with ice and salt, and freeze to the consistency of water ice.

Surprise Peaches—Select large peaches, peel, halve, and stone, then fill the stone hollow with vanilla ice cream, covering with the other half of the peach, holding it in place with a wooden toothpick with a bow of baby ribbon tied to the end so that it can be drawn out before the dainty is eaten. These surprise peaches should be served at once and on paper napkins, and are indeed delicious.

Peach Cobbler.—This is a delicious dessert. Nearly fill a pudding dish with pared halved peaches. Cover with a rich biscuit dough nearly an inch thick. Place on top of range tightly covered with a lid so that the crust will cook by steam of fruit. When done (test with broom straw) cut a slit in top big enough to pour in a syrup made of cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of boiling water, and egg-sized lump of butter. Then place cobbler in oven until crust is brown. The syrup and peach juice combine and form a rich sauce—no other is needed. This can be made in the winter, using canned fruit. If preferred cream may be used as sauce; add at table.

APPLES.

To Preserve Apples.—A simple and effective way to keep apples fresh indefinitely is to sulphur them. Pare and quarter them and place in clean market basket. Suspend it by wire from a stick laid on top of a bottomless barrel. Slip a pan of coals over which 5 cents' worth of sulphur is sprinkled under the barrel and cover top closely. Let stand all day; then remove to jars with as little handling as possible; press down tightly, tie up, and keep in a dry, cool place. They are available for pies, sauce, or mince-meat when wanted. The sulphur kills all microbes, bleaches apples beautifully, and is harmless. A fine way to preserve summer apples when they are plentiful and in winter apples are known to be scarce in the orchards.

Fancy Baked Apples.—Peel and core medium sized apples. Put them in a baking dish and pour half a cupful of water over them. Set in a hot oven and when the apples are heated sprinkle with enough sugar to cool each and bake until tender. Make a syrup of one cupful of water, half a cupful of sugar, the juice of half a lemon, and teaspoonful of grated rind; add two tablespoonfuls of chopped raisins, two of chopped candied cherries, two of chopped candied pineapple, and two of chopped almonds. When the sugar is dissolved set back on the range and let it cool slowly half an hour. When the apples are done put in little glass saucers, taking care not to break the apples. Fill with the cooked sweets and pour the syrup over them. Serve cold with whipped cream.

CLEANING.

Uses of Milk in Cleaning. — It will clean piano keys beautifully. It will take discolorations from gilt mirror and picture frames. It will take out ink spots of long standing. Used in starch will give a gloss like that obtained in laundry. Used with blueing for lace curtains will make them look like new.

Picture Frames.—For gilt frames use the water in which onions have been boiled, as it will restore their brightness. Loose dust that has settled on picture frames and moldings may best be removed with a broom covered with flannel or cheesecloth, as it will cling to the cloth and not be scattered over the room.

To Clean Silver.—To clean silver on dressing table, jewelry, or any kind of silver or gold, take one-half cupful of common baking soda. Put in saucer and have a small hand brush and pan of warm water and soap. Immerse brush in water, then in soda, and scrub in the usual way until perfectly clean. Wash in clear water, dry on towel, and polish with a piece of chamois skin. This process will not scratch the finest silver or gold, or any stones in jewelry.

Paint Brush Uses.—One of the most practical articles for the household is a new paint brush. Keep three different sizes on hand—one small round bristle brush for cleaning articles or window pane corners where the scrub brush generally falls; another larger brush, two inches long and one inch thick, round, of hair, for cleaning hats and it goes in all the small spaces between the flowers or feathers and gets all the dust out; and one small hat brush, one and one-half inches wide, for greasing the bread and cake tins. Three such brushes should be bought for about 30 cents.

HOME COOK BOOK.

Buy an ordinary blank book with stiff cover, costing 10 or 15 cents. From an old magazine find a picture of a young woman with a cap and apron on dressed as a cook, and paste this on the outside of the cover. Number each page through the book and index the front page, leaving several pages for each subject.

For pies paste a picture of a pie at the top of the page and below write out the different recipes.

For meats use a picture of a roast beef or pork chops so often seen in magazines.

Follow it through with candies, cookies, breads, puddings, etc., having groups of pages for each subject with a picture at the start of each.

When looking for any special thing you can find it more readily by the picture.

Try to have all pictures either all colored or all print, for the book is much neater if done with each print of the same color.

This makes an attractive book for home use and also if made neatly makes a useful gift for a bride.

TAXING DEEP COAL.

A very curious question in political economy has arisen in England, in consequence of the government's declared intention of levying a tax on the capital value of undeveloped minerals, meaning especially coal in mines which has not yet been touched. This calls in expert scientific judgment concerning the amount of coal deep in the earth, and the practicability of working it. In addition to the 100,915,000,000 tons of "available" coal in the proved coal-fields of Great Britain, a royal commission a few years ago estimated that there were 5,239,500,000 tons below the 4,000-foot level. Since it is proposed that the tax-collectors shall try to levy on this, an important question arises as to whether it can be economically recovered. The average nominal temperature at 4,000 feet is put at 110 degrees Fahrenheit. A miner can work the usual number of hours at 100 degrees, with brisk ventilation and dry air, but those are conditions not easily maintained at such a depth.

Woman thinks she will be man's superior when she gets her rights.

It is the after effect of experience that counts.

300,000 CHILD DRINKERS

SAD STATE OF AFFAIRS IN LONDON SCHOOLS.

Forty Per Cent. of Youth Under Years of Age Addicted to Liquor.

To what extent are children under 8 years of age given alcoholic liquors? The question is raised by F. C. Mackereth in the course of a letter to the London Lancet in which he says:

"Some months ago I obtained figures from a few of the London county council infant schools, and found that in each no less than 40 per cent. of the infants under 8 years of age drank alcohol more or less regularly. There appears to be no doubt that a similar state of things exists in every part of Christian Europe, except in the countries of the farthest North, and it will be interesting to find out whether the figures I obtained from the schools chosen haphazard are true of the rest of the country. In one school of some 300 infants I found that 11.8 per cent. drank alcohol daily, and 34.1 per cent drank occasionally.

MADE COARSE BY DRINK.

"Some time ago," said Mr. Mackereth in an interview, "Dr. Doczi, the representative of the Hungarian government at the twelfth international congress on alcoholism, read a paper on 'Alcohol and Its Effects on the Child,' in which he showed that the Hungarian government had caused most carefully prepared statistics to be obtained as to the drinking habits of Hungarian children. The investigation was carried out in a thorough manner, and it was found that 36 per cent. of the children who drank alcoholic drinks were inattentive, nervous and careless, 15 per cent. were melancholy and shy, 30 per cent. were coarse in habits and manner, not particular, were vindictive and given to theft, 15 per cent. were immoral and only 20 per cent. showed no signs of any evil effect. In Vienna it was found that 32.2 per cent. of the boys and 33.2 per cent. of the girls drank beer, and 11.3 per cent. of the boys and 13.1 per cent. of the girls drank wine.

300,000 ADDICTED TO HABIT.

"If the same proportion of children in London elementary schools drink alcohol to the same extent that was found to obtain in the two schools from which I obtained figures there must be nearly 300,000 child drinkers in London. It is highly probable that a similar condition of things prevails in both town and country districts, and if this is so there must be some 2,000,000 elementary school children in England and Wales who more or less regularly drink alcohol.

"There is a very strong case for a national inquiry, especially in view of the fact, for which we have the authority of Dr. James Kaye, medical officer to the West Riding county council, that out of a school population in England and Wales estimated at 6,000,000 there cannot be, at the lowest computation, less than 4,800,000 children in our elementary schools who cannot be described as sound in body and mind. It will hardly be questioned that those infirmities, at some stage or other, were caused to a large extent by alcoholic drinking."

MANY CHURCHES ON THAMES.

River of Biggest City Has Great Number of Churches.

The Thames, England, ought to have a vast number of good people dwelling on its banks for it is said to be better churched than any other river of its size. That is to say, it has a greater number of churches standing immediately on its banks than any stream of similar extent. If you are well acquainted with the country it flows through, and attempt to reckon up the number of these edifices you can see from a boat, you will be perfectly astounded at the result of your calculations.

I know well-night all these building from delightful Somerford Keynes, in Wiltshire, where a good friend of mine is rector, which is the very first of the series, to the somewhat bleak and sad church of Cooling—the scene of the early part of "Great Expectations"—which is well-nigh the last. But, when I come to think of it, St. James', in the Isle of Grain, must be really the very last of these riparian churches. The three I have mentioned are all very interesting, but little known, as they are somewhat out of the popular track.—London Graphic.

Many a man makes his mark in the world—with a whitewash brush.

Hicks—"I owe you an apology. The fact is, it was raining, and I saw your umbrella, and supposing you had gone home for good, I took it." Wicks—"Don't mention it. I owe you an apology. You left your silk hat, you know, and wore your old one. As I had no umbrella, and as I didn't want to wet my own hat, I put on yours. Hope you didn't mind."

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1909.

Village Council

Minutes of a regular meeting of the Stirling Municipal Council held the 6th of September, at the Council Chamber.

Members present, W. R. Mather, Reeve; L. Meiklejohn, W. R. Girdwood, J. W. Haight.

Minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Girdwood, the following accounts were ordered to be paid: Eugene Deitzgen, blue prints, $5.21; Pearce Co. pikes, $2.65; John McKenzie, poles, $100.80; Flossie Eggleton, account and stamps, $10.13; Canadian General Electric Co., wire, $63.55; S. Masson, $3.00; John R. Green, court fees, $12.64; John Green, fire hall, $12.00; R. Collinge, $39.20; James Ralph, $1.50; P. Conley $3.50; M. Bird, insurance, $40.00 B. R. Wright $2.80.

Moved by Mr. Haight, seconded by Mr. Meiklejohn, that the rules be suspended for the purpose of introducing a by-law to submit an agreement to the electors of the village. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Girdwood and seconded by Mr. Mather that the by-law receive its first reading and be referred to a committee of the whole on by-laws, Mr. Meiklejohn in the chair. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mather, seconded by Mr. Haight, that the by-law receive its second reading clause by clause. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

Minutes of a special meeting of the Stirling Municipal Council held the 10th day of September at the office of the Clerk.

Members present, Reeve W. R. Mather, L. Meiklejohn, J. W. Haight, W. R. Girdwood.

Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn and seconded by Mr. Girdwood that the following accounts be paid: Samuel Bowen electric light, $9.15; George Prest, electric light, $10.65; John Green, salary, $13.33; John Gould, electric light, $19.10.

Mr. Haight gave notice of introducing a by-law to authorize the corporation to borrow money for current expenses.

On motion Council adjourned.

Minutes of a special meeting of the Stirling Municipal Council held the 13th day of September at Council Chamber.

Members present, Reeve W. R. Mather, L. Meiklejohn, W. R. Girdwood.

Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn and seconded by Mr. Girdwood that that this Council adjourn to continue their meeting at the office of the clerk.—Carried.

Mr. Meiklejohn asked that the rules be suspended for the purpose of introducing a by-law to borrow money.

Moved by Mr. Mather and seconded by Mr. Girdwood that the by-law receive its first reading and be referred to a committee of the whole on by-laws, Mr. Meiklejohn in the chair.

Moved by Mr. Girdwood and seconded by Mr. Mather, that the by-law receive its second reading clause by clause. The same having been done and passed in its different stages, it was moved by Mr. Girdwood, seconded by Mr. Mather that the committee rise and report. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Girdwood, that the by-law receive its third reading by title only, signed, sealed and numbered 257.

On motion Council adjourned.

G. G. THRASHER, Clerk.

A gang of workmen laying the transmission line of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission were attacked near Ste. Anne's, on the Niagara peninsula, on Saturday by a gang of farmers armed with shovels and pitchforks and badly beaten.

Among the countless messages of condolence to Dr. Goldwin Smith which have poured in since the death of his wife, was a cablegram containing a personal message from the King, conveying his sympathy in the bereavement Dr. Smith has sustained.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is to-day the best known medicine in use for the relief and cure of bowel complaints. It cures griping, diarrhoea, dysentery, and should be taken at the first unnatural looseness of the bowels. It is equally valuable for children and adults. It always cures. Sold by all dealers.

BY-LAW No. ---

VILLAGE OF STIRLING

A By-law to authorize the making of a certain agreement with the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, for the purpose of obtaining Light and Power to meet the needs of the Municipality and inhabitants.

WHEREAS the Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Stirling deem it desirable and in the best interests of the said Village that the agreement hereinafter set forth in Schedule "A" hereto should be made and entered into with the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited.

THEREFORE the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Stirling enacts as follows:

1. That the said Corporation be and it is hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with the Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, to the effect set forth in Schedule "A" hereto and the Reeve and Clerk respectively of the said Corporation for the time being are hereby authorized to sign and seal with the Corporate seal execute and deliver the same on behalf of the said Corporation.

2. The votes of such of the electors of the said Village of Stirling as are entitled to vote thereon shall be taken on this By-law on Saturday, the 25th day of September, 1909, commencing at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and continuing until five o'clock in the afternoon at the Town Hall.

3. A meeting of all persons interested in or desirous of promoting this By-law, and also of all persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of this By-law shall be held at the Town Hall on Wednesday, the 15th day of September, A.D. 1909, at eight o'clock p.m., for the purpose of appointing agents to attend at the poll and at the final summing up of the votes cast at said poll.

4. A meeting shall be held at the Clerk's office on the 25th day of September, A.D. 1909, at 8 o'clock p.m., for the final summing up by the Clerk and those entitled to be present, of the number of votes given for and against this By-law.

This By-law was finally passed in open Council, signed, sealed and numbered this day of September, A.D. 1909.

....
Clerk. Reeve.

SCHEDULE "A"

THIS INDENTURE, made this day of one thousand nine hundred and nine, between the Municipality of the Village of Stirling, hereinafter called the "Municipality" of the first part, and Seymour Power and Electric Company, Limited, hereinafter called the "Power Company," of the second part.

WHEREAS the Municipality is desirous of obtaining electric energy for the purpose of supplying light and power to meet the needs of the Municipality and its inhabitants;

AND WHEREAS the Power Company has agreed to furnish electric energy to the Municipality, subject to and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth;

NOW THEREFORE this indenture witnesseth that in consideration of the premises and mutual covenants it is agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

1. The Power Company agrees to sell and deliver to the Municipality, and the Municipality agrees to buy, take and use exclusively from the Power Company electric energy to supply all the needs of the Municipality and of its inhabitants from the date or dates herein provided for until the first day of January, 1920; and the municipality of the village of Stirling is to have the right to renew their contract for a second ten years under the same terms if the Village desires to do so.

2. The Municipality agrees with the Power Company that it will supply all the needs of its inhabitants for light or power that can be reasonably and properly provided for by the use of a single phase distribution system and single phase motors of not more than fifteen horse power rating.

The Power Company agrees with the Municipality that it will contract to deliver power to any private consumers of satisfactory financial standing located within the limits of the Municipality, who will undertake to install electric machinery satisfactory to the engineers of the Power Company for the use of such power at a price per horse power not higher than that paid by the Municipality. The contracts with said private consumers will provide for the use of satisfactory electrical equipment, for general terms of contract similar to those herein contained and for the acceptance of delivery and the measurement of power so delivered at the point herein agreed upon.

The Power Company shall not contract with any consumer using less than fifteen horse power, nor shall it be required to contract for a total delivery in excess of the amount stated in clause 4 of this agreement.

It is further agreed that the Power Company will not furnish electric energy directly to any customer whom the Municipality has under the foregoing terms contracted to supply, and that in a similar manner the Municipality will not supply electric energy to any customer whom the Power Company has under the foregoing terms contracted to supply.

It is intended that all customers for more than fifteen horse power shall be furnished with three phase power and the Power Company agrees that it will at its own expense make such additional alterations in the substation and distribution system as may be necessary to provide for the furnishing of such three phase power.

The Municipality agrees to so arrange its substation and distribution system that the aforesaid alterations and additions can be readily and economically made and that it will permit the Power Company to use its substation, electrical equipment and distribution system for this purpose without charge or claim for compensation, and in cases where the municipal distribution system does not extend to customers of over fifteen horse power to whom the Company contract to supply with power, that the Municipality do grant unto the Power Company permission and right to erect, operate and maintain poles, cross arms and wires, and also all necessary guys, anchors and braces for the proper and safe conduct of electric energy upon such street in the Municipality as may be necessary for the Power Company to supply said customers for a period of ten years and a renewal of ten years at Company's option and any further extension to be by mutual consent.

3. The Power Company agrees that it will immediately and with all proper despatch extend its distribution system so as to provide proper connection from its power house on the river Trent to a substation to be provided by the Municipality, and that it will be prepared to deliver power in the amounts hereinafter stated within five months of the signing of this agreement, provided that the same is executed before the 1st day of October, A.D. 1909.

4. The amount of power to be delivered under this contract shall not be in excess of seventy-five horse power, but the Power Company agrees to amend this contract from time to time as the demand justifies until a maximum delivery to the Municipality and to private consumers doing business therein of 250 horse power is contracted for; and further agrees that the additional amounts contracted for shall be delivered after contract has been made for same, as soon as any necessary alterations or additions to the distribution systems, power houses and substations can reasonably be executed and those additional amounts of power are to be measured and paid for as set forth in Article 8 of this agreement.

5. The Power Company agrees with the Municipality and the Municipality agrees with the Power Company that this agreement and all the terms and conditions thereof shall apply not only within the present boundaries of the Municipality but within any extension thereof that may from time to time be made, and thereupon this agreement shall apply to the territories within such extensions as if they were within the Municipality at the present date.

6. The Municipality agrees that it will within four months from the date of the execution of this agreement, provide and equip at a point to be mutually agreed upon a step-down substation for the necessary transformation of the high tension current supplied by the Power Company, and also a satisfactory distribution system sufficient to properly provide for the furnishing of electric energy to the Municipality and all its inhabitants.

The Municipality further agrees that the designs for its substation and distribution system, and the quality of the construction thereof shall be subject to the approval of the engineers of the Power Company, and that delivery of electric energy under this contract shall not be required until the system of the Municipality is satisfactory to the engineers of the Power Company, and that the Power Company, besides its other legal remedies, may cut off its supply and cease to furnish power under this contract if the Municipality should at any time fail to maintain its substation and distribution system in proper and safe working condition.

KIND OF POWER

7. The electric energy to be supplied under this contract shall be twenty-four hour power and shall be delivered to the Municipality at the terminals of the out-switch or switches in the substation of the Municipality, which shall be situated at such point as may be selected and mutually agreed upon, and the electrical equipment in the said substation shall be daily inspected by the employee of the said Municipality, who shall have charge of its electrical equipment for the purpose of maintaining the said substation equipment at all times in conditions satisfactory to the parties hereto, and to this end he shall immediately notify the Power Company of any defect in, or details thereof, requiring attention, and concerning the repair of which he requires expert advice.

The power to be furnished from the low tension outlets of the substation for use on the distribution system of the Municipality will be in the form of a single phase alternating current at a pressure of 2200 volts and having a frequency of 60 cycles, hereinafter referred to as normal, with a variation of generally not more than ten per cent. (10%) above or below normal, either in voltage or frequency, and the wave form of the alternating current shall closely approximate a sine curve. The power that will be supplied to the substation of the Municipality by the Power Company will be alternating current at a pressure of about volts and having a frequency of 60 cycles.

When the Municipality is using three phase power it agrees that at the reasonable request of the Power Company it will so arrange its substation and distribution system as to maintain equality of demand upon the phases of the main transmission system within 10% of the load on the least loaded phase.

8. The price to be paid by the Municipality for power or electric energy under this contract shall be at the rate of Twenty dollars ($20.00) per horse power per year. said power to be measured by meters, supplied by the Power Company and located at the point of delivery to the 2200 volt line in the substation of the Municipality: either party to be at liberty to install a second or check meter for the purpose of check measuring such power, the power to be paid for is to be determined by plotting the load as read on the above-mentioned meters at five minute intervals during any period or periods by a representative of the Power Company in the presence of a representative of the Municipality, and the Municipality hereby agrees to have present the said representative on request. The maximum load shall be taken to be the load indicated by the longest ordinate that can be drawn to any horizontal chord of the load curve, representing by its length the space of twenty consecutive minutes; and the greatest maximum load as determined at any time throughout a calendar year shall constitute the basis of payment for the said calendar year and thereafter until the said maximum load is exceeded.

9. Payment of the amount due for power by the Municipality shall be made quarterly at the Head Office of the Power Company on the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter: such payments shall be made from time to time promptly when due, and without deduction otherwise than as expressly provided for by this contract: the Power Company to render bills for power within the first three days of each month following the expiration of the calendar quarter. In the event, however, of the aggregate of the four quarterly payments in any calendar year being less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) the Municipality agrees with its January payment to make up the difference so as to guarantee and it agrees to pay the Power Company a gross annual sum of not less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) under this contract. The Power Company agrees that in the event of the extension of its main transmission lines to the vicinity of the city of Belleville it will release the Municipality from its obligation under this contract to pay not less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500 per annum for power rental.

10. The Power Company may, besides its other legal remedies, cut off its power, or at its option, cancel this contract in the event of any amount due for power under the provisions of this contract remaining unpaid for a period of more than three months after the same shall have become due under the provisions herein contained.

11. The Power Company shall in no case be liable or responsible for accident, loss or damage to person or property, resulting, arising or accruing in any way from the action, effect or use of electric energy, either on the high tension spur within the Municipality which may be built to connect the substation of the Municipality with the main transmission lines of the Power Company, in the substation of the Municipality, or at any point on its distribution system.

The Municipality grants to the Power Company the right and privilege to erect, operate and maintain a high tension transmission line, together with all necessary guys, anchors and braces for the safe conduct of electrical energy to the substation of the Municipality on, over and across such streets as may be approved by the Municipality.

12. For the purposes of assessment all properties of the Power Company in the village, which are not a part of its main transmission lines shall be deemed to be the property of the Municipality, and the Municipality shall pay annually to the Power Company the amount of any taxes which may be collected from said properties, in addition to the rentals herein provided.

13. If at any time during the continuance of this agreement the operations of the works of either party is suspended owing to accident, war, rebellion, pests, flood, freshets, the acts of the King, or of the King's enemies, serious epidemics, or other cause of like nature beyond the control of either party, the parties whose operations are so suspended shall not be liable to the other under this agreement until the cause of such suspension has been removed: but there shall be a corresponding pro rata abatement of payment for power, provided that each of the parties shall take all reasonable precautions and adopt all reasonable measures, and the parties whose operations are interfered with shall use all reasonable diligence to remove the cause of such suspension. Such suspension of service as may be necessary for the maintenance of the plant of the Power Company in proper and reasonable operating condition shall not be deemed to be a suspension of service entitling the Municipality to any pro rata abatement of payment for power unless the sum total of such suspension or suspensions exceeds ten hours in any one calendar month.

14. This agreement shall be binding and enure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Power Company, and the Power Company may re-organize or transfer the benefit of this contract to any other company or corporation of sufficient financial standing to undertake the obligations herein contained which may hereafter be formed for the taking over of its business or any franchises or rights owned or held by it, such new company or corporation assuming and contracting to fulfil the obligations of the Power Company hereto, and this contract shall not in such event be any way altered, prejudiced or affected by the liquidation or winding up of the said Company, provided, further, that nothing herein contained shall impose any personal liability upon any mortgagee or trustee for bondholders, or upon any bondholder or bondholders.

15. All claims or counter claims arising from this contract which the Municipality may have or claim to have against the Power Company shall be made to the latter in writing before the fifteenth day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, and shall be final for all or any claims that may have arisen during that quarter. If any such claim shall not be allowed by the Power Company, or if any claims shall be made by the Power Company against the Municipality which the Municipality shall not allow, the parties hereto agree to submit the same to arbitration of a sole arbitrator to be appointed upon notice by a Judge of the High Court of Justice of Ontario. In case the amount of the claim in dispute exceeds Five Hundred Dollars, either party may request that the question be referred to a Board of three arbitrators appointed in the usual manner, in place of a sole arbitrator. Any such arbitrations shall be conducted with all possible despatch and the award in writing of any such arbitrator or arbitrators shall be final and binding upon the parties hereto and there shall be no appeal therefrom either upon questions of law or of fact. The expense of such arbitration shall be borne by the parties hereto in such proportion as may be determined by the said arbitrator or arbitrators.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereto have hereunto set their corporate seals and caused these presents to be signed by their proper officers respectively, the day and year first above written.

WITNESS: {

NOTICE

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law setting forth the agreement to be executed, which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the village of Stirling and which will be finally passed by the said Council (in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto as provided by the Municipal Act) after one month from the first publication in the Stirling NEWS-ARGUS, the date of which first publication was Thursday, the 9th day of September, A. D. 1909, and that at the hour, day and place therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors, the poll will be held.

G. G. THRASHER, Clerk.

All women follow the fashions, but some are a long distance behind.

If a man makes no enemies he has but few friends.

The world approached the present harvest year with a shortage of wheat in its granaries, but the deficiency appears likely to be made up by the incoming crops. An English estimate forecasts the aggregate world's wheat yield for 1909 at 3,368,960,000 bushels, as compared with 3,182,720,000 bushels in 1908, and 3,161,400,000 bushels in 1907. If this estimate is justified by events the crop will be the largest on record and will tend materially to modify the market price of the cereal.

Tickling or dry Coughs will quickly loosen when using Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so thoroughly harmless that Dr. Shoop tells mothers to use nothing else, even for very youngest babies. The wholesome green leaves and tender stems of a lung healing mountainous shrub give the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. It calms the cough, and heals the sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh to injure or suppress. Demand Dr. Shoop's. Accept no other. Sold by J. S. Morton.

WALL PAPER

I have several hundred rolls of Wall Paper to dispose of before our new stock arrives, and in order to facilitate the reduction of stock, will offer some splendid Bargains. After this season Borders will be sold by the yard, which means greater cost to you, and present prices should induce the economical to buy at once.

40-ct. Papers.....Going at 30 cts.
25-ct. " ..... " 17 cts.
20-ct. " ..... " 15 cts.
15-ct. " ..... " 10 cts.

20 to 25 per cent. Reduction on all Paper now in stock.

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

HOSIERY

A special line of Worsted Hose, suitable for Boys, just received. These would be good value at 35 cts. .....Our price, 25c. a pair

BOYS' SWEATERS

Navy, Cardinal and Navy with fancy striped Collar .....50 cts. and 75 cts.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear

40c., 45c. and 50c. Quality.....To clear at 35 cts.

Men's Work Shirts

Black with white stripes. Lots of room in this Shirt and good long sleeves. Long in the sleeve, but short in the price.....50 cents each

Ladies' Black Sateen Blouses
Special value at.....$1.00

Ladies' Fine Boots
Regular $1.50, to clear at .....$1.25 pair

Men's Plain Toe Kid Boots
Lace or cong....$2.00 pair

Felt Slippers
In Ladies, Misses, Children's and Men's to clear at wholesale price.

Our 25c. Green Tea
Still leads. Try a pound and be convinced.

Christie's Fancy Cakes
And Biscuits on hand.

Infants' Cream Cashmere and Lustre Coats
At wholesale price to clear.
From.....$1.75 to $2.75
Regular...$2.50 to $4.00

School Bags
Canvas, 25c., Leather, 50c.

Lead Pencils
Good round lead, rubber on end.....10 cts. dozen

Pencil Boxes
Lock and key .....10 cts.

Mixed Pickling Spice
Turmeric and other spices suitable for Pickles on hand.

Buy Your Vinegar Here
And your Pickles will keep alright.

NEW IDEA PATTERNS—10 Cents

J. BUCHANAN

'PHONE 39

THE SUPERIOR

JEWEL FURNACES

Are constructed on scientific principles under the direction of experienced men who have made a study of heating.

They are made of the very best material and are all perfect in construction and workmanship as practical experience and skill can make them. Every modern improvement is adapted.

They give satisfaction and stand the test.

Every furnace is fully guaranteed.

Estimates for installation cheerfully furnished.

'Phone 25. **McGEE & LAGROW**

THE NEWS-ARGUS

TO JANUARY 1ST, 1910, FOR 25 CENTS

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

IRLING COUNCIL C.O.C.F. No. 194

ets the last Friday evening in every month
right o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T.
rd's store.

DR. J. D. BISSONNETTE, C.C.
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,
IRLING - - ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON,

PTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian
ociation of Opticians.
yes examined and imperfect sight cor-
ed with glasses.

HAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

RST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto,
duate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
ns, of Ontario.
FFICE—One door north of new Bank of
ntreal.
pen every day. Evenings by appointment
y.

G. G. THRASHER,

LICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's
k, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110

ets in Lodge Room, the first Friday
ning of each month at 8 o'clock.

GEO. E. MORROW,
Rec. Secretary.

YAL BLACK PRECEPTORY
No. 505

ets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Mon-
day in each month.

THOS. MONTGOMERY, Jr.,
W. Preceptor.
THOS. DONNAN, Registrar.

PERSONALS.

r. J. C. Linn is visiting his sister, Mrs. . Mitz, in Ottawa.

r. J. Benson was a visitor at the Toron- shibition last week.

iss Ethel Anderson of Pocona Manor, is visiting relatives and friends here.

ev. R. C. Blagrave, rector of Christ rch, Belleville, is a guest at the rectory.

r. Thos. Booth of Grand Rapids, Mich., isiting his sister, Mrs. Wm. McCann.

e regret to learn of the illness of Mrs. at the home of her daughter in Tor- .

rs. David Tucker went to New York week to visit her daughter, Mrs. Chas. en.

r. R. P. Coulter returned home on sday after spending a month in the stern provinces.

r. and Mrs. Arthur Judd of Winnipeg ved last evening on a visit to his her, Mrs. Agnes Judd.

r. Charles Stillman was in Campbell- on Tuesday attending the funeral of brother-in-law, Mr. Donald Monroe.

r. W. R. Howson returned on Friday n a month's vacation spent in Western ada and a visit to the World's Fair at ttle, Wash.

r. A. F. McGee of Stratford came home week to attend the funeral of his her, the late Mrs. S. McGee. He left Stratford on Saturday.

rs. (Dr.) Wootton and family who have n visiting her parents at Wellman's ners, have returned to their home in falo, visiting the Toronto exhibition route.

Mr. James Whitton, after spending a days at Toronto and Chicago, left on extended trip to visit friends in the st. Mr. Wilmot Vandervoort accom- ied him from Toronto.

Monday evening was social evening ch the Epworth League and a very oyable time was spent by the Leag- rs and their friends. The principal ture of the evening's entertainment s five minute discussions, with differ- t partners, of such subjects as "Your pressions of yesterday's sermons," The last book you read," "Why I am am not a Leaguer," "What do you nsider the most important work of e League?". "Influence of music." olos were given by Misses May Sarles d A. M. Currie, and Mr. Frank wick contributed a humorous reading, ter which lunch was served.

The Stirling, Rawdon and Marmora unday School Association convention t Rylestone Presbyterian church on Wednesday was well attended. In ad- ition to interesting reports of schools nd addresses by the local pastors and vorkers, the convention was fortunate n having the presence of Mr. T. F. Harrison of Kingston, Superintendent of Sydenham Street Methodist Sunday School, whose wide experience made his addresses a valuable addition to the convention program. The sum of $35 was voted to the Provincial Association. The next convention will be held in Marmora, and the officers elected are: President, W. H. Hubble, Marmora: Vice-Pres., R. L. Rutherford, Stanwood; Sec., B. C. Tucker, Sine: Treas. T. J. Thompson, Springbrook. The thanks of the convention were heartily given to those who provided the excellent music, and to the congregation at Rylestone whose generous hospitality provided entertainment for all.

It is a pity when sick ones drug the stomach or stimulate the heart and kidneys. That is all wrong! A weak stomach means weak stomach nerves, always. And this is true of the heart and kidneys. The weak nerves are instead crying out for help. This explains why Dr. Shoop's Restorative is promptly helping stomach, heart and kidney ailments. The Restorative reaches out for the actual causes of these ailments—the failing 'inside nerves.' Anyway test the Restorative 48 hours. It won't cure so soon as that, but you will surely know that help is coming. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Fall Fairs

STIRLING	Sept. 23, 24
Marmora	" 20, 21
Shannonville	" 25
Tweed	" 29, 30
Campbellford	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Bancroft	" "
Roblin's Mills	Oct. 1, 2
Warkworth	" 7, 8
Norwood	Oct. 12, 13

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 7c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.
Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST.	GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex...6.03 a. m.	Passenger..10.27 a. m
Passenger...6.45 p. m.	Mail & Ex. 3.41 p. m

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1909.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Thanksgiving Day has been fixed for Monday, the 25th of October.

See Fred Ward's window for plums in 25c. ties.

There is now an attendance of ninety-three pupils at the High School.

At the cheese board on Tuesday 740 boxes of cheese were offered. All were sold at 11 5/16c.

Leave your order now at Fred Ward's for that new Suit or Overcoat.

Owing to the improvements being made in St. John's church the service on Sunday evening will be held in the town hall.

Please remember to keep the 5th of November free for an entertainment to be given in the Methodist church Stirling by the ladies of the congregation.

The Stirling Fair is to have extra attractions—5 mile Marathon, 1 mile race, and 100 yard dash. And this is not all. There is to be a grand Concert jh the evening also.

Mr. Arthur Phelps very acceptably occupied the pulpit at the Sunday ebening service in the Methodist church. An earnest, practical sermon was given from the text "Be strong and of a good courage."

The Anniversary services of the Stirling Methodist church will be held on Sunday October 10th. Rev. W. H. Emsley of Napauee will preach at both services. On Monday evening, the 11th, Mr. Emsley will give a lecture in the church, under the auspices of the Epworth League.

Every lady calling at Fred Ward's on September 24th will receive a Souvenir Fan free.

The annual Harvest Thanksgiving services will be held in the Parish of Rawdon on Sunday, Sept. 26th, as follows: St. Thomas' church (8th line) at 11 a.m.; St. Lawrence church, (5th line) at 3 p.m.; St. Mark's church (12th line) at 7.30 p.m. The Rector, Rev. A. S. Dickinson, will be present at all three services.

We are informed that already twenty-three have signed the petition for Government rural mail boxes along the Marmora-Stirling stage route. Any others wishing to secure a box should sign on or before Sept. 18th, as the petition will be sent to the department on that date.

The ladies of the W. M. S. of the Methodist church intend packing a bale of bedding and clothing to be sent to a mission in the Northwest, also a crate of fruit for the Deaconess Home, Toronto. Any wishing to contribute to these may leave their parcels at the Sunday School room on Sept. 28th.

Meet me at Fred Ward's, the Men's Wear man of Stirling, on Thursday and Friday next, Fair days.

Morgan McDonell, son of Mr. Alex. M. McDonell, formerly of this village, died at St. Rocques Hospital, St. Boniface, Manitoba, on the 29th of August, from lung trouble which developed from a cold contracted last year. For some time previous to his illness he had been in the employ of the C. P. R. at Winnipeg.

The annual convention of the North Hastings Teachers' Institute will be held in the Presbyterian church, Madoc on October 21st and 22nd. A good program has been prepared, and among those taking part is the name of Mr. W. Scott, B. A., Principal of the Normal School, Toronto, who is down for subjects at three sessions. At the evening session on Oct. 21st Rev. S. Cleaver of Toronto will give the story of Jean Valjean.

The Stirling Fair will be held on Thursday and Friday of next week, the 23rd and 24th inst., and every effort is being put forth to make it bigger and better than ever. The fair has been growing better and more interesting every year, and this year the prospects are good for the best ever held. It deserves the support of every one in Stirling and the surrounding townships, and in this way it can be made a great success.

The big departmental stores are now sending out their catalogues. The press of nearly every place outside the cities has many times spoken strongly against the practice of sending cash to Toronto and asking credit of the home merchant. We believe, however, that no trade has suffered more from the out-of-town order business than the printing trade. Merchants in this as well as in other towns give orders to travellers for letterheads, billheads, and other stationery which could just as well be done at home. Let us all work together and deal at home, and keep the money circulating among ourselves.

Millinery Openings

Thursday and Friday, Sept. 23rd and 24th, MISS CALDWELL will be pleased to show the ladies of Stirling and surrounding districts a full assortment of all the newest and proper styles in Fall and Winter Millinery. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Winnipeg Commercial has samples of wheat from Buchanan, Saskatchewan, which ran forty-five bushels to the acre, and it is stated that the yield throughout that particular district averaged thirty-five bushels. Other localities produced thirty to forty bushels per acre, and the statement is made that never before in the history of the West have so many localities reported such phenomenal crops.

The contractors for the Grand Trunk Pacific west of the Rocky Mountains are unable to get sufficient laborers, and are asking the Government to allow them to import 20,000 Chinese and Japanese for the work. They have about one hundred miles of track completed east from Prince Rupert, but there are still 750 miles to construct. They have at present about two thousand white men employed at three dollars per day, which they state is more than they can afford to pay.

Their Annual Camp

Basswood Park, on the Trent River, is where the Pioneer Campers annually hold their ten days' recreation and festivity. Those enjoying the outing this year were: Messrs. Geo. E. Cryer, Wm. Mitchell, Sidney Murphy, Chas. Mitchell, Wm. Reynolds and Walter Mitchell, and all report the best camp ever held at that most delightful of all summer resorts. The popularity of this camp is indicated by the number of visitors, among whom were several from a distance, and their reports of the variety of amusements indulged in will assuredly bring many more in succeeding years. "Grandpa," who sees everything that goes on, proved an excellent chaperone; "Uncle William" supplied amusing yarns and told tales of old; Sid played the flute and violin; Charlie made the pies; Will sang "Casey at the Bat" and "Who hid Grandpa's Night-cap?"; while Walter caught fish. Watch the magazines for photographs of some scenes presented at the camp.

Card of Thanks

Mr. Samuel McGee and family wish hereby to thank their friends and neighbors for their kindness during the long illness of the late Mrs. McGee.

"Can be depended upon" is an expression we all like to hear, and when it is used in connection with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy it means that it never fails to cure diarrhoea dysentery or bowel complaints. It is pleasant to take and equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by all dealers.

Auction Sale

SATURDAY, SEPT. 25.—At the premises of Mrs. Thos. Montgomery, Sr., Stirling, a lot of household furniture. Sale at two o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

Births

CAMPBELL—In Stirling on Sept. 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Campbell, a son.

Married

WESCOTT—REYNOLDS—On Sept. 1st, at the home of the bride's parents, Stirling, by Rev. Wm. Johnston of Keene, Frederick James Wescott and Lenora Eva Reynolds.

REID—MCCABE—At the parsonage, Bellview, by Rev. A. S. Dickinson, Mary Elizabeth McCabe of Rawdon and George Francis Reid of Huntingdon.

Deaths

POTTS—At Wellman's Corners, Rawdon, on Monday, Sept. 6, Leland, infant son of Berton C. Potts, aged 15 months.

Notice!

The sale of the Household goods of Mrs. James Juby, which was to take place on Saturday next, has been cancelled, so the general public will take notice.

G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for Mrs. A. E. Juby.

Electric Wiring

Parties wanting Electric Wiring and Fixtures put in can leave orders with
W. J. GRAHAM,
Agent for W. J. Carter,
Electrician, Belleville.
Mr. Carter will be in town on Thursday and Friday, Sept. 16th and 17th.

For Sale

12 h.p. Gasoline Engine, good as new.
1 second-hand McCormick Corn Binder.
1 7-ft. Massey-Harris Grain Binder.
1 two-seated Cleveland Automobile.
Also, some general purpose Horses.
W. J. GRAHAM.

Administrators'
Auction Sale

There will be sold by Public Auction the interest of the estate of the late George Wright in the celebrated Clydesdale Stallion, Royal Tinto, 4159, color dark bay with star, hind feet white, on Saturday, the 18th day of September, 1909, at the Stirling House, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon.
Terms of sale, cash.

WM. RODGERS, Auctioneer. G. G. THRASHER, Solicitor for Administrators.

Apples Wanted

Highest cash price paid for good peeling Apples at the Evaporator, Stirling.
E. R. COLE
50-6 R. J. GRAHAM.

Prizes Given by the
STIRLING HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

For Flower Display on the Agricultural Grounds, Sept. 23rd and 24th
(Open to members of Horticultural Society only).

Best collection House Plants (4 kinds) ....1st, $1.00 2nd, 50c.
Hanging Basket.... 1st, 75c. 2nd, 50c.
Wild or Cultivated Flowers....
....1st, 75c. 2nd, 50c. 3rd, 25c.
Cut Flowers..1st, 75c. 2nd, 60c. 3rd, 25c.
Best Fern (Open to everyone)....
....One Years' Membership
SPECIAL—(Open to everyone). Collection of Mounted Botanical Specimens.....
1st, $2.00.....By G. G. Thrasher
2nd, $1.00 3rd, 50c. By G. E. Kennedy

JUDGES—W. C. Reid, Belleville; W. H. Dempsey, Trenton.
Prizes, except special, to be paid in bulbs or plants.

MRS. M. POTTS, President. J. S. MORTON, Secretary.

The One Price to all--All the Time

ANDERSON'S STORE NEWS

JUST a word about Ready-made Clothing! We have two of the best makes in Canada, and we guarantee every suit we sell,—let it be for Boys or Men. For fit, finish and lining they cannot be beaten. A look at them will convince you we do not advertise anything we cannot do. Honesty is the best policy.

NORTHWAY GARMENTS
Have No Equal!

We have just received the new Fall Samples.

Come and see them and order your new Fall Suit.

We guarantee the fit.

We are sole agents in the district for the famous

W. R. JOHNSTON & CO. CLOTHING

BOYS' SUITS

From.....$2.00 to $6.50
All sizes in stock.

OVERCOATS
PEA JACKETS
HEAVY PANTS
TOPPER OVERCOATS
ODD VESTS

Prices the Lowest.

The New DRESS GOODS Are on the move. Be sure and inspect our stock before you buy. No trouble to show goods.

UNDERWEAR FOR EVERYBODY!

Men's and Boys'. All prices and any kind that you want. For Ladies and Girls, we carry the best makes in all sizes.

GROCERY SPECIALS:

Quaker Toasted Corn Flakes, reg. 10c.....Our price, **8c.**

5 bars Richards' Pure Soap and 1 box Washing Ammonia.....for **25c.**

English Cream Baking Powder, 1 lb. sealer, regular 25c. .....Our price, **20c.**

Best Rangoon Rice, 6 lbs. for .....**25c.**

Best Mustard, in bulk, regular 30c. lb.....Our price, **20c.**

Whole Pickling Spice..... ....Our special price, **20c.**

Shredded Wheat Biscuit, regular 15c....Our price, **12c.**

Best Hardwood Toothpicks, large box.....Special, **5c.**

Sticky Fly Paper..Our regular price...3 double sheets, **5c.**

No. 1 quality Separator Butter in 1 lb. blocks....**25c. lb.**

Best Creamery Butter..... .....**26c. lb.**

Goods delivered promptly.

G. W. ANDERSON

LUMBER!
Lath and Shingles
Lehigh Cement
Hard and Soft COAL
WHOLESALE
THE SCHUSTER CO., Ltd.
Belleville, Ont.
Write or Phone us.

Fire, Accident & Plate Glass Insurance.

Guardian Fire Insurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Liverpool, and London & Globe Co.
Gore District Fire Insurance Co.
Merchants Fire Insurance Co.
York Fire Insurance Co.
Crown Fire Insurance Co.
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.
London & Lancashire Guarantee and Accident Co., of Canada.

W. S. MARTIN & SON,
Insurance Agents STIRLING

New Masonic Hall
Is now available for social and other engagements. For particulars of rental, etc., see DR. WALT.

DECORATING, PAINTING
PAPER HANGING, GRAINING
HARDWOOD FINISHING

We furnish the best class of Paint materials by way of Pure Lead Oils, Colors, Varnishes, etc. and at most reasonable prices.

Estimates on work to be done are cheerfully furnished.

Wall Papers, Room Mouldings and Burlap at about your own price.

Show Room open every Saturday.

S. A. MURPHY

PEARY TELLS HIS STORY

Sends a Message Giving Date of Passing Various Points in the Far North.

The London Times of Wednesday morning published the following message from Commander Peary, dated Battle Harbor, via wireless, to Cape Ray, Sept. 8:

"The Roosevelt left New York July 6, 1908. She left Sydney July 17, at Cape York, Greenland, August 1, left Etah, Greenland, August 8, arrived at Cape Sheridan, Grant Land, September 1, and Wintered at Cape Sheridan. The sledge expedition left the Roosevelt February 15, 1909, and started north of Cape Columbia, March 1; passed the British record on March 2, was delayed by open water March 2 and 3, was held up by open water from March 4 to March 11, crossed the 84th parallel March 11, and encountered an open lead March 15; crossed the 85th parallel on March 18, crossed the 86th parallel March 22, and encountered an open lead March 23; passed the Norwegian record March 23; passed the Italian record March 24, and encountered an open lead March 26; crossed the 87th parallel March 27; passed the American record March 28, and encountered a lead March 28; held up by open water March 29; crossed the 88th parallel April 2, crossed the 89th parallel April 4, and reached the North Pole April 6.

"On returning we left the Pole April 7; reached Cape Columbia April 23, arriving on board the Roosevelt April 27. The Roosevelt left Cape Sheridan July 18, passed Cape Sabine August 8, left Cape York August 26, and arrived at Indian Harbor.

"All the members of the expedition are returning in good health, except Prof. Ross G. Marvin, who unfortunately drowned at Prillo, 15 miles north of Cape Columbia, while returning from 86 degrees north latitude, in command of a supporting party."

COOK SAYS NOTHING.

A despatch from Copenhagen says: It is useless to submit the most scathing despatches reflecting on him to Dr. Cook, for he simply smiles, says they are untrue and refuses to discuss them further. He has an air of perfect confidence without a touch of braggadocio.

His only reply to Commander Peary's despatch stating that he had not gone out of sight of land was this statement:

"I have been to the North Pole. As I said on Tuesday night when I heard of Commander Peary's success, if he says he has been to the Pole I believe him.

"I am willing to place facts, figures, and worked-out observations before a joint tribunal of the scientific bodies of the world. In due course I shall be prepared to make public an announcement that will effectually dispel any doubt, if there can be such, of the fact that I have reached the Pole. But, knowing that I am right and that right must prevail, I will submit at the proper time my full story to the court of last resort—the people of the world."

PEARY GIVES INTERVIEW.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., via North Sydney, says: The steamer Taff, fish laden, from Battle Harbor to St. John's arrived on Sunday evening. Capt. Neilsen reports having harbored with the Roosevelt Wednesday and Thursday last. He had several interviews with Commander Peary, whom, with all the party, he reports as in good health and spirits, the only shadow over the whole enterprise being the death of Prof. Marvin. Capt. Neilsen is greatly impressed with the truth of Peary's story of the expedition.

Peary claims with assurance that he brings the indubitable proofs of the absolute truth of his claims that he has accomplished his aim of reaching the Pole. Peary strove hard to get south to give the world the news before Cook, and proclaim the latter a falsifier, but was unable to do so. He had also the ill luck to run the Roosevelt on a rock in entering Battle Harbor, where she stuck till high water. This will compel her to spend a fortnight there, and she will be taken to Assizes Harbor, repaired, refitted and painted, to remove the scars of her Polar conflict, before proceeding to New York. The crew are so weakened from hard work and cares that 24 new men have been engaged for this work. Peary forbids the answering of the messages received daily asking for news. When the Taff left the party were anticipating that ship loads of American pressmen would come north, as the messages that were being received indicated that the whole United States was ablaze with this controversy.

PERISHED IN FLAMES.

Pioneer of Bruce Township Met a Terrible Death.

A despatch from Underwood says: Donald McPhail, one of Bruce Township's pioneers, about seventy-five years of age, was burned to death in his home on Monday. He lived all alone on his farm. About 11 o'clock neighbors noticed smoke was issuing from the doors and windows of the house. They at once attempted to quench the flames, but they had gained too much headway. It was not known at the time whether the old man was in the house or not, but later his remains were found.

A STARVATION DIET.

Departmental Criticism on Some Samples of Infant Foods.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Inland Revenue Department on Monday issued a bulletin reporting the analysis upon samples of infant and invalid food on sale in Canada. Some of these, it is said, are directed to be prepared with water only, and "would seem to provide a starvation diet for infants so far as the fat is concerned."

There is a chance of saving the steamer Laurentian, ashore off the coast of Newfoundland.

SHOT HER FATHER-IN-LAW.

Murder by a Woman in Village of Middlesex.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Because she could no longer put up with the abuses heaped upon herself and her husband, Mrs. Wesley Scott on Monday morning shot and killed her father-in-law, Harvey Scott, in the Village of Thorndale, about twelve miles from London. Immediately after the shooting Mrs. Scott informed several of the neighbors, and, after an investigation had been held, she was arrested and brought to London.

NEW YORK'S EXPENSES.

Administration of City for 1910 to Cost $184,000,000.

A despatch from New York says: The cost of maintaining the administration of the city of New York during 1910, according to figures to be submitted to the Board of Estimates and Apportionment next Friday, will be approximately $184,000,000, an increase of over $28,000,000 over this year's budget. Of this year's increase $17,000,000 is chargeable to salary increases.

The four-year-old daughter of Mr. William Brinson of St. Catharines fell into the weir and was drowned on Friday.

FARM CROPS OF CANADA

Conditions at End of August Show That a Large Crop Has Been Harvested.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A statement of the farm crops of Canada at the end of August was issued by the Census and Statistics Office on Friday. It gives the estimates of production, computed from the reports of a large staff of correspondents, and, although the totals are somewhat less than those of a month ago for wheat and barley, they still show that Canada has reaped a large harvest.

The wheat crop is put down at 168,386,000 bushels, or 21.73 bushels per acre, and barley at 56,975,000 bushels, or 30.55 bushels per acre. The yield of oats, which was not estimated last month, is given as 354,919,000 bushels, peas 8,184,000 bushels, beans, 1,311,000 bushels; buckwheat, 7,794,000 bushels; mixed grains, 19,524,000 bushels; flaxseed, 2,131,000 bushels, and hay, 10,246,000 tons. Harvesting operations were practically concluded at the end of August, except in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, and although there was a scarcity of labor in the Northwest, the fine weather there made the cutting of grain practicable in good condition. The wheat estimate of the three western Provinces is 149,285,000 bushels, of oats 127,802,000 bushels, and of barley, 33,893,000 bushels.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Sept. 14.—Flour — Ontario flour new Winter wheat patents at $4 to $4.05 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto; new wheat flour for export, $3.90 to $3.95 in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, $5.80 on track, Toronto; second patents, $5.30, and strong bakers', $5.10 to $5.20 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—New No. 1 Northern, $1.07½, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern, $1.05. No. 1 Northern quoted $1.00½, Bay ports October shipment, and No. 2 at 97½c, October shipment.

Ontario Wheat—New No. 2, 97 to 97½c at outside points.

Barley—For future delivery No. 2, 52c, and No. 3 extra 50c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, new, 36 to 37c outside for September shipment, and 38 to 39c for immediate shipment. New Canada West oats, 40 to 42c, September shipment.

Peas—No. 2 new, 70 to 72c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 67 to 68c outside.

Buckwheat—Prices purely nominal.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 77 to 77½c on track, Toronto. Canadian, 75 to 76c on track, Toronto.

Bran—$19 outside in bulk for Ontario bran, and $23 for shorts in bulk. Manitoba, $21.50 in sacks, Toronto freights; shorts, $24, Toronto freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Cooking apples, prices $1.75 to $2 per barrel.

Beans—Prime, $2.25, and hand-picked, $2.40 to $2.45 per bushel.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $14.50 to $15 a ton on track here, and No. 2 at $13 to $13.50.

Straw—$9 to $9.50.

Potatoes—55 to 60c per bag on track for Ontarios.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 15 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 10 to 12c; turkeys, 16 to 17c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—No. 1 creamery firm. Pound prints, 19 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 18 to 19c; inferior, 16 to 17c; creamery, 23½ to 24c, and separator, 22 to 23c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots, 23 to 24c per dozen.

Cheese—12½c per lb. for large, and at 12¾c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 14¼ to 14½c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, $25 to $25.50; short cut, $27.

Hams—Light to medium, 15½ to 16½c; do., heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 13½ to 14c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; backs, 18c; breakfast bacon, 16½ to 17c.

Lard—Tierces, 14¾c; tubs, 15c; pails, 15¼c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Sept. 14.—Demand for round lots of oats good at 43¾c, but sellers firm at 44½c; new crop No. 2 Canadian Western at 41c for shipment this month. Corn — American No. 2 yellow, 79 to 79½c; oats, No. 2 Canadian Western, 44 to 44½c; No. 3 Canadian Western, 43 to 43½c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 64 to 65c. Flour — Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.90; do., seconds, $5.40; Winter wheat patents, $5.75; Manitoba strong bakers', $5.20; straight rollers, $5.50; do., in bags, $2.60 Ontario Bran—$22 to $23; Ontario middlings, $23.50 to $24.50; Manitoba bran, $22; do., shorts, $24; pure grain mouille, $33 to $34; mixed mouille, $25 to $27 Cheese—Westerns, 11¾ to 11⅞c; easterns, 11¾ to 11⅞c. Butter—Finest creamery, 23 to 23½c; seconds, 22½ to 23c; Manitoba dairy, 18 to 18½c; Western dairy, 19 to 19½c. Eggs—Selected stock, 25½ to 26c; No. 1 candled at 22½ to 23c; No. 2, 16 to 19c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—Wheat — December, 94½c; May, 98 to 98½c; cash No. 1 hard, 98¼ to 98¾c; No. 1 Northern, 97¼ to 97¾c; No. 2 Northern, 95¼ to 95¾c; No. 3 Northern, 93¼ to 94¼c. Flour—First patents, $5.10 to $5.35; second patents, $5 to $5.25; first clears, $4.35 to $4.55; second clears $3.10 to $3.30. Bran—In 100-lb. sacks, $19.

Milwaukee, Sept. 14.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.03 to $1.04; No. 2 Northern, $1.01 to $1.02; December, 95c. Rye—No. 1, 72c. Corn—December, 59⅛c. Barley—Standard, 66½ to 67½c; No. 3, 55 to 59c; No. 4, 47 to 51c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Sept. 14.—A few of the best cattle sold at about 5½c per lb; pretty good animals, 3¾ to 5c; common stock, 2½ to 3½c per lb. Milch cows, $30 to $55 each. Calves $3 to $14 each each or 3¼ to 5½c per lb. Sheep, 3½ to 4c; lambs at 5¾ to 6¼c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs 9c per lb., up to 9½c per lb., the highest price ever paid here.

Toronto, Sept. 14.—Prime butchers' were firm at from $5.20 upwards. The general average loads of fair quality sold at from $4.85 to $5.10. Milkers and springers were steady. Stockers, feeders and calves firm and unchanced. Sheep and lambs firm. Hogs are now quoted at the record price of $8.25 f.o.b. and $8.50 fed and watered, and it was rumored that even higher prices had been paid in the country.

THE DEATH OF WOLFE.

One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary Celebrated.

A despatch from London says: The 150th anniversary of the Battle of the Plains of Abraham and the death of Wolfe was celebrated at a dinner here on Monday night at which Sir George White presided. The guests included descendants of the officers who fought at Quebec. The King sent a telegram saying he was always glad to hear of the memory of a great soldier being honored. Sir George White declared Quebec must always stand high among the decisive battles of the world.

SAVED ON RAPID'S BRINK.

Drunken Man at Falls Had Narrow Escape.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: Charles Ricards, of New York City, had a narrow escape from death in the Whirlpool Rapids early on Friday night. While under the influence of liquor he drove a hackman's team toward the river bank at the foot of Park Street, when Chief Kimmons caught sight of him and jumped into the carriage. The chief wrenched the reins from the hands of the drink-crazed New Yorker and stopped the horses just before the vehicle reached the river bank. Ricards carried in his vest pocket something over $400, and Driver Sutton had considered the sum too large an amount for a man in the grip of drink to display. When the hackman went in search of a policeman, Ricards undertook to drive the team, and dashed down Park Street at a terrific rate, lashing the horses at every bound.

LIQUOR POURED OUT.

Officers Destroy a Large Quantity of Beer at Elk Lake.

A despatch from Elk Lake says: Inspector Blackwell, Haileybury, and Constable Calbeck, Cobalt, came on Wednesday night's boat to destroy condemned liquor. At 9 on Thursday morning one hundred and sixty kegs and barrels of beer, valued at fifteen hundred dollars, were rolled down to the river and destroyed, while all the town looked on. The stuff was seized from Mr. Trudel of the Mint Hotel. Someone began singing the doxology, and some of the crowd collected the beer from the partially emptied kegs and passed it around.

NEGLECT CAUSED DEATH.

Welland Faith Curists May be Prosecuted.

A despatch from Welland says: The verdict of a coroner's jury, together with the evidence of an inquest held in Crowland, on Thursday, has been forwarded to County Crown Attorney Cowper, and it is likely that Edward Beckon and his wife, two faith curists, will be prosecuted. Their daughter Ruth, aged five years, was taken ill of diphtheria and a doctor was called. They permitted the house being placarded, but would not allow him to administer treatment. The child died and the verdict of the jury is that "she came to her death from diphtheria, and death was hastened by the neglect of her parents, who did not get a doctor for medical purposes."

MONEY FOR THE WEST.

Sir Edward Clouston Says Crops Will Bring $100,000,000.

A despatch from Montreal says: Sir Edward Clouston, who returned from the West on Sunday, states that there will be $100,000,000 of money go into the West as the result of this year's crop, and expressed the opinion that the wheat crop will reach 105,000,000 bushels. He also stated that there was no probability of tightness in the money market this year.

SMUGGLING OPIUM.

Three Chinamen Arrested Off Steamer Empress of Japan.

A despatch from Vancouver says: On Thursday night the C. P. R. police arrested three Chinamen in the act of smuggling a thousand dollars' worth of opium from the steamer Empress of Japan. The Orientals were taken coming down the gang plank. Part of the booty was thrown into the inlet, but enough was saved to establish a strong case.

The Boardman block at Saskatoon was burned. Loss, $40,000.

SUSPENDED OVER THE FALLS

Three Men Marooned Thirteen Hours in a Launch Above Niagara.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: For thirteen hours George Felz and Harry Porter, with two companions, were marooned in a small launch on a bar out in the river, less than a mile from the cataract and about a quarter of a mile from the point where the river breaks into the turbulent upper rapids. The boat went aground about 7 o'clock on Saturday night, and it was not until 8 o'clock on Sunday morning that it was released and the party, half dead from cold and fright, taken off. The absence of a wind was all that saved the boat and its four passengers from being swept over the Falls. Just off the spot where the boat grounded the water is deep and the current very swift. There was a dense fog over the river all night, and even if the launch had lifted off the reef, the men would have been in a worse plight than before, for it would have been a hard matter to make shore with the lights obscured and a margin of only a quarter of a mile between them and the rapids. All through the night the men kept calling for help, but their voices failed to reach any ear along the shore. When John W. Broderick, a riverman, went out early on Sunday and pulled the craft off the men were in a state of collapse. Several years ago the Ella H. went aground on the same reef and pounded to pieces.

CHARGE WILL BE MURDER.

A. H. Harris, of Qu'Appelle, Sask., Succumbs.

A despatch from Qu'Appelle, Sask., says: A. H. Harris, who was found last week on his farm dangerously wounded, died on Tuesday. It is thought by the police that Roper, after dragging his victim's body into the bluff, went into the house, put on his best clothes, packed a valise belonging to Harris, and took his employer's bank book, showing a substantial deposit at the Union Bank, Qu'Appelle. He then drove to town in the buggy, and it is alleged forged and cashed a check for $60. He left the horse and buggy at a livery stable, said good-bye to a number of friends, and took the train east. Roper informed his friends that he was going to Montreal, and it is believed he bought a ticket for that city, but he left the train at Winnipeg, where he was arrested.

GEO. E. BEACH ARRESTED.

C. P. R. Ticket Seller at Fredericton, New Brunswick.

A despatch from Fredericton, N. B., says: George E. Beach, C. P. R. ticket seller here, was arrested on Wednesday night, charged with the theft of $835 of the company's money. A week ago Beach reported that the money, done up in packages ready for expressing to the head office at Montreal, had disappeared from his desk during ten minutes' absence. Detectives from Montreal have been working on the case ever since. It is said that an audit of Beach's books showed a large shortage in the sale of tickets, and the detectives' theory is that the prisoner used the stolen money to cover this up. Beach has always borne a good reputation, is married, and has one child. His salary was forty dollars a month.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN.

Rail Placed Across Track Covered With Moss.

A despatch from Ottawa says: News reached Ottawa on Friday morning of an attempt to wreck the northbound C. P. R. passenger train near Maniwaki, on the Gatineau Valley line on Thursday afternoon. The engineer noticed an obstruction on the track along a high embankment. He succeeded in bringing the train to a stop just as the obstruction was reached. Investigation showed that someone had placed a rail across, covered with stones and moss, so as to make it less noticeable by the engineer. The authorities are investigating.

Earl Grey inaugurated the Women's Canadian Club at Vancouver on Tuesday.

MRS. GOLDWIN SMITH DEAD.

Wife of Literateur Passes Away After Brief Illness.

A despatch from Toronto says: The death occurred on Thursday night of Mrs. Harriet Smith, wife of Prof. Goldwin Smith, 26 Grange-road. While Mrs. Smith's death was not unexpected, on account of her advanced age, yet the news will come as a severe shock to the large circle of friends who knew her. On August 31, Mrs. Smith took a slight chill, but nothing more than extreme age was the immediate cause of her demise. No importance was attached by the doctors to Mrs. Smith's illness until Sunday last, when she suddenly became worse. From that time she gradually lapsed into a state of unconsciousness, which lasted until death.

ONE CITY HAS DISAPPEARED.

Only Church Towers Project Above the Water.

A despatch from Mexico City says: Word was received here on Tuesday night that the destruction by a tidal wave of Soto La Marina, a town in the State of Tameulipas, was so complete that the whole place has entirely disappeared, with the exception of a few church towers that project from the surface of a veritable sea. No one has been able to get closer than a league from where the town once stood. From this point rescue parties have noticed tents on the side of a tall hill, the only evidence of life remaining.

CHARGED WITH SHOOTING.

Indian Arraigned at London for Firing at Constable.

A despatch from London says: Isaiah Nicholas, a Muncey Indian, appeared before Squire Chittick on Wednesday afternoon on a charge of shooting with intent to kill at Cornelius Logan, an Indian constable, who went to arrest him. He was remanded a week for his preliminary hearing.

KITCHENER FIELD MARSHAL.

Military Honor for Successor to Duke of Connaught.

A despatch from London says: Lord Kitchener, who recently succeeded the Duke of Connaught as Inspector-General of the Mediterranean forces, has been made a field marshal of the British army.

THANKSGIVING DAY NAMED.

October 25 Selected as Date by the Government.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Government have issued a proclamation appointing Oct. 25th as Thanksgiving Day.

E. H. HARRIMAN IS DEAD

The Great Railroad Man Has Succumbed to Lengthy Illness.

A despatch from Arden, N. Y., says: Edward H. Harriman, probably the greatest organizer of railroads the world has known, met the only lasting defeat of his active life on Thursday at the hands of death. Secluded in his magnificent home on Tower Hill, surrounded by members of his family, physicians and nurses, he succumbed to an intestinal disorder on Thursday afternoon after a fight against disease which will rank for sheer grit with his remarkable struggles in the financial world.

The exact time of his death is known only in that limited circle of relatives and associates who had so effectively shielded Mr. Harriman from all outside annoyances during his last illness. The time was given to the world as 3.35 p.m., but Mrs. Mary Simons, a sister of Mr. Harriman, said on Thursday night that the end had come at 1.30 o'clock, more than two hours previous. Whether this apparent discrepancy has any bearing on the current belief that every effort was made to lessen the influence of the financier's death on the New York stock market is problematic; but it is significant that the time of his death as officially announced was just 35 minutes after trading had ceased on the Exchange in New York.

Mr. Harriman died peacefully, and almost to the end his brilliant mind retained its integrity. After a relapse on Sunday he sank steadily, and soon after the noon hour on Thursday there came a condition which marked the approach of the end.

THE ONLY WAY TO GOOD HEALTH

Is to Keep the Blood Rich, Red and Pure by Using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

The only way for every girl and woman to be well and at her best is to keep her blood rich and red and pure. Impure, weak blood is the cause of the wretched feeling of languor and faintness, pains in the back and sides, headaches and all those other indescribable sufferings which makes the lives of so many growing girls and women a daily torture. There is one sure way to be well, and that is through the tonic treatment supplied by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These Pills actually make the new, rich blood which growing girls and women need to make them well and keep them well. Thousands of mothers and their daughters have found an effectual cure for anaemia, general weakness, indigestion, palpitation, nervous disorders, skin troubles and other ailments in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. J. C. Moses, Brenton, N. S., says: "Last spring and summer my daughter's health gave out. She had no energy, was very pale and nervous, and had no appetite. As the usual remedies given in such cases did not help her, we became much alarmed, and on the advice of a neighbor began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. We could soon see an improvement, and as she continued to take the Pills she gained in weight and vigor; her color returned and her whole system seemed to be built up again. She is now the picture of health and joins in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BLACK BEESWAX.

The black wax of Burma is made by a small wild bee of the genus melipona (M. laeviceps). This bee nests in hollow trees and forms a peculiar trumpet shaped entrance to its hive. It is very commonly found in the kanyin trees, in which large holes are made in tapping them for resin. The bees find these artificial hollows suitable for their nests. According to D. Hooper the wax is similar in composition to the resin of various trees, while that forming the vestibules of the hive, is almost certainly the resin of the kanyin tree.

LIFE SAVERS.

Many times during the past year or so, have we gratefully considered the splendid work done in saving life and property by our various servants and inventions engaged in their duties. Some receive more praise than others but one of the most popular of the many property saving devices shown this year at the Toronto Exhibition was that celebrated compound, the "Nugget" shoe polish which saves millions of shoes annually for people all over the civilized world who use it. Strictly speaking the "Nugget" Shoe Polish is a leather preservative which will double the life of your boots and needs only to be tried to convince the most skeptical.

Intense interest in its superior qualities was created at the Toronto Exhibition where shoes were polished with "Nugget" Polish and immediately afterwards washed. The water ran off the shoe "like water off a duck's back" and the shine was not destroyed, proving that it is a water-proof polish. The shoe was then wiped with a clean towel, but the polish did not rub off and soil it, which is conclusive evidence that it will not come off on the clothes in wet weather.

At all dealers, 10c per tin.

NEVER OUT OF SIGHT.

Wife (excitedly)—"If you go on like this I shall certainly lose my temper."

Husband (calmly)—"No danger, my dear. A thing of that size is not easily lost."

Pills That Have Benefitted Thousands.—Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Innumerable testimonials can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

Mrs. Gillet—"So there is a tablet in your transept to her memory. Did she do anything to bring people into the church." Mrs. Perry—"Well, she wore a new hat every Sunday for three years."

WE GIVE YOU A TIP! Buy the genuine "The D. & L." Menthol Plasters. Unprincipled manufacturers are trying to take advantage of the great sale of "The D. & L." by putting up a substitute. The genuine only made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

The smile that is honest is the one that won't come off.

Don't Grow Old.

By going around with gray hair when Dr. Tremain's Natural Hair Restorative will bring it back to its natural color, even though it has been gray for years. Two persons might use from the same bottle and the hair of one become black and the other blonde, just as they were in youth. So it is not a hair-dye; it will not injure the scalp, and is no trouble to apply. We guarantee satisfaction or money returned. Price one dollar (Postage paid)

THE TREMAIN SUPPLY CO.,
15 Wood St., - - Toronto.

RIVALS OF THE AIR.

Keen Competition of the Command of the Skies.

France and Germany have just begun a terrific contest for the mastery of the air. Both countries are devoting their finest brains, their energies, and huge sums of money in the hopes of eventually obtaining that mastery in the air which Britain has hitherto held at sea.

It was France who began it, for France has always been a pioneer in the development of aerial navigation. It was a Frenchman who made the first successful balloon ascent that was ever made. It was a Frenchman who invented the first navigable balloon.

Then, again, the French were the first to make use of balloons in war, and quite recently the French were the first by several years to have, in the ill-fated "La Patrie," a modern airship fully equipped for aerial warfare. They boast that in aerial progress they are five years ahead of any other nation.

The Germans have started more than a hundred years behind their rivals in the fight for aerial supremacy. But they are nobly making up for lost time, and experts are divided at the present time as to which of these two nations can claim to have the finest aerial navy in the world.

So rapidly has the process of theoretical experiment been replaced by actual realization by both nations, that few people have yet grasped its significance.

France has now twenty-four officers and 432 men engaged in airship experiments or in manning the ships she already has. She has five fine military airships already finished, and six others being completed, and for which "stables" are already being built at various points along the frontier.

Germany has six military airships built and six others building. She already has the twelve airship stations completed, mostly along the frontier, ready for their reception. She has twenty officers and 465 men engaged in the aerial branch of the army. She has also a number of specially constructed guns to bring airships "on the wing," some of which, of a very light type, are mounted on swift-moving motor-cars.

So long ago as 1905 experiments were undertaken in France with the "Lebaudy" under war conditions. It was found that photos could be taken without trouble, and the movements of troops and the nature of fortifications easily inspected, and sent to earth. At a height of over a thousand feet aerial torpedoes were discharged whilst travelling at a rate of about thirty miles an hour.

One of the German airships, which was secretly constructed about two years ago, is believed to be armed with light guns as well as aerial torpedoes. This would enable it to fight any other airship it might meet, whilst others could only fire on them by going much higher in the sky to discharge their missiles.

The French Minister of War has just offered a big prize for the construction of aerial cruisers capable of a speed of over thirty miles an hour; whilst Germany announces that in the forthcoming autumn manoeuvres her three finest airships the "Gros," the "Parseval," and the "Zeppelin," will take a large part.

All the military airships of both nations have accomplished successful flights in various kinds of weather of more than a hundred miles.

And so the contest goes on. In 1907 France spent $1,000,000 on her aerial navy. Last year she increased her expenditure to $2,500,000. Germany spent $665,751. The rapid studies made by the latter may be gauged by the fact that two years ago she had only five officers and 150 men engaged in airship experiments.

To realize the strenuous nature of the struggle which these two nations are making for the contest of the air, it should be remembered that last year Great Britain only spent $250,000 on aerial experiments! This year $95,000 has been set aside for the purpose! We have one airship and one aeroplane complete, but neither of them yet proved efficient, and another aeroplane, of which secret trials have been made, and of which nothing is known.—Pearson's Weekly.

THE GREAT HIGHWAY.

Traffic on the Thames About the Year 1600.

The characteristic of present-day London, writes Mr. P. H. Ditchfield in "Memorials of Old London," at which all foreigners marvel, is the amount of traffic in the streets. In Elizabethan London this characteristic existed in the chief highway, the river Thames. It answered the needs of commerce and furnished the chief means of transit.

The passenger-boats were generally described as "wherries," and were likened by Elizabethan travellers to the gondolas of Venice; for instance, by Coryatt, in his "Crudities," who thought the playhouses of Venice very beggarly compared with those of London, but admired the gondoliers because they were "altogether as swift as our rowers about London."

The maps of the period reveal the extraordinary number of "stairs" for landing passengers along both banks of the river, besides the numerous wharves for goods. John Stow, the author of the "Survey of London," published in 1598, and again in a second edition in 1603, describes the traffic on the river.

"By the Thames," he says, "all kinds merchandise be easily conveyed to London, the principal storehouse and staple of all commodities within this realm. So that, omitting to speak of great ships and other vessels of burthen, there pertaineth to the cities of London, Westminster, and borough of Southwark, above the number as is supposed, of two thousand wherries and other small boats, whereby three thousand poor men at the least be set on work and maintained."

Many of these watermen were old sailors, who had sailed and fought under Drake.

The Armada deliverance was recalled by Drake's ship, which lay in the river below the bridge. The voyage of the Earl of Essex to Spain, the expeditions to Ireland and to the Low Countries, formed the staple of the gossip of these old sailors who found employment in the chief means of locomotion in Elizabethan London.

DEATH IN A SCRATCH.

Simple Injuries with Serious Results.

Morris Quatzam, an eleven years old Windsor boy, has just died as the result of a scratch on his wrist. Poison entered the wound, which was caused by falling off his bicycle, and despite the physicians, the boy died. Such incidents as these—by no means infrequent—ought to make people realise the danger that may lie even in the smallest flesh wound.

Take a simple illustration. When a dirty knife, a rusty needle, a splinter of dirty wood, a barbed wire fence, or a thorn, scratches the hand, the latter is inoculated with germs, of which the air about us is full. Directly these germs are introduced through the breach in the skin, a battle royal ensues between them and certain organisms in our blood.

When the invading germs are too strong for Nature's defences, in a few hours the finger will become hot and throbbing. A little later the wound may exhibit a whitish appearance in the middle of the swelling, and we have what is known as a festering or poisoned wound.

The way to avoid such serious results is to cleanse the wound and apply Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is a powerful yet painless germ killer, and when applied to the broken skin is absorbed into the tissue, instantly destroying the germs that spread disease and inflammation.

The flesh is thus soothed and purified, the wound made perfectly healthy, and all poison and cause of festering removed. Having done this, Zam-Buk then proceeds to heal the wound or sore with new healthy tissue, in a quick, painless, and perfect manner.

Zam-Buk must not be confused with ordinary ointments. Zam-Buk is a unique preparation, possessing antiseptic, soothing, and healing qualities that are not to be found together in any other preparation. It is not only a unique healing balm, but it is also a skin food. For all skin diseases and injuries—cuts, bruises, burns, eczema, chafing, ulcers, ringworm, etc., it is without equal. It is also used widely for piles, for which it may be regarded as a specific. All druggists and stores sell at fifty cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

"Women must consider it a dreadful fate to be old maids," mused Mr. Chugwater. "They do, Josiah," said Mrs. Chugwater. "Look what terrible noodles they sometimes marry to escape it." And Josiah rubbed his chin, but said nothing.

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads kill many times more house flies than any other known article.

PRINCE'S MARKSMANSHIP

Ex-Crown Prince George of Servia, says a Vienna report, once shot a pair of pearl pendants from a woman's ears at a distance of ten paces. His aim was so true that the bullets merely severed the gold wire on which the pearls were suspended, and the gems dropped on the woman's shoulders and thence to the floor uninjured. The two shots were fired in quick succession without a tremor on the part of the wearer of the gems, at whose behest the prince had consented to exhibit his skill.

BLUE LIGHT FOR NERVES.

French Doctor Keeps Patients in Blue Atmosphere.

A French doctor, so one hears from abroad, has recently established in Touraine what is probably the "denier act" in rest cures. He has a theory based on observations by Lumiere, of Lyons, that people employed in work shops illuminated by red light because nervous and were quickly tired, and that these effects ceased when blue light was substituted.

To carry out his theory the doctor keeps his patients in a blue atmosphere; the glass in the window is blue, and all the decorations and furniture of the room is of the same hue. At night the electric light shines through blue globes. Absolute silence is enjoyed throughout the establishment. His aim is to make his patients spend as much time as possible in sleep, waking up at intervals to take food.

He relies on physical agents, such as fixing the eyes on a bright object or the monotonous ticking of a clock, to lull the senses of his patients.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE DEAF.

A celebrated New York Aurist has been selected to demonstrate to deaf people that deafness is a disease and can be rapidly and easily cured in your own home.

He proposes to prove this fact by sending to any person having trouble with their ears a trial treatment of this new method absolutely free. We advise all people who have trouble with their ears to immediately address Dr. Edward Gardener, Suite 914, No. 40 West Thirty-third street, New York City, and we wish to assure them that they will receive by return mail, absolutely free, a "Trial Treatment."

We feel sorry for the poor man whose wife talks in her sleep, too.

Wilson's Fly Pads, the best of all fly killers, kill both the flies and the disease germs.

"How many people work in your office?" asked one man of another. "Oh, I should say, at a rough guess, about two-thirds of them," was the reply.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

Jack—"That young Simperly seems such a fragile fellow I should hesitate to touch him, for fear he would break." Sam—"He wouldn't hesitate about touching you if he was broke."

It is only necessary to read the testimonials to be convinced that Holloway's Corn Cure is unequaled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extinguisher.

A man's stillness may border on the ragged edge of lunacy, but you can't make the woman he is in love with believe it.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

"I hope you are not angry with papa for kicking you, dearest!" "Oh, no; I never pay any attention to what goes on behind my back."

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has the largest sale of any similar preparation sold in Canada. It always gives satisfaction by restoring health to the little folks.

A critic is a person who is unable to do a thing the way he thinks it ought to be done.

A little knowledge is a dangerous thing if it swells a man's head.

Through indiscretion in eating green fruit in summer many children become subject to cholera morbus caused by irritating acids that act violently on the lining of the intestines. Pains and dangerous purgings ensue and the delicate system of the child suffers under the drain. In such cases the safest medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It will check the inflammation and save the child's life.

ASPECTS TO ORDER.

In a certain manufacturing town it is a common thing for skilled workmen to save sufficient money wherewith to build houses for themselves. A great deal of rivalry exists among these men as to who should have the best house, with sometimes curious architectural results.

A and B were two rivals. A having built a house, B, whose turn soon afterwards came, determined to outdo him. So he called in a well-known architect to prepare plans.

Asked what aspect he would like to his house, B, scratching his head, inquired:

"Aspect! What's that? Has A got one?"

"Why, of course," said the architect; "he couldn't possibly——"

"Then put me on two!" was the prompt and emphatic reply.

BOVRIL

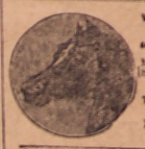
is pure concentrated beef.

A spoonful of **Bovril** in a cup of boiling water makes a cup of strong nourishing beef-tea, for **Bovril** contains all that is good in beef.

Bovril is easily digested by even the most delicate invalid.

The weak anaemic girl, the tired housewife and the harrassed business man, can each obtain vitality and strength from an occasional cup of **Bovril.**

A cup of hot **Bovril** will remedy a chill or a cold and prevent a serious illness.



VANZANT & WARING'S GUARANTEED
"SPAVIN CURE"
Mailed on receipt of $1.00. Send for booklet—FREE.
The Veterinary Remedy Company, Limited,
Box A, 75 Adelaide St., E. Toronto, Canada.

WENT ONE BETTER.

"Did you hear how Mrs. Winnout got the better of Mrs. Getthere on her new hat?"

"No. How?"

"When she learned that Mrs. Getthere's hat was as big as hers she took the trimmings off the hat, put it on the box the hat came in, and wore the box."

A Pill That is Prized.—There have been many pills put upon the market and pressed upon public attention, but none has endured so long or met with so much favor as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Widespread use of them has attested their great value, and they need no further advertisement than this. Having firmly established themselves in public esteem, they now rank without a peer in the list of standard vegetable preparations.

THE REASON.

"But," protested the young housekeeper, "the milk is sour."

"Yees'm," replied the honest milk-man "it's shameful how lazy them farmers is gettin.' Ye see, ma'am, they've been oversleepin' theirselves lately, an' before they git their cows milked the stuff turns."

The microscope in the hands of experts employed by the United States Government has revealed the fact that a house fly sometimes carries thousands of disease germs attached to its hairy body. The continuous use of Wilson's Fly Pads will prevent all danger of infection from that source by killing both the germs and the flies.

FROM THE CYNIC.

"Father," said little Rollo, "what is appendicitis?"

"My son," answered the cynical parent, "appendicitis is something that enables a good doctor to open up a man's anatomy and remove his entire bank account."

IN EARLY FALL as in Midsummer Painkiller finds a use in every home. Externally, for cuts, burns, sprains or bruises; internally for diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis'—25c. and 50c.

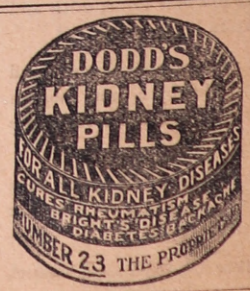
SURE.

School Teacher—"What lesson do we learn from the busy bee."

Tommy Tuffnut—"Not to get stung."

It Reaches the Spot.—There are few remedies before the public today as efficacious in removing pain and in allaying and preventing pulmonary disorders as Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It has demonstrated its powers in thousands of instances and a large number of testimonials as to its great value as a medicine could be got were there occasion for it. It is for sale everywhere.

A retired naval chaplain became rector of an English country parish. On one occasion his parishioners, wishing to give him a surprise, bought a flag for the church tower. When the rector saw it hoisted on the tower he at once ordered it to be taken down. On being asked his reason for doing so, he indignantly answered:—"Allow that flag to fly over my church? Never! Do you know what that particular flag signifies? 'In distress; want a pilot!'"



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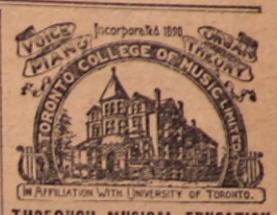

THOROUGH MUSICAL EDUCATION
EXAMINATIONS IN MUSIC.
Send for Calendar and Syllabus.

Oldest and Best

The school that has had the longest experience and greatest success in training young people for the practical affairs of life, and that can secure the best results for you, is the

British-American Business College
Y.M.C.A. BUILDING, TORONTO.
Write for catalogue.
T. M. WATSON, - PRINCIPAL

FOR SALE.

COMIC RECITATION BOOK—Best collection published in English language; Ten cents. Arthur Rice, Granby, Que.

FARM FOR SALE—County Huron, 142 acres choice clay loam, brick house, large barns, good orchard, water and fences, no waste land, choice location near good markets. Easy terms for quick sale. T. R. Wallis, Porter's Hill P. O., Ont.

MUST SELL FOR A CLIENT 1,000 fully paid up non-assessable $1.00 shares in Gold Dredging Company, controlling 10,000 acres rich gravel. Two dredges now on ground. Will take 25 cents per share for all or part. Taunton, McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.

WANTED.

BOY WANTED—TO ACT AS AGENT for "TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT" in his spare time. Good money. Circulation Manager, Toronto.

ROUTEMAN WANTED, TEAS WHOLESALE to private families. Apply Alfred Tyler, London, Ont.

BOYS AND GIRLS WISHING TO EARN money or premiums send your name and address for our juvenile catalogue of easy selling household specialties. Our adult Agents 68 page catalogue is also ready, free on request. Canada Silvercloth Co., Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—RELIABLE MEN we start in business of their own and give credit. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto.

WE GIVE FREE SAMPLE CASE **AGENTS** MEN OR WOMEN. Make $3 a Day and establish permanent business on our capital. Our high class goods sell on sight to every home, are quickly used up and repeat orders come fast. Exclusive territory given. WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. THE HOME SUPPLY Co., Dept. 50, Toronto, Ont.

MONEY MAKING LITTLE FARMS — IN CALIFORNIA'S Best Fruit, Alfalfa and Stock Growing Section. Rich, Deep Soil—Irrigated. Easy Payments. Write for Booklet. IRRIGATED LAND CO., Marysville - - California

OUR HEAVE CURE cures where others fail. Sells on its own merits. Best of testimonials furnished on application. Ask your druggist to get you some, or send direct to Four Brothers, Restoule. Price $1.00 per package. Charges paid to nearest express office. None genuine without our trade mark. FOUR BROTHERS, on each package. Try a package and be convinced. Because others have failed is no reason why Heaves cannot be cured by using Four Brothers Heave Cure.

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house Hangings, also **LACE CURTAINS** DYED & CLEANED LIKE NEW. Write to us about yours. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 153, Montreal

Fill in your name and address, mail this coupon to the
REMINGTON BUSINESS COLLEGE
269 College St., Toronto,
and get by return mail a copy of their handsome catalogue.
NAME.....
ADDRESS.....

WE ARE receiving daily our Fall Goods from some of the very b[illegible]olesale Boot and Shoe houses in Canada.

VICTORIA GEO. A. SLATER LONG LIFE AND MOTHER HUBBARD LINES FOR CHILDREN

¶ Each brand is well and favorably known, and the excellent quality workmanship, style, fit and finish of the new stock will add to their fame. ¶ Call and examine these lines before purchasing. They can't help but please you.

What about Shoeing the Children for School?

We have a very complete stock of School Boots in Dongola, Box Calf, Grain and heavy leathers, from 75c. up.

BIG DISCOUNT SALE STILL ON ALL SUMMER FOOTWEAR!

Come and secure some of the best bargains ever offered in Stirling in Footwear, while your size is here.

All rips sewed free. Repairing neatly and promptly attended to.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

Highest price paid for Eggs.

IF it wasn't for floor-dust, housework wouldn't be so hard—if it wasn't for floor-dust the doctors wouldn't be so busy—and yet it is so simple a matter to banish floor-dust from your house—so simple to have really sanitary floors—coat them with the most practical finish:

Floorglaze

Send now for valuable free booklet.

Address:—Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, — of Toronto.

Choose from ten pretty Floorglaze colors the enamel you can easily apply. Once on, it won't wear off, nor check, nor flake, nor catch dust. Waterproof; wear-proof; beautiful to see; glossy; sensible. A gallon covers 500 square feet. Comes in tins, from pints to gallons. Any good store sells Floorglaze.

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RECOMMENDED AND SOLD BY

J. S. MORTON, Stirling, Ont.

Threshing in the Northwest is now in full swing and in many districts the wheat yield is 45 bushels to the acre.

Charles Robinson, aged 22, of Buckingham, Que., died in a dentist's chair on Sunday while having teeth extracted under the influence of chloroform.

Halley's comet, which has been invisible for 70 years, has again come into range of the telescope. It will be visible to the naked eye about next April, so astronomers state.

James Gunyon of Madoc was sentenced at Belleville to three years in Kingston penitentiary for shooting at two neighbors.

A clever, popular Candy Cold Cure Tablet—called Preventics—is being dispensed by druggists everywhere. In a few hours Preventics are said to break any cold completely. And Preventics, being so safe and toothsome, are very fine for children. No quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Box of 48—25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

DID YOU EVER FIGURE THE COST of a single day's baking — the material, fuel, time and labor—and consider that it is all wasted if the baking is a failure?

Is it economy, then, to use a flour of uncertain quality when a few cents more will buy

Royal Household Flour

—a flour that you can depend upon to produce light, crisp and wholesome bread or pastry?

It is made from selected hard wheat, milled by a most modern process which guarantees absolute purity.

Royal Household Flour does not vary in quality — does not disappoint. 17

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal.

OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

If Sick

Don't risk even one single penny!

And I will tell you why I say this.

It is because every package of Dr. Shoop's medicine *is absolutely free if it fails.*

No one need risk even one single penny.

Just think what this means to the suffering sick!

No risk, no expense, nothing whatever unless health first returns. For 30 full days, and without the risk of a single penny, you can use either of my two famous remedies—Dr. Shoop's Restorative or Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy.

Then why take any chance whatever?

Why purchase any medicine whose maker dare not back it just as I do by this remarkable offer?

And besides, I am no stranger to you.

My "No help or no pay" plan has made Dr. Shoop's Restorative a favorite in every drug store in the land. The sick have wisely said, "We take no chance whatever here."

For twenty years Dr. Shoop's medicines have become thoroughly standardized all over America.

And I have established honest and responsible druggists in every city and village everywhere to act as my patents and yours. These selected druggists are placing my medicines with the sick—and the entire risk is mine alone.

But write me first for an order.

I have an agent in almost every community—but all druggists are not authorized to grant the 30 day test.

So drop me a line, please—and thus save all disappointments and delays.

Besides, you are free to consult me by letter as you would your home physician. Do so freely and fully—if you desire. My advice and the book below are yours—and without cost. Perhaps a word or two from me will clear up some serious ailment. I have helped thousands upon thousands by my private prescription or personal advice plan.

Besides, the books will open up new and helpful ideas to you. They tell of my 30 years experience at the bedside in homes and in Hospitals. All phases of sickness and relief are told of here. They tell of a long-lost "inside nerve" no larger than a silken thread that gives to the Heart its impulse. How the Stomach and Kidney each have their inside or power nerve. How these organs surely falter when these controling or master nerves begin to fail. How Dr. Shoop's Restorative goes directly to these failing nerves, and rebuilds, and vitalizes, and restores the lost tone and power. It can surely help you—if it is within the power of medicine to do so. My best effort is surely worth your simple request. So write now, while it is fresh in mind, for tomorrow never comes. Dr. Shoop, Box 12, Racine, Wis.

Which Book Shall I Send You?

No. 1 On Dyspepsia	No. 4 For Women
No. 2 On the Heart	No. 5 For Men
No. 3 On the Kidneys	No. 6 On Rheumatism.

VOTERS' LIST, 1909

Municipality of the Village of Stirling, County of Hastings

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of the Voters' List Act, the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered, of the list made pursuant to the said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly, and at Municipal Elections, and that said list was first posted up in my office at Stirling on the 21st day of August, 1909, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said List, and if any omissions or other errors are found therein to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

G. G. THRASHER,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

Dated this 21st day of August, 1909.

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling.

Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

A wise girl is known by the company she doesn't keep.

Commander Peary, in an interview at Battle Harbor, declared that he himself was the only white man who ever stood at the Pole.

Seven cattle and a team of horses, the property of T. Woods of the fourth concession of Sidney, are alleged to have been poisoned by an unknown person.

The man who laughs is a doctor without a diploma. His face does more good in a sick room than a bushel of powders or a gallon of bitter draughts. People are always glad to see him. Their hands, instinctively go half-way out to meet his grasp, while they turn involuntarily from the clammy touch of the dyspeptic, who speaks in the groaning key.

The New York Post very truly says that Peary's masterly preparations, his years of experience and training, the perfection of his equipment—all would have gone for naught if the conditions had not been miraculously favorable, precisely as Dr. Cook claims they were in the previous year. It is now evident that luck plays even a greater part in reaching the farthest North than had been fully realized.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Sold by all dealers.

Safe on the Railway.

A well known humorist entered an English railway carriage in which was one of those ladies who travel in constant fear of collisions. At every jolt or sudden stop she cried out: "Have we left the rails? Is it an accident? Are we going to be killed?" Her fellow passenger paid no attention, but remained wrapped in silence.

Presently the lady said to him, "Are you not afraid of railway accidents?" "Not I, madam," answered he, reassuringly. "It has been predicted that I shall die on the scaffold."

She changed carriages at the next station.

Flattery's Rebuke.

Harriet Lane Johnston was a typical society woman of culture in the past. When Miss Lane lived in London with her uncle, the ambassador, an English nobleman was most attentive to her one night at a dinner. Miss Lane's hands were very beautiful. The nobleman, gently touching one of them as it lay on the cloth, quoted Gray: "Hands that the rod of empire might have swayed." Miss Lane's smiling retort was the completion of the couplet: "Or waked to ecstasy the living lyre."—The Argonaut.

The Campbellford Herald says that there are a large number of Italians and Bulgarians working on the canal and power houses, and that they send a considerable portion of their wages every week to their native land, sometimes as much as $1000 per day being sent through the postoffice.

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Lord Charles Beresford told the Women's Canadian Club of Toronto that though women had accomplished more than men for civilization, temperance, moral reform and for humanity, that they were not fully appreciated. In hospital work, particularly military hospitals, in social reform, in bridging the gulf between the poor and rich, their influence was invaluable.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side and chest, and much cheaper. Sold by all dealers.

HARDWARE

PLENTY OF

Alsike Clover and Timothy

IN STOCK

This is inspected Seed from Toronto.

L. MEIKLEJOHN

'Phone No. 13

NEW SHOES

AT THE PARLOR SHOE STORE

Our New Fall Shoes are arriving daily.

The success of our trade in Ladies' and Men's Fine Shoes is remarkable enough to boast about. With the whole market before us, we have selected with scrupulous care such makes as we could thoroughly recommend, and in all our experience we never remember any styles and values as we are showing now in—

McPHERSON and EMPRESS SHOES

Which are easily the most satisfying we have ever sold for the money. They represent new and attractive styles, conscientiously made from high-class materials, and combining all the fine points of custom work at half the cost. We want you to see for yourself how good they really are.

...School Shoes...

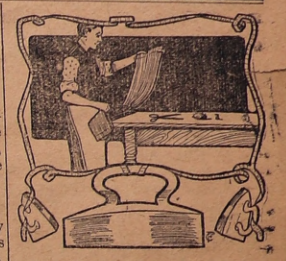
This is the time of year you need new shoes for the Children. We have taken great care in selecting the best on the market and are confident that we can satisfy you as regards style, price and quality.

SPECIAL—Men's French Calf Bluchers, guaranteed.....$3.50
Other lines from.....$1.25 up

We are leaders in Hand-made Work.
Repairing promptly attended to.

J. W. BROWN
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for goods.



PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from the tailors' hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suitings, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

JOHN M. McGEE

The Endowment Policy

is the best form of insurance for those desiring to make provision for their own future years, and who, in addition, require protection for their family or dependent ones in the meantime.

The insured, if living at the end of a specified term, receives in cash the face amount of the policy, together with the surplus that has accumulated during the period; or, if death should intervene, the beneficiary under the policy receives the full amount in cash.

The advantages of an endowment policy are numerous, while the cost is moderate.

AGENTS WANTED. Particulars given by

BURROWS, of Belleville

Note Heads, Envelopes,
Billheads, Circulars,
Cards, Posters,
—AND—
ALL KINDS OF PRINTIN
—AT—
NEWS-ARGUS Office

TO SILO BUILDERS:

ORDERS TAKEN FOR MATERIALS

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co.

While away at camp MR. W. R GIRDWOOD will be in charge.

Office at the Lumber Yard.

J. W. HAIGHT

Farm for Sale

Parts of Lots Nos. 11 and 12 in the 3rd Con. of the township of Rawdon, containing 100 acres, more or less situated on the Marmora Gravel Road, about two miles north of Stirling. The farm is in a high state of cultivation. Good dwelling, suitable for two families. Good barns and other outbuildings, and good bearing orchards. Will sell on easy terms.

For further particlars apply to

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We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial has been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family.

We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

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Comes to those who take Fig Pills. Everybody needs them NOW, because they build up the system, inspire you with new interest in life, and DESTROY THE BLUES. A box or two will work wonders on the run-down system. Get a box to-day. 25c. a box, or five boxes for $1.00. For sale at

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THE

Stirling News-Argus

Is published every THURSDAY at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Morton's drug store, by

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, $1.00 per year

If paid in advance. If not so paid, $1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

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Two inches, $10 per year; $6 for six months; $4 for three months; $3 for two months; $2 for one month. One inch, $5 per year. Professional cards, limited to six lines, $4 per year. A column measures twenty inches.

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$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. $1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1909.

Vol. XXXI. No 2.

NO BETTER CLOTHES THAN 'WARD' MADE CLOTHES

NEWEST PATTERNS AND DESIGNS IN SUITINGS

Just being put into stock. Make your choice now. We will make them up in either the latest New York or English styles. The Fit and Finish we strive to make *second to none.*

Will You Want a New Overcoat?

We have the new Fall Cloths in stock. Take a look!

Try the "WARD" Brand OF READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING

For Men and Boys and Children. :: You can depend on getting satisfaction, whether in a $5.00 or $15.00 Suit.

New lines in Shirts, Collars and Ties, Sox Gloves and Underwear and Coat Sweaters, at

FRED T. WARD'S

Specialist in Men's Wear

NOTE: New Fall Hats just in.

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

MILLINERY OPENING - To-day and Tomorrow

Everybody come. All the newest creations in Millinery Novelties and Pattern Hats, as well as original designs from our work-room. *You are cordially invited.*

DRESS GOODS....

We have a large range of the very newest Dress Goods,--Brocade Linings, Trimmings, etc., in all the latest shades. We invite inspection of our lines before you purchase. Prices the lowest.

SPECIALS

45-inch plain White Lawn, good value at 18c. yard.....Sale price, 12½c. yd.
38-inch Tucked Apron Lawn, regular 20c.....To clear, only 15c. yd.
36-inch Dress Goods, regular 50c. yd.....Our price, 39c. A Snap.
Ladies' Black Sateen Underskirts, good value at $1.25..Our price, $1
Woolen and Cashmere Hose, regular 25c.....To clear at 19c. pair
Men's Black and Blue Overalls, well made.....Only 50c. pair

MANTLE DEP'T

Our values in this Department cannot be equaled. Nothing but the very newest styles and lowest possible prices. We invite you to inspect our stock before purchasing. The values in Children's, Misses and Ladies' Coats and Jackets will surprise you. Prices from $3.50 up.

Ready-made Skirts

Have you seen them? They are neat, attractive, and tailor-made in the newest styles.....Prices, from $3.25 up. Over 75 to choose from.

Blankets....

Buy your Flannelette Blankets, Quilts, Tiedowns, etc., now. We can save you money.

Tomatoes—No. 1 quality, at the very lowest prices. Order now.
Finest Comb Honey.....2 for 25 cts.
Try our 25c. Green Tea. Its a winner.

--THE--

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA .. .. .. TORONTO

GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch: Empire Block. Stirling and Springbrook Branches: W. M. Chandler and W. S. Martin, Managers.

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE AT THE

NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe	$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire,	1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star	1.80
The Weekly Witness	1.80
The Weekly Sun	1.75
The Toronto News (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily)	4.50
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly	$2.30

Wellman's Corners

Mr. Clarke preached an excellent sermon on Sunday last, from the words found in Malachi 2; 16.

The Sunday School here will hold its Rally Day service on the coming Sabbath, the 26th. Mrs. Geo. Maybee, who was the delegate from this school, will present her report at that service, and there will also be a report from Mr. Herbert Hoover, the Secretary.

The Women's Institute met at the residence of Mrs. Thos. Brennan on the afternoon of the 16th. The President, Mrs. T. Hubble, was in the chair. The meeting opened with the singing of "The Maple Leaf Forever." Eleven members and five visitors were present. After the reading of the minutes Mrs. Graham gave the topic, "Should Women use the Franchise?" This was followed by a short discussion. Miss Marguerite Brennan gave a recitation. Mrs. Hubble read a couple of recipes for making salad. Mrs. Parks gave a reading "How her Husband Helped." Mrs. C. W. Dracup read "Authority in the Family," and Mrs. John Snarr gave a fine patriotic reading. A resolution was moved by Mrs. Graham and seconded by Mrs. Parks, expressing sympathy for Mrs Robert Totton and family in the bereavement they had suffered in the death of little Leland Potts. Mrs. Totten was present and warmly thanked the ladies for their sympathy and spoke of the tender feeling that was engendered among the members by their association with each other. The program was arranged for the next meeting, which will take place on Oct. 21st at the residence of Mrs. Blake Totton. The meeting closed by singing "God Save the King."

Miss Reid of Marmora was last week visiting her cousin, Mrs. Alfred Mason.

Mrs. Fred Fanning has returned from Wellington where she has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Burrel Fanning.

Mrs. Judd of Chicago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Snarr.

Miss Wanda Snarr has returned to Albert College.

Messrs. Bennett and Buchanan of Campbellford were the guests of Mr. Fred Anderson on Sunday.

Mrs. W. Anderson visited Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Anderson on Sunday.

A number of our citizens attended Peterboro fair, and report a good time.

Seventh Line, Sidney

Mr. L. Russ has retired from the farm to live in Trenton.

Mr. Wm. Richardson is on the sick list.

Mr. B. Heagle of Rochester, N. Y. is home at Mr. John Heagle's.

Ploughing for fall grain is in full swing.

Mr. Delbert Redick has been engaged by Mr. R. N. Bird for the apple season.

Mr. Thompson and family of Belleville were guests at Mr. R. Searls' on Sunday.

Mr. W. J. Reynolds and daughter, Miss Bertha, of Stirling spent Sunday at Mr. A. Hamblin's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Richardson, Miss Dollie Richardson and Mr. D. Redick were guests of Mr. M. Taugher and family on Sunday.

A social will be given by the W. M. S. at Marsh Hill church on Tuesday evening, Sept. 28th.

Foxboro Notes

Mrs. (Dr.) J. A. Faulkner is in Montreal, the guest of her friend, Miss Scarff, who is expected to return with her.

Our village is to have a branch of the Standard Bank, Mr. J. A. Holgate manager.

Foxboro evaporator has just started up. Owing to a scarcity of apples the season is very late.

Mrs. Leona Hubble is visiting at the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. Elgin Hubble, Ransomville, N. Y.

Geo. Palmer, who has just returned from Ottawa, has entered the employ of C. Ashley, Belleville.

Mrs. Miller and Miss Mary Miller are to spend the next two weeks in Lindsay and Haliburton. They will be joined at Lindsay by Mrs. Leona Hubble.

Spring Brook

Mr. Jeremiah Wilson is running his cider mill with a gasoline engine this season, and is prepared to make cider while you wait.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Linn are home again after a trip to the West. He was so pleased with the country that he bought a half section of improved land out there.

Rev. J. E. Moore on Friday evening delivered his popular lecture on Mother, Home and Heaven in the church here to appreciative audience.

The Women's Missionary convention is to be held here on Oct. 7th, morning and afternoon sessions.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side and chest, and much cheaper. Sold by all dealers.

Presentation to Mrs. Robinson

At the home of Mrs. Judd, where Rev. F. A. Robinson and family were being entertained for the last night of their stay in Stirling, there occurred on Monday evening one of those pleasant, though sad, incidents which give an opportunity for the expression of feelings that mere words seem inadequate to represent. A goodly number of the ladies and a few of the gentlemen of St. Andrew's congregation assembled to express in tangible form their sense of appreciation of the departing occupants of the Manse, and Mrs. W. R. Mather read the following address:

DEAR MRS. ROBINSON,—

We cannot let you and your dear husband and children leave us without some expression of our appreciation and our love. From the time of your coming among us in the very trying position of minister's wife, you have merited our highest esteem, not only by your uniform kindliness of manner and disposition, but also by your unassuming readiness to participate in every good work in connection with our congregation. Whenever the need presented for your services, you were found ready to do your part, and whether the call was to lead us, to preside over us, to guide us, or to take an humbler part and do what we might call the drudgery in connection with any of our work, your willingness, your ability, and your persistent energy have marked you as the faithful helpmeet of the minister and the capable Christian woman, and have so endeared you to us that we candidly confess that our love for you is only surpassed by that which we bear to your dear husband.

It is with sincere regret that we lose you from our fellowship and from our Manse, whose hospitality Mr. Robinson and you have dispensed with such impartial spontaneity. We have noted your self-sacrificing and prompt response to every call upon your time and talents; we recognized your efficient management of associated organizations of our congregational work in the absence of Mr. Robinson; we admire your skill and your influence as a mother in your home and we have taken pride in the becoming conduct of your much loved children. We wish to present you with these gifts as a small evidence of our regard and we hope they may be kept by you as a token of our loving appreciation.

In behalf of the ladies of St. Andrew's congregation.

(MRS.) ANNIE GREEN
(MRS.) AGGIE MCGEE
(MRS.) EFFIE MATHER.

Stirling, Sept. 20th, 1909.

As Mrs. Mather concluded and handed the address to Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Annie Green, Mrs. Jas. Drewry and Mrs. John M. McGee stepped forward with a beautiful eight-day ornamental mantel clock in a case of quarter cut oak for Rev. and Mrs. Robinson; a cut glass berry bowl for Mrs. Robinson; a solid gold locket and chain for Miss Helena; a solid gold lace pin for Miss Grace; and a solid gold signet ring for Miss Robena Maynard, the popular little maid of the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Robinson were deeply affected by the unexpected occurrence, but in turn expressed their appreciation of the kindly sentiments of the address, and of the fact that every member of the household had been remembered in the beautiful gifts which will be cherished in loving memory of the happy days spent in St. Andrew's congregation.

Don't Be Too Good

Editor Bodenc who runs a country newspaper in Missouri, hands out the following chunk of wisdom: "Whatever you do, brother, don't get too good. There is plenty of piety that is depressing and which immediately breeds suspicion and distrust. Most every man has his faults, and if our secret acts and thoughts, or even those things people know about us but which we think they do not know, were held up to the public, we would shrink, cut to the quick, and flee to hide our moral and spiritual nakedness. Some of us get drunk and that is bad; some of us lie like dogs, and that's worse; and some of us love money better than we do truth; some of us cheat, steal, and dodge our taxes, and that's worser still; though among the elect it is considered a virtue. But the crowning sin of all is our charity for the frailties of others, which rejoices when others are crucified and which attempts to hide its secret joy with sniffling and pious deprecation. Men dislike such people, and God despises them. No, whatever you do, don't get too good."

Drive Rheumatism out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy and see how quickly pain will depart. Rub-ons never did reach the real disease. Rheumatism isn't in the skin. It's deep down—it's constitutional. Getting rid of the pain is, after all, what counts. That is why Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy goes by word of mouth from one to another. And herein lies the popularity of this Remedy. It is winning defenders everywhere, Tablets or liquid. Sold by J. S. Morton.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established in the Year 1817

Paid up Capital	$14,400,000
Reserve	$12,000,000

Accounts opened with Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest paid on deposits at highest current rates.

Stirling Branch: W. R. HOWSON, Manager.

Sterling Hall

Our Exposition of Fall and Winter Fashions For the Ladies

IS now under way. Everything new upon which Dame Fashion has placed her stamp of approval will be found in one or another of our many departments. Can't describe everything, but suffice it to say that exclusiveness and quality, combined with price reasonableness, are recommendations for your favor.

Again we Request Your Inspection.

Ladies', Misses' and Girls' Fall Coats

A full assortment is already shown, mostly in self-colorings and in close and semi-fitting models for Ladies. Children's and Misses in plain colorings and fancy effects. Assortment the largest, quality the highest, prices the most reasonable.

Woolen and Cashmere Hose

We have a specially selected line of exceptionally big values in Fall and Winter Hosiery. Also Stocking Legging by the yard at 25c. and 30c.

Special Worsted Hose, sizes 8½, 9, 9½, 10, worth 35c.....For 25 cts. pair
Special four and one ribbed Wool Hose for boys, regular 25c.....For 20 cts. pair
Special all wool Men's Heavy Socks, regular 20c. pair.....At 2 pairs for 25 cts.

Underwear by the Carload

MEN'S, WOMEN'S, BOYS', GIRLS', INFANTS' Underwear in endless variety.

Watson's celebrated make, in all sizes and qualities.....From 15c. to $1.50 a garment

A Bargain in Pillow Cases

10 dozen, sizes 40 and 42 inches, regular value 35c. pair .....At 25 cts. pair

Dress Goods for School Girls

It has been a little difficult to get satisfactory goods for this purpose, combining good wearing qualities and comfort with appearance. We have them here.

Navy and Cardinal Worsted Serge, worth 50c. yard.....On sale at 35 cts. per yard
Heavy Gray Tweeds, worth 50c..For 35c. yd.

Creamery and Jar Butter

Best Creamery in 1 lb. blocks.....at 27 cts.
Fine quality Butter in small crocks and jars.....at 20c. to 22½c. lb.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

Stirling Fall Fair Sept. 23, 24

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER XXIII.

"The explanation will not be a pleasant task," sighed Lady Bromley, with a sorrowful glance at Mrs. Bryant. "It will evolve the bitter secret of a lifetime, which has been shared alone by my husband and my dearest friend, Helen.

"Of course, to make the situation understood by all our friends," her ladyship began, with a sigh, "I must make the humiliating confession that I was secretly married while I was at a boarding-school near Boston. It was a rash act, and one that I afterward repented in dust and ashes, although I loved my husband most fondly, and our life was a very happy one, the only cloud upon our otherwise serene sky being the fact that we had no children. Sir Charles was on a visit to this country when we became acquainted, a strong and abiding affection springing up between us almost immediately. When he was suddenly recalled to England by his father, he pleaded with all the eloquence of which he was master that I would become his wife before he sailed.

"He asserted that he must make sure of me before leaving me, but as soon as my school-days were over he would come immediately to claim me from my father. I knew I was not doing right, but I yielded to his entreaties, and we were quietly married, Helen alone being admitted to our confidence. Our marriage occurred during the Christmas holidays, which my family believed I was spending at the home of my friend, while in reality Charlie and I passed them very happily in Boston, making our home in one of the Back Bay hotels. He sailed about the first of January, and I returned to school, happy in the prospect of his return, when in a few months I should graduate. Then we were going to my home in Illinois together to confess our secret, make a little visit, after which my husband would take me to England.

"I exerted myself to the utmost to make a good showing in my class, for I believed that Charlie would be present at commencement, and I was ambitious for his sake, as well as for my own. But, alas! a short time previous to the close of the term he wrote me that his father was very ill, and he could not leave, but he charged me to be of good cheer—to go home as usual, and he would follow me the moment he was free to leave his father. But I found that I could not go home without bringing great reproach upon both myself and family, and in this extremity Helen proved herself to be my good angel.

"Her father and mother were upon the eve of going abroad, to be absent a number of months, and at her earnest solicitation they invited me to remain with her during their absence, as otherwise she would have to pass the time with no companion save the housekeeper and one servant, who was the wife of the lodgekeeper and gardener. My father cheerfully accorded me the desired permission, to my intense relief, and then I tried to possess my soul in patience while awaiting the coming of my husband.

"I was very unhappy in some respects, for I realized that I had done very wrong to deceive my friends. If my mother had been living, I think I should have confessed all to her and thrown myself upon her love and mercy, for I was sorely in need of comfort and motherly advice. But I had always stood in awe of my father, who was rather austere and very strict with his children; and thus I was constrained to keep up my deception and preserve my secret until Charlie came, when I trusted to him to smooth everything for me.

"A fortnight or three weeks after the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Atwood, the housekeeper was taken violently ill, and was obliged to go to a hospital in Boston. The summer passed, and September came. Toward the last of the month I received a letter from Charlie saying his father had died, and that he should sail for America within a week. Then there followed a cable despatch, stating he would leave Liverpool the next day on the Catalonia. The vessel was that ill-fated steamer which was wrecked when only two days from port. When I read the report of this tragedy, together with the names of those supposed to be lost—Charlie's among them—the shock nearly killed me, and my baby was born a few hours afterward.

"I should have said that a few weeks after the departure of the housekeeper, Helen and I decided to take the lodgekeeper's wife into our confidence, and it was well that we did so, for the woman's sympathies were immediately enlisted in my behalf, and my own mother could not have been kinder to me. Thus, in the hour of that terrible emergency, she proved a tower of strength and comfort to us both, and promised to guard our secret as sacredly as if it had been her own. But after the coming of my little daughter there arose the appalling question: 'What is to become of us?' Charlie had taken the proofs of our marriage into his possession for safe-keeping, and thus, not knowing the justice who had performed the ceremony, it was out of my power to substantiate any statement which I might make regarding our union. I actually dared not face my father — I feared his bitter anger and repudiation. True, Helen might have helped me out, but she also dreaded the consequences of such a disclosure.

"The lodgekeeper's wife advised us to send the child to some institution in the city, claiming that we could easily keep track of it, and perhaps find a good home for it later on. At first I was wild over such a proposition. I wanted my darling. She was mine, honorably mine. She had my lost Charlie's beautiful blue eyes, fair hair, and complexion, and the mother-love within me revolted against such an unnatural act. But, on the other hand, there was the fear of the censure of and ostracism from all my friends, and the worse fact that my child would be doomed all her life to the suspicion of shameful birth.

"For a week I fought with my own heart and the arguments of Helen and the woman who cared for me, until, weak, despairing, and almost on the verge of insanity, I was utterly incompetent to think or reason lucidly. I was in a very critical condition."

Lady Bromley became greatly agitated at this point in her story, whereupon Mrs. Bryant exclaimed, although she was scarcely less moved:

"Mabel, dear, let me tell the rest. I alone am to blame for what followed, and I will not shrink from my share of reproach." Then addressing their friends, she continued:

"When I realized Mabel's danger I was terribly frightened. I knew that Mary—the lodgekeeper's wife—was afraid she was going to die, and I was appalled at the thought of having the babe discovered in the house in that event, when the truth would all have to come out and the fair fame of my dearest friend be forever tarnished. So I resolved to act upon my own responsibility in accordance with Mary's advice.

"One terribly stormy day I dressed the child nicely, but with the keenest heartache I ever experienced in my life, determined to send her adrift into the world. I do not know what inspired me to the act, but I went to Mabel's jewel-box, took from it a little golden key which I had often seen lying in it, and pinned it upon the baby's dress. Then I wrote a brief note containing these words: 'Will some kind woman take this child, or see that it finds a good home where it will be well cared? Nothing but direst necessity compels her abandonment. She is well and honorably born, and yet a relentless fate makes her an outcast from her own kindred. A peculiar-shaped golden key is fastened to her clothing—it is her only heritage. Will whoever responds to this appeal insert in the early issue of the Boston Transcript, under the head of personals, the following: "X. Y. Z.—The golden key has unlocked a responsive heart," and relieve the writer of this of a heavy burden?'

"I pinned this also to the blanket in which the poor little waif was wrapped. Mary administered an effective potion of soothing syrup, and then, with the child wrapped in a soft gray shawl and in a way to attract as little attention as possible, I started out to consign her to the tender mercies of a certain 'home' in the city. I enveloped myself in Mary's ample waterproof, and wore a thick veil, hoping thus to escape recognition, while I planned to make my trip in the shortest possible time. But when I arrived at the station in town, my unaccustomed burden had become so heavy I was obliged to rest before going farther. So I went directly to the private waiting-room, where I laid the child upon a great table, which stands there to this day.

"I had not been there five minutes when two girls whom I knew entered the room. I recognized them by their voices, and though I was in a corner where I could not see them, or they me, I was in mortal fear lest they should espy me. They passed directly into one of the adjoining rooms, however, and then, to make sure of not being discovered when they came out, I slipped stealthily into the other room, and concealed myself behind a door, to wait for them to leave the place. I was confident that the baby would not wake, and so felt safe to leave it for a few minutes. But I was very tired. I had been broken of my rest for many nights, and was almost worn out with anxiety and excitement, and before I was aware that I was even drowsy I had fallen soundly asleep. I awoke, at length, with a terrible start, and, glancing at the clock, found, to my dismay, that I had slept fully half an hour. Instantly remembering my charge and my errand, I hurried tremblingly into the other room, to find the baby gone!"

CHAPTER XXIV.

"I was appallel, amazed, frightened!" Mrs. Bryant resumed, after pausing a moment to recover from a nervous trembling that seized her as she recalled the terrible experiences of that hour. "I felt almost like a murderess, with my crime branded upon my brow. I sank into the nearest seat, weak and very nearly unconscious, wondering what I should do, how I ever could face Mabel if she recovered and confess what had happened. Then a comforting thought came to me. It was that no one would have taken the child from the station without first making inquiries and creating an excitement in searching for the mother, unless that one had really wanted it. That no disturbance had been made I was very sure from the placid appearance of the few people about, and the woman in charge of the waiting-room.

"Doubtless, some traveller, on going into the inner room, had observed the suspicious-looking bundle, and, upon examining it, had found the appealing note pinned to the blanket, and so, yearning for just such a child, had taken her to some home where she would be tenderly cared for. At least, I tried to solace my aching heart and guilty conscience by such reasoning as, weary and almost ill, I hastened home, where I awaited with the most harrowing impatience for the next day's Transcript, hoping against hope to find some response to the appeal in my note.

"The paper came, but there was no comfort in it for me. The second day, however, greatly to my joy, I read the welcome words I was looking for, and a great burden rolled off my heart. I was relieved in one way, and yet I was filled with apprehension in another. I had no longer any fear regarding the welfare of the child, but I trembled to confess to Mabel, if she recovered, that it was irretrievably lost—that instead of being placed in an institution, as we had suggested, where we could see it at any moment, or trace it, if given away, we could never hope, because of carelessness and neglect, to know aught of its future.

"The third night afterward we believed that my poor friend would never know the truth, for it seemed likely to be her last, and though my heart was almost broken at the thought of losing her, I tried to feel that everything would be rightly adjusted in the unknown realm whither I believed she was going, and her own grief-stricken heart at rest. It proved to be the crisis, for when the long night of watching was over, she began to rally. A few days more and she was out of danger, when I could endure my burden no longer, and confessed what I had done.

"I shall never forget the look of hopeless despair that swept over her face as she realized the truth; but she never uttered one word of reproach or condemnation. It was as if she recognized that a cruel fate had set its iron heel upon her, and she had nothing to do but submit to it in patient silence. I told her, of course, of the response that had come to me in the Transcript, and this appeared to comfort her a little. She simply said, with a gentle sigh: 'If the poor little waif has found a good home, and can be reared in happy ignorance of her origin, I suppose I ought to be thankful.'

"But who shall describe what we experienced when, about ten days afterward, Sir Charles walked in upon us, well and hearty and full of bright anticipations for the future? He was greatly shocked at the change in his wife, but when he learned the truth about his child he was horror-stricken, and for a few days we were a most wretched household. He declared that the little one should be found—he would rake the country over to recover her. For weeks he inserted advertisements in the Transcript and other papers. He searched throughout Boston and spent money unsparingly, but all to no purpose. No response ever came—no clue to the little one was ever obtained, and finally the sorrowing couple were compelled to abandon all hope.

"As soon as Mabel was strong enough to travel, they left me and went to her home in Illinois. Sir Charles tried to be kind, but I know, in his heart, he never forgave me for the last act that robbed him of his child," Mrs. Bryant concluded, with a regretful sigh.

"Helen, dear, why did you persist in tormenting yourself with that old thought?" said Lady Bromley reproachfully. "I am sure Charlie was very grateful to you for all your devotion and self-sacrifice for me. It is you who have never forgiven yourself, but now I hope you will forget it all and rejoice with me in the recovery of my lost one."

"I do, believe me," said Mrs. Bryant, bending a fond look upon both mother and daughter, and then her fortitude forsook her and she burst into tears of mingled gratitude and regret.

"Well, this is the most thrilling story of its kind that has ever come within my personal experience, and I have helped to ferret out some very curious facts regarding the history of various individuals!" Mr. Lyttleton here interposed, to draw attention from the weeping woman and give her time to recover herself.

"It was a terrible experience. No one will ever know what Charlie and I endured during the few weeks following his return to me," observed Lady Bromley, with emotion. "I do not like to dwell upon it. If my mother had only been alive, we need never have lost our child, for I would have flown to her in my trouble, but, as I have said, I feared my father. You know how austere—how relentless he was, Richard. You remember that it was with great reluctance that he forgave me, even when Charlie and I appeared before him and confessed our marriage. Had not my husband been a wealthy baronet, I believe he never would have overlooked my rash act. Before leaving Boston, Helen, Charlie, and I pledged ourselves never to reveal the secret about our little one. It was to remain locked forever away in our own hearts."

"How about the woman Mary and her husband?" questioned her brother.

"Her husband never knew anything of what occurred," her ladyship replied. "He was away at work on a farm belonging to Mr. Atwood during almost the whole of my illness; the coachman was attending to his duties about the residence, and as they did not live upon the place, they never came into the house. Mary we paid handsomely, and swore her to secrecy, and Helen thinks she was true as long as she lived; she died three years afterward. Now you can understand, Richard, why, in spite of our strong affection for each other, Charlie and I were sometimes so depressed during those weeks we spent at home. You used to rally us about it occasionally, you know. Before sailing for England we went on to Boston once more, to make a last attempt to recover the child. But it was a useless journey, and we finally gave up our search and went home. Our loss seemed a peculiarly trying one, in view of the fact that no other children ever came to us. It was the one dark cloud upon the otherwise clear sky of our existence, and though we seldom talked about it, yet each knew that the other grieved in secret over the fact.

(To be continued.)

WHY RICH FOLKS STEAL.

The Views of a Celebrated Paris Physician.

Why do women shoppers who have plenty of money steal things which they do not need?

Others have dismissed the phenomenon after giving it a name—kleptomania — but a celebrated Paris physician and criminologist, has gone straight to 120 of the fair culprits for their own version of the matter.

The interest of these cases is increased by the fact that although a few professional thieves and some persons who are driven to theft by poverty may be among their number, by far the majority of these shop thieves are ladies in easy circumstances. Some of them, indeed, are rich.

Here are some leading facts from the criminologist's investigations. The women only thieve in the large shops. The majority of them are in easy circumstances, and many of them are rich. The articles they take are often of no use to them, or they do not need them, or they have already in their home similar articles, and often more than they require.

Another point is that when arrested at the door of the shop they readily distinguish from the rest of their possessions the stolen article, and many of them admit possession of it with an expression of relief, as if they had felt burdened by its weight.

Many persons, again, go a step further. Anticipating their questioner, they accuse themselves of former thefts committed in similar circumstances, and describe the stolen articles they have in their homes.

As a rule, the goods have not been worn or used, and they frequently still bear the ticket of the shop. Finally the same explanations are given in nearly every case.

"It was too strong for me—I lost my head—I thought that everything belonged to me—if I had not been detected I should have gone on always."

About the Farm

PUMPKINS AS COW FEEL.

In all of the Eastern States where pumpkins are extensively grown they are used for cow feed in the late fall and early winter months, and as long as they can be kept without deterioration. Possibly they could be kept all winter under proper conditions of storage, but they are such a bulky food that a very large place is required to store enough of them to last a large herd through the winter months. They are not only hollow inside, but their round shape makes them space-consumers in storage. I regard the pumpkin as equivalent to silage for feed, but when we have the problem of feeding many cows it is much easier to build a silo that will hold several tons of silage than to build a receptacle for several tons of pumpkins, writes Mr J. P. Fletcher. Moreover, the pumpkins must be cold enough to prevent them from decaying, for the air will get into any receptacle in which they can be placed.

With silage the temperature makes little difference if it does not reach the point where it freezes. I have found in the feeding of pumpkins that we can feed about forty pounds per day per cow to advantage, and with some cows the milk production will be greatly increased. I have, however, had occasional cows where the effect of feeding pumpkins was to cause the cows to lay on fat and decrease their milk production. There are very few experiments to which we can point relative to the value of feeding pumpkins. In one experiment that I have in mind that was a gain of six per cent. more milk when pumpkins were fed than before they were admitted into the ration. There is no better place to plant pumpkin seed than in the corn field. The corn field, or a proportion of it, is just the place for them. Seeds placed in alternate hills of the same row of corn will give ample room for the growth of the vines, and they will usually bear well. The great advantage about feeding pumpkins is that the men who have no silos can feed them, and nearly all men who keep cows have no silos.

SMALL PRACTICAL SILO.

It is well understood that to give plenty of milk a cow must have succulent food. Grass meets the need from late spring to early fall, and silage in the winter months. But can a farmer or a dairyman having from one to ten cows only afford a silo, and what is the smallest silo that will prove practical? This question has been propounded by a contemporary, and a contributor. Mr. Edward Van Alstyne has tried to answer it. It will probably be too late to build a silo—at least it—by the time this article is read. Nevertheless, this is not the last year in which such things are needed, and Mr. Van Alstyne's suggestions should be remembered. They are:

"This question comes to me again as it has many times before. Its answer, like many others of like nature, depends largely on the man. For some with one cow it would be a practical thing to sink a molasses hogshead in the ground and fill it with cut corn. Its practicability would depend upon the amount of roughage available, and the lack of other succulent foods, as well as the means at hand for growing the corn, and putting it into the silo. Now these same principals obtain in every case up to ten cows. After that in any case where corn will grow, and the silage milk can be sold. I believe it is not a question, 'Can I afford a silo?' but 'Can I afford not to have one?' The average feeding season is about five months, or 150 days. The ordinary cow will eat about forty pounds of silage daily, or three tons in this period; ten cows mean thirty tons. A round silo twenty feet deep (I do not believe it wise to have one of less depth), and twelve feet across would hold thirty-eight tons, allowing for settling, would mean just about thirty tons actual. One the same height and fourteen feet in diameter would hold fifty tons, about forty actual after settling, This would cost but a trifle more to build, and would hold enough more for a longer season, more cows or summer feeding, either of these certainly a practical thing."

BRISTLES.

The hog lots should be dry. Burn over the feeding places at least once a year.

Hogs should have plenty of clean water to drink, and their feeding troughs should be kept clean.

Dry meal can be fed in shallow troughs; hogs chew it well.

When the little pigs are weaned put the sow out of their hearing for a while.

Take care not to allow food to sour in the pig troughs. Feed just what the pigs will eat up clean; if any remains clean it out.

Charcoal, sulphur and salt should be kept in every pen and hog lot, as they are correctives and are relished by the hogs.

Breed for utility every time. Too many of our so-called professional breeders have become cranky upon certain fancy points and loose sight of everything else in their efforts to stamp uniformity of markings in their herds.

Every farmer should have a few well bred hogs as they are waste savers.

Feed the young pigs whole oats on a platform in an enclosure by themselves.

Lice take the life right out of hogs. They can not grow; they cannot take a minute's comfort with them. Spray, if you can't dip. Even an old broom dipped in spraying solution is better than nothing.

THE WELL-BRED CAMEL.

Manners of These Animals are Generally Perfect.

"Whenever I recall the sacred city of Kairowan, my ear is aware of the dull, soft sound of the camel's leisurely tread," declares Mr. Graham Petrie, in his boon on "Tunis, Kairowan and Carthage." The camel is ubiquitous in this city; one meets him at every turn, pursuing every occupation, humble and exalted.

He draws the carts, he treads the wheat, he grinds the corn, and he carries such enormous burdens of hay and fodder that one wonders if indeed, his poor humped back would not be broken by adding the proverbial straw.

Although his occupations are menial, although his figure is grotesque and ungainly, although his eyes are often covered with blinkers and his mouth enclosed by a nose-bag, although his neck is denuded of its long, handsome collar and his body clipped and shaved till his skin is as bare as a plucked ostrich, although he is lodged in filthy stables and beaten with sticks by heartless boys, he never loses his dignity of bearing.

The manners of the camel are generally perfect, as is noticeable when one sees a score or more drinking at one of the many wells outside the town.

Arranging themselves in regular and orderly rows on either side of the trough, they stretch out their long necks and suck up the water with a solemnity and orderliness that would do credit to the formal etiquette of a Chinese mandarin. There is no rude hustling for place, no indecorous haste, no selfish and ill-bred disregard of neighbors' needs and the rights of others.

When a camel has assuaged his thirst, he quietly withdraws, and with a graceful motion of the neck which suggests a courteous bow of thanks, another takes his place.

Every one knows that a camel is able to carry a store of water which will last him for many days when crossing a desert. One day, as I was watching some camels lying in the sun, I learned how the store was utilized. I saw a small irridescent bubble appear from the mouth of one of them, which rapidly expanded till it was the size of a football. For a moment it hung there, looking quite beautiful, if a little uncanny, as it reflected all the colors of the rainbow in the brilliant glare of the African noon. Then there came a liquid, gurgling sound as the water passed down the throat into the stomach. It is really quite a pretty spectacle.

A STRENUOUS HOLIDAY.

Winston Churchill to be the Kaiser's Guest.

Mr. Winston Churchill, President of the British Board of Trade, has been invited by the German Emperor to be present at the German military manoeuvres at Wurtemburg this month. General Sir Bruce Hamilton will also be present, as well as the Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary, and General Chefket Pasha, the famous Young Turk leader.

The Kaiser expects his guests to devote twenty hours a day to the manoeuvres. They will be awakened at 3 in the morning, and taking the train for the field at 4 o'clock, an hour later, will be in their saddles for the day's operations.

Each day is taken up with hard, long rides on horseback or in motor-cars. The Kaiser himself goes ungrudgingly through the fatigues of the mimic campaign, and delights to set his guests an example of endurance by weathering a pelting rain-storm in the saddle.

German officers of high position will be attached to Mr. Churchill and General Hamilton to inform them minutely regarding the purpose and the progress of the manouvres.

When the field operations are over the Imperial guests are regaled each night with exhaustive debates on the day's results and the morrow's plans. With some good luck they may retire by 11 o'clock, but in no circumstances are they allowed more than four hours' sleep.

Veteran foreign officers who have had experience both of actual warfare and of the "Kaiser manoeuvres" say that the latter are incomparably more exhausting.

NERVOUS DISORDERS

Promptly Cured by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

If your hand trembles or is unsteady, remember that this is a sure and early sign of your nervous system being at fault. The mischief may develop slowly to a worse stage. You feel unaccountably weak and weary after exertion; you lose flesh; you turn against food and suffer palpitations and indigestion after eating. At times you are intensely irritable, greatly depressed and easily worried. Sometimes sharp pains shoot down your spine and legs and probably neuralgia robs you of your sleep at night. These are some of the troubles that indicate the presence of nervous disorders. If these troubles are neglected they result in complete nervous collapse and possibly paralysis. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have won a great reputation by curing all forms of nervous disease. The nervous system depends entirely upon the blood supply for nourishment; when the blood is thin and weak the nerves are affected as described. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually increase the supply of good red blood, feed, strengthen and tone the nerves, enable them to perform their functions and dispel all signs of a breakdown.

Mrs. Jas. H. Ward, Lord's Cove, N. B., says: "About two years ago I suffered so much from nervous prostration that I was little better than a helpless wreck. I suffered from headaches and a constant feeling of dizziness. The least unusual move would startle me and set my heart palpitating violently. I had little or no appetite, and grew so weak that I was hardly able to drag myself about, and could not do my housework. In every way I was in a deplorable condition. As the medicine I had been taking seemed to do me no good, my husband got a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had only been taking the Pills for a couple of weeks, when I seemed to feel somewhat better, and this encouraged me to continue the treatment. From that on my strength gradually but surely returned, and in the course of a few more weeks I was once more a well woman, able to do my own house work and feeling better than I had done for years. I have since remained well and feel that I owe my good health to the healing powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Every other weak, sickly, worn out, nervous person should follow the example of Mrs. Ward and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. These Pills will send new blood coursing through the veins and bring brightness and energy to the weak and despondent. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TOPSY-TURVY TURKEY.

Does Things Contrary to Our Way of Doing Them.

China has often been termed the land of topsy-turvydom; but Turkey, the land of young rebels, has surely an equally strong claim to this title.

The Turk nods his head when he means "No," and shakes it when he means "Yes." He takes off his shoes, but never his fez, when he enters a mosque or a home. When he rides on a street-car his ticket is punched at the place he gets on, instead of at the place he must get off. In order to cut a piece of wood instead of rubbing a saw against it, he rubs it against the saw, which he holds between his legs.

Until recently, salt, firearms, and education were all taboo in his country. Steam machinery and electrical appliances were forbidden—the first for no given reason, the second because the word "dynamo" too closely resembled the word "dynamite." Dictionaries, too, containing the words "elder" and "brother" were self-consciously censured, because Abdul Hamid usurped the throne from his elder brother, who has at last come into his own.

A THING WORTH KNOWING is the fact that Painkiller finds more uses in a household than any other remedy. For all bowel complaints. Externally for cuts and wounds. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis'—25c. and 50c.

NOT EXACTLY PLEASED.

"I suppose you're glad you have a baby brother," asked the neighbor.

"Not exactly. You see," answered the 9-year-old girl, "I've figured it all out that when I'm old enough to have a beau, he'll be just old enough to be a nuisance."

SAVED IN HIS OLD AGE.

Annapolis, N. S., May 14, 1909.—I am over eighty years of age and have suffered from Kidney and Bladder Trouble for fifteen years. I took doctors' medicine but got no help. I want to thank you for sending me the sample box of Gin Pills which helped me.

I have taken six boxes of Gin Pills altogether, but got relief before I had taken near that amount. I had to get up some nights every fifteen minutes and had to use an instrument before I could urinate. Now I can lie in bed four or five hours without getting up.

W. H. PIERCE.

Write National Drug & Chemical Co. (Dept. W. L.) Toronto for free sample. Regular size, 50c.—6 for $2.50.

HERE AND THERE.

Bits of Information About 'Most Everything.

Women live longer than men.

The Chinese preserve vegetables in salt.

Ladies' feet are larger than they were two years ago.

In Madrid it is considered unlucky to marry on Tuesday.

The population of the United States per square mile is 27.71.

Twenty million shooting-stars fall upon the earth's surface daily.

In the last half century Japan has recorded more than 27,000 earthquakes.

The population of Russia is increasing at the rate of 2,500,000 per annum.

King Edward has just had a special tricycle constructed for his personal use.

During 1908 Wilbur Wright travelled between 2,500 and 3,000 miles in his airship.

The total number of railway passengers in the United Kingdom in 1908 was 1,278,050,000.

Europe has 20,000 newspapers, of which Germany possesses the largest number. England, however, has the greatest number of daily newspapers.

In Australia there are ants which build their nests along a north and south line so accurately that a traveller may direct his course by their aid.

In order to stop a plague of locusts, every rural inhabitant of Northern Syria has to collect and deliver at least 2¾ lbs. of locust eggs to the Turkish Government.

Silver-grey has been adopted as the color of the uniform for the entire German Army. It is considered to be more suitable than khaki for campaigning in Europe.

Mr. Allan Upward, the English author, recently refused decorations from both the King of Greece and the Sultan of Turkey, as he considered that politicians and men of letters should not accept such distinctions.

In the building and completing of a Dreadnought, daily work is afforded for between 1,000 and 1,500 skilled men. Of the total cost of £1,950,000, about 70 per cent.—or £1,365,000—would go in wages.

As stormy weather comes on, seabirds fly inland in search of food; wild fowl leave the marshy grounds for higher localities; swallows and rooks fly low before and during bad weather; frogs are unusually noisy before rain; sheep huddle together near bushes and trees.

The German naval authorities have under consideration an invention for the protection of German coast harbors and seaports. Stations would have to be erected along the coasts and at the mouths of rivers which would be equipped with the strongest electric magnets that can be manufactured. When in action these would exercise such a powerful attractive force that they would compel ironclads and other protected vessels to deviate from their course.

ROSY-CHEEKED BABIES.

Nothing in the world is such a comfort and joy as a healthy, rosy-cheeked, happy baby. But the price of Baby's health is constant vigilance on the part of the mother. The ills of babyhood come suddenly and the wise mother will always be in a position to treat them at once. No other medicine can take the place of Baby's Own Tablets in relieving and curing the ills of babyhood and childhood, and there is no other medicine as safe. Mrs. Wm. Viggers, Perretton, Ont., says:—"My baby was troubled with his stomach and was very cross while getting his teeth, and did not sleep well at night. I gave him Baby's Own Tablets with the best of results. He is now one of the best natured babies one could wish." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ARABS LIVE LONGEST.

An English thoroughbred seldom lives to a ripe old age; twenty-three, however, is not an exceptional age for an Arab steed. Although he cannot compete with the English or American thoroughbred for speed, there is no horse in the world like the Arab for endurance and all-1round fitness. Lord Roberts rode the same Arab through all his campaigns, covering in twenty-two years a distance of some 50,000 miles. For the last three thousand years horses in Arabia have been inured to hardy usage and very scanty feeding from earliest youth. Now they represent a splendid example of Nature's hard rule—the survival of the fittest.

"Do you like a brass band?" he asked, as they were listening to the music in the park. "Oh, yes," she said; "a brass band is very nice, but I think I would rather have a gold one."

RRR

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES COLDS ETC., PNEUMONIA, PLEURISY AND ALL INFLAMMATORY DISEASES

When one is "chilled through," or suffers from Rheumatic Pains, Sore Throat, Lumbago, Toothache, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Pneumonia, Tonsilitis, Inflammation of the Bronchial Tubes, Bowels or Lungs, Cramps, Sore Muscles, or Pains of any kind, use Radway's Ready Relief.

WATCHES GROW TIRED.

"I suppose," said the watchmaker to a friend who had just handed him his watch for repairs, "you do not know that watches, like human beings, sometimes don't 'go' for the very reason that they are tired out and need resting. Sometimes a watch is brought to me which is all right. Nothing about it is out of order, and it is fairly clean. When they become sulky and refuse to run except by fits and starts the best thing to do is to lay them aside for a good rest. The mechanism in a 'tired' watch seems to be in perfect condition, but it just won't work. The fact is, that long and faithful service has thrown it slightly out of adjustment in perhaps a dozen different places. Scraping and cleaning and readjusting a fine watch are the worst things that could be done to it. A month's rest will instead cause the works slowly to readjust themselves, and at the end of that time, after careful oiling, the watch will go as cheerfully as ever."

WISDOM WHISPERS.

Work! Work! Work! — Sir Joshua Reynolds.

All is not false which at first seems a lie.—Southey.

Take a rest; a field that has rested gives a beautiful crop.—Ovid.

In this world a man must be either anvil or hammer.—Longfellow.

They are never alone that are accompanied by noble thoughts.—Sir Philip Sidney.

A REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION.

Of the many magnificent features at the Toronto Exhibition this year none was more remarkable nor created more genuine interest than the demonstration of the "Nugget" Shoe Polishes in the Main Building.

The domonstrater polished a shoe with the "Nugget" Polish and immediately afterwards washed it. The water ran off the shoe "like water off a duck's back," and the shine was not destroyed, which proves that "Nugget" is a waterproof polish. The shoe was then wiped on a clean towel, but the polish did not rub off and soil the towel, which is conclusive evidence that it will not come off on the clothes in wet weather.

The "Nugget" is a leather preservative which will double the life of your shoes. It keeps the leather soft and pliable preventing the shoe from cracking.

Millions use it all over the civilized world. Try it, and its superior qualities will be self-evident. At all dealers, 10c. per tin, Black or Tan.

TRANSFIXED BY WEASEL.

Blackbird Stricken With Fear at Sight of Animals.

One morning outside Elgin a blackbird was observed to be standing by the roadside, paying no heed to the footsteps of the passer-by, says the Glasgow Herald. It was gazing fixedly at four young weasels under the hedge, which were approaching in a semi-circle, apparently to surround it. Just then a warning cry was heard from behind, and the young ones disappeared in the hedge. The bird still remained powerless and immovable, and only after repeated urging did it fly to a tree near by, when it gave forth a weak, frightened sound, as though still under the influence of the terror which had arrested its faculties.

A recruit was being shown the use of the rifle, and, after firing seven shots at the target which all missed, the instructor, in a rage, shouted, "Here is another cartridge. Go behind that waggon and shoot yourself!" In a few minutes the recruit came back from behind the waggon, and coolly announced, "I'm sorry, sir, but it's another miss."

The Turkish Sultan possesses a solid gold throne, studded with no less than 10,000 pearls as big as filberts.

With a flying-machine capable of travelling 80 miles an hour, practically the whole of Europe would be within a day's journey of Berlin.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETARY

ISSUE NO. 39—09.

MAGISTRATE'S SKIN DISEASE CURED

Magistrate F. Rasmussen, of 211, Marquette Street, Montreal, writes to the Zam-Buk Co. as follows:—

"Gentlemen,—For many years I was troubled with a serious eruption of the skin, which was not only unsightly, but at times very painful. I first tried various household remedies, but all these proved altogether useless.

"I then took medical advice. Not one, but several doctors in turn were consulted, but I was unable to get any permanent relief. Some time back I noticed a report from a Justice of the Peace who had been cured of a chronic skin-disease by Zam-Buk, and I determined to give this balm a trial.

"After a thoroughly fair test, I can say I am delighted with it. I have the best reasons for this conclusion; because, while everything else I tried—salves, embrocations, washes, soaps, and doctors' preparations—failed absolutely to relieve my pain and rid me of my trouble, three boxes of Zam-Buk have worked a complete cure.

"In my opinion Zam-Buk should be even more widely known than it is, and I have no objection to you publishing this letter."

For eczema, eruptions, rashes, tetter, itch, ringworm, and similar skin diseases, Zam-Buk is without equal. It also cures cuts, burns, scalds, piles, abscesses, chronic sores, blood-poisoning, etc. All druggists and stores at 50 cents a box, or post free for price from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Zam-Buk

"BOTHER THOSE FLIES!"

If we were asked to name the greatest drawback of summer, the answer would almost invariably be "Flies!" These little pests are only now beginning to receive the unfriendly interest they deserve. They have hitherto been looked upon as nuisances, but now the medical fraternity are labelling them as dangerous. The fly is hatched and thrives in decaying matter. In two or three weeks from the laying of the egg the fly attains its full growth, and commences to plague a world which so far has found no good in him. The best way to guard against flies is to see that no decaying food, either flesh or vegetable, or other dirt is left about for them to breed in. Then, use the good old-fashioned, sticky fly-paper. This is far preferable to sweetened poison, as it keeps its victim in its grasp, and so the latter has no chance of wandering off to die in the milk-jug or jam-pot.

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

Bashful Youth—"Miss Bella, does—does your mother object to my coming here so much?" Fair Charmer—"Oh, I think not. I heard her telling papa the other evening that you merely came to pass away the time—you didn't mean anything serious."

Practically all Canadian druggists, grocers and general dealers sell Wilson's Fly Pads. If your storekeeper does not, ask him why.

Howell—"A good deal depends on the formation of early habits." Powell—"I know it; when I was a baby my mother hired a woman to wheel me about, and I have been pushed for money ever since."

Corns cause intolerable pain Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it, and see what amount of pain is saved.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

TOO VAGUE.

Mistress (at the agency)—Now, my husband is very particular whom I engage as a nurse. He wishes me to go into the most minute details about your qualifications. Do you know how to prepare food? Can you sew and mend? Do you mind sitting up late at night? Are you faithful and devoted, and have you a kind, loving disposition?

Nurse—Excuse me, ma'am — am I to take care of the baby or your husband?

"I suppose you have always lived round here?" remarked a tourist to an aged inhabitant of a village. "Oh, no," replied the native. "I was born a good half-mile away."

TO COPE WITH SMUGGLERS.

Russian Authorities to Dig Trench Along Frontier.

Smuggling across the thousand miles or so of frontier line that divides Russia from Germany and Austria-Hungary has grown to such an extent that the Russian authorities are at their wits' end to cope with the lawbreakers. Now they propose to try cutting a deep and wide trench along the border. This adaptation of the Chinese wall idea will, it is hoped, put a stop to smuggling by the cart-load which is now going on with impunity.

The great difference in price of various articles, such as silk and tea, between the neighboring countries makes successful smuggling a most profitable business. Horses, cattle and sheep are also driven continually across the frontier at lonely spots without paying duty. True, there are the strazhniks, the Russian frontier guards, who are supposed to be very severe on smugglers, but as the popular saying along the border goes, "A paper plaster over the guards' eyes works wonders."

Enormous quantities of firearms and printed matter have been of late conveyed across. Often the smugglers on their way "lose" a bale or so of printed pamphlets which are "found" and eagerly read by the soldiers. Afterward they are turned into cigarette papers, for paper is dear in Russia.

Trial is Inexpensive.—To those who suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatism or any ailment arising from derangement of the digestive system, a trial of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills is recommended, should the sufferer be unacquainted with them. The trial will be inexpensive and the result will be another customer for this excellent medicine. So effective is their action that many cures can certainly be traced to their use where other pills have proved ineffective.

Schoolmaster — "Now tell me what were the thoughts that passed through Sir Isaac Newton's mind when the apple fell on his head." Hopeful Pupil—"I 'xpects he was awful glad it wasn't a brick."

It is an undisputed fact that one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads has actually killed a bushel of house flies. Fortunately no such quantity can ever be found in a well kept house, but whether they be few or many Wilson's Fly Pads will kill them all.

Master—"How was this vase smashed, Mary?" Mary—"If you please, sir, it tumbled down and broke, itself." Master—"Humph! The automatic brake again!"

BE SURE YOU GET THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS HAD—Owing to the great popularity of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster unscrupulous makers are putting up one like it. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

"I am proud to say that my grandfather made his mark in the world," observed the conceited youth. "Well, I suppose he wasn't the only man in those days who couldn't write his name," replied his bored companion.

Ignorance is a Curse—"Know thyself" is a good admonition, whether referring to one's physical condition or moral habitudes. The man who is acquainted with himself will know how to act when any disarrangement in his condition manifests itself. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a cheap and simple remedy for the eradication of pain from the system and for the cure of all bronchial troubles.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

He—"What would you say, darling, if I told you that you can never be mine?" She—"I should say, pet, that I've got a nice bundle of your letters that would help to make it expensive to you."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books, Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

There's nothing so tiresome as an argument in which nobody gets mad.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

VANZANT & WARNER'S GUARANTEED "SPAVIN CURE" Mailed on receipt of $1.00. Send for booklet—FREE. The Veterinary Remedy Company, Limited. Box A. 75 Adelaide St., E. Toronto, Canada.

The Banker's Wife—"Give me a loan of your handkerchief, John." The Banker (absent-mindedly) — "Wait a bit. What security have you got to offer?"

These Pills Cure Rheumatism.—To the many who suffer from rheumatism a trial of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills is recommended. They have pronounced action upon the liver and kidneys and by regulating the action of these organs act as an alternative in preventing the admixture of acid and blood that causes this painful disorder. They must be taken according to directions and used steadily and they will speedily give evidence of their beneficial effects.

The average married man would almost as soon kiss his wife's mother as pay his church dues.

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the Summer months the house fly peril would soon be a thing of the past.

EDUCATIONAL.

A. BOYD'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 181 Yonge St., Toronto, prepares competent stenographers in 30 days by the BOYD SYL-LA-BIC SYSTEM. Positions secured. Write for catalogue.

EDUCATION That Pays is the kind of education that is provided by Canada's oldest and best business school, The British-American Business College Y.M.C.A. Building, Toronto. Now open for Fall Term. Start any time. Write for catalogue. T. M. WATSON, Principal

Ontario Veterinary College

TEMPERANCE ST., TORONTO, CAN.

Established 1862, taken over by the Provincial Government of Ontario, 1908.

Affiliated with the University of Toronto, under the control of the Dept. of Agriculture of Ontario. College opens 1st October, 1909. Course of study extends through 3 college years. FEES PER SESSION $75.00. Calendar on application.

E. A. A. GRANGE, V.S., M.S., Principal. Dept. H.

FOR SALE.

SONG BOOK—150 FAVORITE SONGS, words, music; Ten cents. Arthur Rice, Granby, Que.

OUR HEAVE CURE cures where others fail. Sells on its own merits. Best of testimonials furnished on application. Ask your druggist to get you some, or send direct to Four Brothers, Restoule. Price $1.40 per package. Charges paid to nearest express office. None genuine without our trade mark, FOUR BROTHERS, on each package. Try a package and be convinced. Because others have failed is no reason why Heaves cannot be cured by using Four Brothers Heave Cure.

WANTED.

BOY WANTED—TO ACT AS AGENT for "TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT" in his spare time. Good money. Circulation Manager, Toronto.

ROUTEMAN WANTED. TEAS WHOLESALE to private families. Apply Alfred Tyler, London, Ont.

BOYS AND GIRLS WISHING TO EARN money or premiums send your name and address for our juvenile catalogue of easy selling household specialties. Our adult Agents 68 page catalogue is also ready, free on request. Canada Silvercloth Co., Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—RELIABLE MEN we start in business of their own and give credit. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto.

WANTED—LOCAL AND GENERAL Agents—Liberal contracts to good men; apply by letter. Continental Life Insurance Company, Toronto. Correspondence confidential.

WANTED.

Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid; send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

MONEY MAKING LITTLE FARMS — IN CALIFORNIA'S Best Fruit, Alfalfa and Stock Growing Section. Rich, Deep Soil—Irrigated. Easy Payments. Write for Booklet. IRRIGATED LAND CO., Marysville - - California

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and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no agent of ours in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 150

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

For "Soclean" inquire at your dealers.

DRINK, Tobacco and Drug Habits CURED

New System of Treatment. Recently Discovered Remedy that Cures Rapidly and Permanently. Marvellous Results obtained that makes our remedy one of the wonders of Modern Medicine. Patients cured secretly at their own homes against their own will and knowledge. No suffering, no injections, no loss of time, or detention from business, no bad after effects.

FREE! FREE!

We send by mail, free of charge, our 64 page book, which fully explains our modern system of treatment, of how the Drink, Tobacco and Drug habits can be rapidly overcome and cured. This book is sent in a plain envelope, sealed from observation, so no one can tell what your letter contains. All correspondence absolutely secret and confidential. Address

DE SILVA INSTITUTE, Suite 200, 55 University St. Montreal, Canada

R U COMING
TO THE FAIR?

If so, it will be a pleasure for us to show you the Newest and most Up-to-date Footwear!

¶ If you buy a first-class Shoe, dont you want that Shoe made in the latest style?

¶ Why should you pay the price of a high-class Shoe, and, in return, get a Shoe one or two seasons old?

¶ How do you know, for instance, when you ask for the newest Footwear that you are actually getting the newest?

¶ But why take chances? Why not ask for the Shoes that lead the styles in Canada

INVICTUS for Men, and VICTORIA for Ladies

We have them in all lasts and styles, and at all prices.

Our Hand-made Boots

Are known all over to be the best wearers, the best fitters, and the best workmanship. We are busy filling orders daily. Just received to-day a large order to be sent out to Saskatchewan. Join the throng when needing a pair.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

A Newspaper— Not An "Organ"

The man who wants an open-minded discussion of politics, the steady support of right, justice, and decency, without cant or bitterness, and an unprejudiced, common-sense treatment of public affairs, will thoroughly enjoy the

Toronto Daily Star

The Star is not tied to any party or any "interest." It has definite opinions of its own on political, social, and moral questions—but it recognizes the right of others to hold exactly opposite opinions without necessarily being scoundrels or fit subjects for abuse.

The Star's editorials are broad-minded, honest, as keen and clever as some of the best writers in Canada can make them, and always **Fair.**

The Star is published for fair-minded, intelligent people who take an active interest in Canada and the world. **Consequently It Has More Readers Than Any Other Paper In Ontario.**

$1.50 A Year

This paper and the TORONTO DAILY STAR together for one year, $2.20. Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

2

Race riots between Jews and Christians are becoming frequent at Montreal.

Mr. J. H. Sexton, who for the past two years has been principal of the High School at Campbellford, has resigned, having accepted the position of principal of the High School at Athens.

By an overwhelming majority the citizens of Montreal have decided in favor of a Board of Control and for a reduction in the number of Aldermen. This splendid victory was carried in the face of an eleventh-hour appeal to the race cry, to religious differences, party affiliations, and every possible prejudice that might influence votes.

Mr. Charles McBeath of Aberfoyle, who fell from the top of his silo, died from his injuries.

For the first time in history Canadian deposits in their own chartered banks crossed the seven hundred million dollar mark, reaching almost $701,000,000 on August 31st.

A clever, popular Candy Cold Cure Tablet—called Preventics—is being dispensed by druggists everywhere. In a few hours Preventics are said to break any cold completely. And Preventics, being so safe and toothsome, are very fine for children. No quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Box of 48—25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

YOU cannot buy flour as fine, white, pure and nutritious as Royal Household under any other name.

There is no other flour in Canada upon which half so much money is spent to insure perfect purity—just think for a moment what that means to the health of your household.

Royal Household Flour

is the best—most wholesome—most carefully milled flour to be had in this country. The Ogilvie name and trademark are on every barrel and sack — a guarantee from the maker to the consumer. Tell your grocer you *must* have Royal Household. 18

OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal.

Get Well First

Don't risk even a penny—until health first returns.

And I mean just exactly that.
I am the one physician who says to the sick "I will, out of my own pocket, pay for your medicine if it fails to bring you help!"
And for 30 years Dr. Shoop's medicines have been used and recommended in every city and hamlet in America. They are positively standard in every community—and everywhere.
Then why pay the cash, and at your risk, for other unwarranted and uncertain medicines?
Thousands upon thousands have in the past successfully used Dr. Shoop's Restorative.
When the Stomach nerves, or the Heart or Kidney nerves fail, these sick ones know how quickly Dr. Shoop's Restorative will bring them back to health again. *But best of all, they positively take no money risk whatever.* They know that when health fails to return, Dr. Shoop will himself gladly pay the druggist for that test. And for that test a full 30 day treatment is freely granted. But write me first for an order.
This will save delay and disappointment.
All druggists sell Dr. Shoop's Restorative and Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy, but all are not authorized to give the 30 day test. So drop me a line please—for I have appointed an honest and responsible druggist in almost every community, everywhere, to issue my "no help, no pay," medicines to the sick. Tell me also which book you need. The books below will surely open up new and helpful ideas to those who are not well. Besides you are perfectly free to consult me just as you would your home physician. My advice and the book below are yours—and without cost.

Then **Pay**

Perhaps a word or two from me will clear up some serious ailment. I have helped thousands upon thousands by my private prescription or personal advice plan. My best effort is surely worth your simple request. So write now, while you have it fresh in mind, for tomorrow never comes. Dr. Shoop, Box 12, Racine, Wis.

For

Which Book Shall I Send You?

No. 1 On Dyspepsia	No. 4 For Women
No. 2 On the Heart	No. 5 For Men
No. 3 On the Kidneys	No. 6 On Rheumatism.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

Breeders

Insure your Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling.

Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

Returning Prosperity

Iron is the barometer of busines. Accepting this as a proverb founded on fact, the condition of the great iron-producing concerns in Canada and the United States is highly encouraging. Canadian iron and steel works are in operation on full time, with all the orders they can handle for a year ahead. In the United States, the prospects of the trade may be truly described as magnificent. The Iron Trade Review, which has exceptional sources of information, estimates the business of the United States Steel Corporation for the year 1910 at a thousand million dollars. That amount of business, it is stated, would be an increase of thirty-two per cent over the business of the best year the corporation has heretofore known. One can hardly realize the magnitude of the volume of industry indicated by these stupendous figures. When the expenses of the government of the United States amounted to the same sum, that the product of this one concern will reach next year, a great cry was raised at its enormity. Yet here is a private industrial enterprise which, in response to a trade demand, produces iron and steel in value as great as the sum required to carry on the affairs of the nation. This comparison will give an idea of the wonderful development of industry at the present time, for iron and steel are the basic raw material of all other industries, without which even agriculture could not be conducted with success. Truly this has been well named the age of iron and steel.—Witness.

The coroner's jury investigating the death of Arthur Bollard of Toronto, at Peterboro some time ago found that deceased came to his death indirectly from the effects of a fight he had in Chemong Park, and Fred and Harry Jopling have been arrested on the charge of murder. The fight occurred on Monday, August 23rd, and Bollard died on the following Friday. The Joplings have been admitted to bail of $4,000 each, and the preliminary hearing will take place on Sept. 24th.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Sold by all dealers.

One Way to Save Work

As every woman knows who has to take care of even one room, dust is the worst workmaker of all, for the housewife. Most people know, too, that floor dust is a vehicle of disease. But it has not been an easy matter heretofore to prevent dust from having its own way with floors, even with the gradual banishment of carpets and the substitution of rugs and hardwood floors; for not every home can afford such floors, even if they were easy to keep clean or new-looking, as they certainly are not. Yet the solution of the dust problem is made easy by Floorglaze. With any of the ten charming shades of this easily-applied and quick-drying floor finish, any woman can have floors which will be easy to keep clean, and far more sanitary than a painted, oiled or waxed floor.

Floorglaze

5

Even to soft-wood floors Floorglaze gives a beautiful, glossy surface that will show no signs of wear after years of severe service and that can be quickly washed clean and brilliant with soap and water. The use of Floorglaze is an insurance against dust, and actually against disease as well; it saves a vast amount of tiresome housework; and it is good for outdoor use, on porch and veranda floors and steps. A gallon of this most useful enamel covers 500 square feet. Floorglaze is sold in tins, from a pint to a gallon in size, by most reliable dealers in paints, and is made by Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, of Toronto, who will gladly send you a free booklet worth reading.

The Ontario provincial executive of the Citizens' League have decided to make the abolition of race track gambling and abolition of liquor traffic in hotels and clubs an issue at the next Provincial and Dominion elections. To this end the organization will proceed to ascertain how every member of every church in the province stands on these two questions.

Some figures published in English papers shows the appalling extent of the unemployment and pauperism in that country. At the beginning of 1909 one million persons were receiving relief, an increase of 3.4 per cent. over the previous year. There were 145,785 able-bodied pauperson January 1st, an increase of 18,486 in twelve months. In London alone some £10,000,000 is expended every year in charity, and in England and Wales one person in every 37 is a pauper.

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by all dealers.

HARDWARE

PLENTY OF

Alsike Clover and Timothy

IN STOCK

This is inspected Seed from Toronto.

L. MEIKLEJOHN

'Phone No. 13

FALL FOOTWEAR

Ours is the Family Shoe Store for Men, Women and Children. Very moderate prices.

We have a full stock for fall of the best Shoes on the market, bought from leading manufacturers in Canada. **Note the following:**

Women's Fine Boots ..... from $1.25 to $4.50
Women's Everyday Boots ..... from $1.25 to $1.75
Misses' Fine Boots, sizes 11 to 2 ..... from $1.25 up
Misses' strong School Boots, sizes 11 to 2 ..... from $1.15 up
Children's Fine and Coarse Boots ..... 75c. to $1.00
Men's Patent Colt Bluchers, newest lasts, guaranteeed ..... $3.75, $4.50, $5.00 and $5.25

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
EMPRESS SHOES FOR WOMEN
ALSO, FOR THE
WORTH CUSHION SOLES FOR MEN

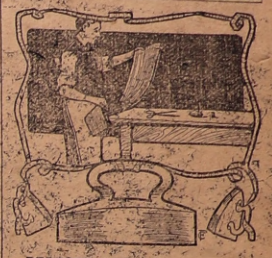
You who have tender feet would do well to call and see these Shoes.

Men's Plough Boots ..... $1.25 to $3.00. Guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Men's French Calf Blucher, special Hand-made $3.50

Our Hand-made work is giving the best of satisfaction.

J. W. BROWN
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for goods.



PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from the tailors' hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suitings, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

JOHN M. McGEE

WANTED -- AN AGENT

TO REPRESENT

THE MUTUAL LIFE COMPANY OF CANADA IN STIRLING AND VICINITY

Liberal terms to an active man. Apply to

S. BURROWS,
General Agent, Belleville, Ont.

Note Heads, Envelopes,
Billheads, Circulars,
Cards, Posters,
—AND—
ALL KINDS OF PRINTING
—AT—
NEWS-ARGUS Office

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

$10 TO WINNIPEG

FROM ALL CANADIAN PACIFIC STATIONS IN ONTARIO

ANOTHER FARM LABORERS' EXCURSION

FRIDAY, SEPT. 24

Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on Canadian Pacific where laborers are required, east of Moose Jaw, including branches, and at one cent per mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Special trains from Toronto to Winnipeg at 2.00 p.m. on above date.

ASK ANY CANADIAN PACIFIC AGENT FOR PARTICULARS

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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THE
Stirling News-Argus

Is published every THURSDAY at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Morton's drug store, by

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, $1.00 per year

If paid in advance. If not so paid, $1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:

	PER INCH PER WEEK WHEN INSERTED FOR 1 YEAR.	6 MOS.	3 MOS
Whole col. down to half col.	7c.	8c.	9c.
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If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, Property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, $10 per year; $6 for six months, $4 for three months; $3 for two months; $2 for one month. One inch, $6 per year. Professional cards, limited to six lines, $4 per year. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge.

Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

TO SILO BUILDERS:

ORDERS TAKEN FOR MATERIALS

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co.

While away at camp MR. W. R GIRDWOOD will be in charge.

Office at the Lumber Yard.

J. W. HAIGHT

BEST MATERIALS ONLY!
BEST WORK ONLY!

If you want satisfaction, try us.

F. G. GAZLEY
Painter & Paperhanger

THE NOX TASTELESS LIQUOR, DRUG AND TOBACCO CURE

We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial has been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family.

We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

Added Energy From

FIG PILLS

Comes to those who take Fig Pills. Everybody needs them NOW, because they build up the system, inspire you with new interest in life, and DESTROY THE BLUES. A box or two will work wonders on the run-down system. Get a box to-day. 25c. a box, or five boxes for $1.00. For sale at

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. $1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1909.

Vol. XXXI, No. 3.

NO BETTER CLOTHES THAN 'WARD' MADE CLOTHES

NEWEST PATTERNS AND DESIGNS IN SUITINGS

Just being put into stock. Make your choice now. We will make them up in either the latest New York or English styles. The Fit and Finish we strive to make *second to none.*

Will You Want a New Overcoat?

We have the new Fall Cloths in stock. Take a look!

Try the "WARD" Brand OF READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING

For Men and Boys and Children. :: You can depend on getting satisfaction, whether in a $5.00 or $15.00 Suit.

New lines in Shirts, Collars and Ties, Sox Gloves and Underwear and Coat Sweaters, at

FRED T. WARD'S

Specialist in Men's Wear

NOTE: New Fall Hats just in.

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

MILLINERY OPENING - To-day and Tomorrow.

Everybody come. All the newest creations in Millinery Novelties and Pattern Hats, as well as original designs from our work-room. *You are cordially invited.*

DRESS GOODS....

We have a large range of the very newest Dress Goods,—Brocade Linings, Trimmings, etc., in all the latest shades. We invite inspection of our lines before you purchase. Prices the lowest.

SPECIALS

45-inch plain White Lawn, good value at 18c. yard.....Sale price, 12½c. yd.
38-inch Tucked Apron Lawn, regular 20c.....To clear, only 15c. yd.
36-inch Dress Goods, regular 50c. yd.....Our price, 39c. A Snap.
Ladies' Black Sateen Underskirts, good value at $1.25..Our price, $1
Woolen and Cashmere Hose, regular 25c.....To clear at 19c. pair
Men's Black and Blue Overalls, well made.....Only 50c. pair

MANTLE DEP'T

Our values in this Department cannot be equaled. Nothing but the very newest styles and lowest possible prices. We invite you to inspect our stock before purchasing. The values in Children's, Misses and Ladies' Coats and Jackets will surprise you. Prices from $3.50 up.

Ready-made Skirts

Have you seen them? They are neat, attractive, and tailor-made in the newest styles.....Prices, from $3.25 up. Over 75 to choose from.

Blankets....

Buy your Flannelette Blankets, Quilts, Tiedowns, etc., now. We can save you money.

Tomatoes—No. 1 quality, at the very lowest prices. Order now.
Finest Comb Honey.....2 for 25 cts.
Try our 25c. Green Tea. Its a winner.

..THE..

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA .. .. .. TORONTO

GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

MONEY ORDERS

The cheapest and safest way to send money is through the Bank. We issue CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION MONEY ORDERS, payable at any chartered Bank in Canada (except Yukon).

DRAFTS also issued, payable in any part of the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

ADVANCES MADE TO FARMERS at reasonable rates.

Stirling Branch: Empire Block. Stirling and Springbrook Branches: W. M. Chandler and W. S. Martin, Managers

Stirling Fair

Largest Attendance, Greatest Number of Exhibits, Fastest Speeding in the Ring of any Exhibition Ever Held Here.

Thursday and Friday of last week were among the most important days of the year for the people of this village and vicinity and the hundreds who visited our Exhibition. From every viewpoint it was a magnificent success, and reflects great credit upon the Board of Directors, who spared no efforts to place it first of all held in this district.

The weather on Thursday was dark and threatening, but it did not in the least deter the zealous members of this Society, and before the Secretary's office was closed that evening his records showed a greater number of entries than at the same time in any previous year.

The exhibits of grain, roots, vegetables, cheese, fruit, flowers, fine arts and domestic manufactures were all put in place on Thursday, so that judging could begin early the following morning.

The weather man could not have arranged it better than he did on Friday, and early in the day the grounds were crowded. The Agricultural building was the centre of interest, and there the exhibits in every department were well worthy of attention.

The entries of fruit were surprisingly large, and the quality very much above the ordinary. The ladies' work, fine arts and domestic manufactures had special interest for the gentler sex, and the examination of the splendid prize articles afforded an immense amount of pleasure. Among the Fine Arts exhibits was some work done by R. H. Dobson which is specially worthy of mention. A great deal of credit is also due the members of the Horticultural Society for the exceptionally good exhibit made by them.

On the grounds the show of live stock was excellent in all classes. This being a dairying section of country the display of cattle was large, many of the animals shown being prize winners at the Toronto Exhibition, and also at other shows. The herds of Ayrshires, Holsteins, and Jerseys were specially good and worthy of notice. There were a number of good horses shown, more attention being paid to the raising of good horses than formerly on account of the high prices being paid for them.

The exhibit of sheep and swine was also good, and commanded great attention.

As usual the speeding in the ring attracted much attention and the grand stand as well as the track in the vicinity was crowded with interested spectators.

Following is the prize list:

HORSES

HEAVY DRAUGHT

Stallion, any age, J A Stewart, J T Haggerty, Stirling Clydesdale Association.
Mare with foal at feet, J A Stewart, F Hubble.
Span of Horses in harness, Jas Haggerty, J Varcoe.
3 year old Mare or Gelding, Thos Hoey, A B Fargey.
2 year old Mare or Gelding, S Varcoe J C Sills, J A Stewart.
1 year old Mare or Gelding, F Hubble J Varcoe.
Stallion and 3 of his get, special, J A Stewart.

AGRICULTURAL HORSES

Stallion any age, N W Maybee, Geo Wellman, S Roy.
Mare with foal at feet, P Kingston, Jas Fargey.
3 year old Mare or Gelding, P Fargey J A Stewart, W Garrison.
2 year old Mare or Gelding, J A Stewart, P G Sharp.
1 year old Mare or Gelding, Geo Richardson, J C Sills, Mrs. John Kingston.
Foal of 1909, P G Sharp, Mrs. John Kingston, A B Fargey.
Span of Horses in harness, P Stevens J W Hawkins, Alex Hume.

CARRIAGE HORSES

Stallion, any age, B D Ketcheson, 2 and 3 E W Brooks.
Mare with foal at feet. E W Brooks.
2 year old Mare or Gelding, M W Sine.
1 year old Mare or Gelding, J Fargey P Fargey, E W Brooks.
Foal of 1909, Jas Wilson, E W Brooks, P Fargey.
Span of Horses, P J Moran, German Sills, L S Weaver.
Single Horse in harness, Lyman Moon T Hoey, M Gullett.

ROADSTERS

Stallion, any age, J T Haggerty.
Mare with foal at feet, J T Haggerty, Jas Wilson, C U Heath.
3 year old Colt in harness, C Bronson
2 year old Mare or Gelding, C W Thompson, M W Sine, E W Brooks.
1 year old Mare or Gelding, 2 E W Brooks.
Foal of 1909, Robt Lanigan.
Span of Horses in harness, G Sills, W J Sharp, Louis Locke.
Single Horse in harness, H G Bleeker C U Heath, W Garrison.
Lady Driver, alone, single horse, C Bronson, Mrs H L Ketcheson, W B Potts.

CATTLE

JERSEYS

Bull, any age, E W Brooks.
Bull, 2 years, 1 and 2 V J Chaplain.
Bull, 1 year, V J Chaplain, E W Brooks.
Bull Calf, 1 and 3 V J Chaplain, 2 E W Brooks.
Milch Cow, 1, 2 and 3 V J Chaplain.
Heifer, 2 years, 1 and 2 V J Chaplain 3 E W Brooks.
Heifer, 1 year, 1 and 2 V J Chaplain, 3 E W Brooks.
Heifer Calf, 1 and 3 E W Brooks, 2 V J Chaplain.

AYSHIRES

Bull, any age, A Hume.
Bull, 2 years, A Hume.
Bull, 1 year, 1, 2 A Hume.
Bull Calf, J A Stewart, A Hume.
Milch Cow, 1, 2, 3 A Hume.
Heifer, 2 years, 1, 2, 3 A Hume.
Heifer, 1 year, 1, 2, 3 A Hume.
Heifer Calf, A Hume.

HOLSTEIN

Bull, any age, B E Hagerman, F B Mallory.
Bull, 2 years, John Kingston, J A Stewart, Arthur Vandervoort.
Bull Calf, J A Stewart, 2, 3 F R Mallory.
Milch Cow, 1, 2 F R Mallory, 3 B E Hagerman.
Heifer, 2 years, 1, 3 B E Hagerman, 2 J Kingston.
Heifer, 1 year, 1, 3 F R Mallory, 2 B E Hagerman.
Heifer Calf, B E Hagerman, 2, 3 F R. Mallory.

GRADE CATTLE

Milch Cow, 1 2 B E Hagerman, 3 Mrs J Kingston.
Heifer, 2 years, 1 2 B E Hagerman.
Heifer, 1 year, B E Hagerman.

SHEEP

LEICESTERS

Ram, R J Garbutt.
Ram Yearling, R J Garbutt.
Ram Lamb, 1 2 R J Garbutt.
Ewe, 1 2 R J Garbutt.
Yearling Ewe. R J Garbutt.
Ewe Lamb, R J Garbutt.

SHROPSHIRES

Ram, C H Curtis, W A Martin.
Ram Yearling, 1 2 C H Curtis, 3 W A Martin.
Ram Lamb, 1 2 C H Curtis, 3 W A Martin.
Ewe, 1 2 C H Curtis, 3 W A Martin.
Yearling Ewe, 1 2 C H Curtis, 3 W A Martin.
Ewe Lamb, 1 2 C H Curtis, 3 W A Martin.

SOUTHDOWNS

Ram, C H Curtis, R McMurter.
Ram Yearling, C H Curtis.
Ram Lamb, C H Curtis, R McMurter
Ewe, C H Curtis, R McMurter.
Yearling Ewe, C H Curtis, R McMurter.
Ewe Lamb, C H Curtis, 2 3 R McMurter.

SWINE

BERKSHIRES

Boar, W A Martin, R McMurter.
Breeding Sow, R McMurter.
Boar, Spring Pig 1909, 1 3 W A Martin, 2 R McMurter.
Sow, Spring Pig 1909, R McMurter, 2 3 W A Martin.

YORKSHIRES

Boar, R J Garbutt, W A Martin.
Breeding Sow, R J Garbutt, W A Martin.
Boar, Spring Pig, 1 2 R J Garbutt, 3 W A Martin.
Sow, Spring Pig, 1 2 R J Garbutt, 3 W A Martin.

TAMWORTHS

Boar, J C Wilson, C U Heath.
Breeding Sow, J C Wilson, 2 3 C U Heath.
Boar, Spring Pig, 1 2 3 C U Heath.
Sow, Spring Pig, J C Wilson, 2 3 C U Heath.

POULTRY

PLYMOUTH ROCK

Barred, cock, W A Martin, C H Curtis
Cockerel, C H Curtis, 2 3 A Hall.

Continued on Fourth Page.

Drive Rheumatism out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy and see how quickly pain will depart. Rub-ons never did reach the real disease. Rheumatism isn't in the skin. It's deep down—it's constitutional. Getting rid of the pain is, after all, what counts. That is why Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy goes by word of mouth from one to another. And herein lies the popularity of this Remedy. It is winning defenders everywhere, Tablets or liquid. Sold by J. S. Morton.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established in the Year 1817

Paid up Capital - - $14,400,000
Reserve - - - $12,000,000

Accounts opened with Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest paid on deposits at highest current rates.

Stirling Branch: W. R. HOWSON, Manager.

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE AT THE

NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe	$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire,	1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star	1.80
The Weekly Witness	1.80
The Weekly Sun	1.75
The Toronto News (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily)	2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily)	4.50
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly	$2.30

Sterling Hall

DRESS GOODS AND ACCESSORIES

DRESS GOODS values and varieties are particularly good this season; so too are the complementary Trimmings. Our showing warrants your approved inspection.

See Our East Window

For approved values in Colored Dress Goods at.....50 cts. yard

Ask also to see the 50c. Dress Serge we sell at...35 cts. per yard

For Evening Wear inspect Silk Striped Voile in colors: pale blue, light wine, sage green, regular $1.00 value for.....75 cts.

If you are looking for dress goods that will give wear and service

Priestley's Clarence Satin Cloth will please you. This fabric is all wool and comes in all the newest shades—

Rolled on the Varnished Board.

79c.-KID GLOVE BARGAIN-79c.

13 dozen Ladies' Kid Gloves, in colors—Blacks, Tans and Browns. Regular $1 00 values. Shown in West Window.....at 79 cts. pair

BLEACHED TABLE LINEN BARGAINS

ALL pure Linen, bleached, 70 inches wide, regular 75 ct. value.....On sale at 50 cts.
All pure Linen, bleached, 72 inches wide, regular $1.00 value.....On sale at 85 cts.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN MEN'S & BOYS' SUITS....

Special Fancy Worsted Men's Suits, sizes 36 to 46.....On sale at $10.00

Boys', in Norfolk, double-breasted and Three-piece Suits, sizes 27 to 35, in same goods..Special, $5 to $7.50

FINE FURS

FOR fine Furs, small and great, we are leaders in variety, quality and good values. See our specials in Mink-Marmot, Stoles, Ruffs, Caperines.

LADIES' FUR-LINED COATS

In this line we have very superior values and an unusually large assortment.

Rat-lined Coats, French Broadcloth Shell, colors—blacks, browns, navy, green, American Sable trim.....$45.00
Rat-lined Coats, French Broadcloth Shell, colors—blacks, browns, navy, green, Natural Sable trim.....$50.00
Rat-lined Coats, French Broadcloth Shell, colors—blacks, browns, navy, green, Mink trim.....$55.00

BARGAINS at the RIBBON COUNTER

ALL Silk Taffeta Ribbon in all staple colors, 3½ in. wide, regular 15 ct. value.....On sale at 10 cts. yard
All Silk Dresden Ribbon, various shadings, 4 in. wide, regular 35 ct. value.....On sale at 25 cts. yard

BARGAINS IN POST CARD BOOKS

24 Beautifully finished Post Cards, in views of Eastern Ontario, Western Ontario, and Canada from Ocean to Ocean, regular value 25c.....On sale at 10 cts. a book

5c., 10c. and 15c. TABLE BARGAINS

ALWAYS inspect our offerings on these Tables. There is ever something new and attractive on them.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Cont'd)

"Oh, that Charlie could have lived till now!" she said, with a sob, as she caught Allison's hand almost passionately to her heart. "My dear! my dear! Can it be that I have found my own at last! Can you open your heart to your mother and try to love her a little at this late day?"

"I love you a great deal already," the beautiful girl replied, as she leaned forward and laid her lips against the soft cheek of the woman beside her. "How could I have been with you all these weeks and not grow fond of you? How perfectly lovely it will be," she added, with a tearful little laugh, as she threw her arms around her neck and drew the stately head down to her, "to have a mother all my very own!"

"And what an exceedingly fortunate circumstance for that same mother to have found her own daughter so opportunely," smilingly remarked Mr. Lyttleton. "I do not believe, my dear girl, that you half-realize that, through this discovery, you will come into an income of some thousands of pounds per annum, and also secure to your mother a very handsome annuity."

"Why, do you mean that this will stop all that litigation in connection with Lady Bromley's property?" cried Allison, astonished.

"I do mean just that. We shall now wind up that matter very shortly, and with very little trouble," the lawyer replied.

"Well, I am sure I do not half-realize it yet," she said, with a long breath. "Gerald," darting a roguish look at him, "do you hear? I'm no longer 'as poor as a church mouse.' Aren't you glad?"

"I do not know that I am especially delighted," he smilingly responded, "but if you are happier I can be contented."

"Do you happen to have anything besides that key in your possession to prove your identity?" Mr. Lyttleton here inquired.

"Yes, indeed, I have. Wait a moment, and I will show you," Allison replied, and starting eagerly to her feet, she flitted from the room before any one could detain her. She soon reappeared with the box in her hands. Putting it into Lady Bromley's hands, she observed:

"You must open it, and when you see what it contains I am sure you will feel that the chain of evidence is complete."

With trembling hands the woman threw back the cover, whereupon Mrs. Bryant came to her side, and both eagerly examined its contents, their tears falling thick and fast as they unfolded the dainty garments, every one of which they instantly identified.

Mr. Lyttleton also stood by, overlooking their movements, and when at length that note which had been found by Miss Nancy Porter pinned upon Allison's blanket was unfolded, he recognized at the first glance the handwriting of his sister's friend, for he had read many a letter which she had penned during the youthful correspondence of the two girls.

This, of itself, proved a great deal, and the careworn look which he had worn so long whenever he thought of the "Bromley Case" disappeared at once and forever from his face.

CHAPTER XXV.

"Miss Allison Brewster Bromley," he jocosely remarked, "in your joy over learning that you have a mother—that henceforth you are the heiress of Bromley Court—I trust you will not entirely overlook the fact that you also have an uncle."

"So I have!" she cried delightedly; "how my blessings are multiplying! Uncle Richard, I—I think the relationship demands ratification."

This was said with such a charming air of archness, accompanied by a blush, while she roguishly put up her red lips to him, that it brought down the house, and the equilibrium of everybody was restored in the general laugh that followed "the ratification."

Of course, there was a great deal to be talked over and many points to be discussed in detail, and it was late in the evening before the company separated.

Afterward, when Allison and her mother were alone together in the room of the latter, each poured out her heart to the other with a freedom which neither had experienced for years.

Lady Bromley had much to tell of her husband and her home, Allison listening with breathless interest to every word that flowed from her lips. All at once a question suggested itself to her.

"Lady B——" she began.

"Allison, my dear!" interposed her companion, a shadow of pain flitting over her face, "cannot you call me by the name which I have so longed to hear all my life?"

"With all my heart, mama," eagerly replied the fair girl, as she lifted the hand she was holding and kissed it lovingly. "Ah! it will be such a blessed privilege. It is years since I ave said it. How almost oppressively happy I am to-night!" she concluded, with a laugh that sounded almost hysterical.

"Hush, dear! You must not give way ti excitement," said her ladyship, in a tone of gentle reproof as she folded her arms about the slight form and drew the golden head upon her breast.

"We must not forget that the day after to-morrow will be a very important one in the calendar of your life, and we must keep you strong and well. But what were you going to say when I interrupted you?"

"I was going to ask you if this little key really unlocks anything or whether it is only an ornament?" Allison replied, as she toyed with the tiny trinket upon her neck.

Lady Bromley's face grew very sorrowful at the question. Gently releasing herself from Allison's embrace, she went to a trunk and brought forth a beautiful casket of ebony, inlaid with pearls and gold. This she placed upon the table beside which they had been sitting, unlocked it, and threw back the cover.

Allison uttered an exclamation of delight as she saw the array of precious and beautiful jewels that were thus exposed to her gaze.

"Almost all of them were given to me by your father, dear," said her ladyship tremulously; "but I rarely wear any of them now, for I am still in deep mourning for him. Here is a likeness he gave me just before he left me to go back to England."

She opened a beautiful locket as she spoke, and passed it to Allison, who found herself looking into frank, rather boyish, but altogether attractive face, with eyes very like her own, and smiling lips which she felt very sure never gave utterance to aught but kindly and courteous words.

She sighed as she softly closed the case and passed it back to her mother. She did not speak; there were tears in her eyes, a choking sensation in her throat, and she could not.

Presently Lady Bromley found what she was seeking for, a small golden cube about an inch and a half square, and richly studded with rubies and diamonds. She laid it in Allison's hand.

"Unlock it!" she gently commanded. "You have the key."

With an expression of wonder in her great blue eyes, the girl detached the mysterious key from the chain about her neck, inserted it in the lock, and turned it. Then, with a strange thrill quivering through all her nerves, she lifted the lid and saw, lying within a nest of white velvet, a plain but heavy circlet of gold. She lifted an inquiring look at her companion.

"There is an inscription engraved on its inner surface. Read it, dear," said Lady Bromley.

Removing it with reverent touch, Allison turned it to the light and read:

"C. B. to M. L., Dec. 24, 18—."

"It is my wedding-ring," her mother explained with tremulous lips, "but it has never been upon my hand since that one happy week which my husband and I spent together in Boston just after our marriage. The day before he was to leave me he brought me that tiny golden casket. 'My darling,' he said, 'it will never do for you to wear that telltale circlet when you go back to school, so I have brought you this to keep it in until I come back to you. Lock it safely away. I have had the key fixed so that you can wear it either as a pin or upon a chain, and now this secret will be yours and mine alone.' So I did as he wished. I never told even Helen about my little treasure-chest. It seemed very strange to me when, thinking of it afterward, that when she decided to take you away she should have been inspired to select from among so many trinkets the one thing of all which would deprive me of the only proof in my possession of my marriage. I cannot be thankful enough now that she did so, for the very peculiarity of the ornament and the fact that it alone will unlock the golden casket helps to prove your identity. After my husband rejoined me he wished to have the casket forced, so that I could have my ring. But I said no. Somehow, I felt myself unworthy to wear that sacred circlet. I was oppressed with a sense of guilt for even, in my weakness and despair, entertaining for a moment the thought of sending my child from me. He told me that I was foolish and notional. I suppose I was. Still, I could not help the feeling. He insisted that I must have something in place of it, then. It would not do for me to be going about without any symbol of marriage, and he bought me this"—showing a similar band—"which I have worn ever since, although I would not allow it to be marked."

Allison gently took her mother's left hand and drew off all the rings from the third finger.

Then, holding the original wedding-ring up before her, she asked:

"May I put this back now?"

"Yes, dear," said Lady Bromley, but with tears in her eyes.

Allison slipped it into its place, then replaced her other jewels above it, after which she bent and left a soft caress, like a benediction, upon the slender white hand.

(To be continued.)

FAITHLESS LOVERS.

Strange Penalties for Breach of Promise.

From the plaintiff's point of view, England is the best country on earth for breach of promise actions. Any girl who can bring evidence that her affections have been seriously trifled with will be almost certain to receive substantial damages from a sympathetic English jury.

In certain parts of the United States breach of promise actions are not allowed to be brought into court, and the man is at liberty to become engaged and disengaged to as many maidens as he pleases. In other parts of the States, however, huge damages are sometimes awarded on very slight evidence.

In Germany a special law has been framed which has completely abolished breach of promise actions. Should a young couple desire to become engaged, they visit the town hall and declare their willingness to marry, and sign, with witnesses, a series of documents which render a change of mind on the man's part practically out of the question. They are not engaged until this formality has been carried out.

Should either party discover that they have made a mistake and wish to withdraw from this agreement, the pair again visit the town hall, and another series of documents are formally signed, witnessed, and sealed. The authorities then determine the question of compensation for injured feelings.

In France breach of promise actions are extremely few. The French law requires the plaintiff to prove in court that she has suffered pecuniary loss by her fiance's fickleness. Throughout France a bride almost invariably has a marriage dot, large or small, and the fact is likely to weaken her case.

The same law has been adopted in Austria and Holland, where the number of such cases is small. In most of the Continental cities the parties concerned take the law into their own hands and get their big brothers or muscular friends to administer a severe thrashing to any fickle man who breaks his promise to marry.

Still another method is followed in Italy. The law requires the person suing for breach of promise, of whichever sex, to produce a written promise to marry from the defendant, otherwise the case is instantly thrown out of court. The difficulty of producing such evidence is, of course, practically insurmountable, and cases are rarely tried. Many an Italian girl, therefore, whose affections have been blighted does not hesitate to revenge herself by means of the stiletto.

BOTTLING UP A FLEET.

The German Navy Could be Shut Up in Kiel.

From an article in a Danzig newspaper, quoted by The Navy, on the recent Baltic cruise of the British armored cruiser Cornwall, it appears that fears as to the bottling up of fleets are not entirely confined to English writers on the Germans.

The journal reports that on the occasion of the Cornwall's visit to Kiel, a dense mist prevailed, and the harbor authorities, who had been advised of her pending arrival in the evening, did not expect her to put in an appearance before morning.

However, when day broke, there she was, moored at her assigned position, and appearing to be quite at home. She had navigated the difficult Kiel ford in the darkness and mist without a pilot on board. This performance she repeated at Danzig and Swinemunde, according to the report, in both places without a pilot.

"From this performance," says the journal, "we are compelled to ask what would happen in the event of a sudden outbreak of war with England. . . . They would not have the slightest difficulty in bottling up the high seas fleet in Kiel or elsewhere."

Even if all that glitters isn't gold, lots of people are satisfied with it.

The Farm

BEEF TYPE OF CATTLE.

The general appearance of the beef animal, when of correct type shows a distinctly meat-producing form. The animal is compact and broad of back from shoulder points to hips; has a wide, deep body; short and somewhat thick neck; wide, deep full bosom; rather broad, thick, fleshy hind quarters; and a generally deep, wide body. Viewed from one side, the top and bottom line of body run rather parallel with the back quite level. From front or rear the outline should be rather full and broad. Cattle of this type are referred to as "blocky" indicating compactness and neatness of form. If the body is inclined to be long, it may be termed "rangy," while animals long of leg, showing too little depth and fullness of body, may be termed "leggy."

The head should have a broad, strong muzzle, indicating superior grazing and feeding capacity. The nostrils, when somewhat prominent and large, with a wide nose show ample nasal capacity to supply the lungs with air. A Roman nose sometimes occurs with cattle, but it is neither attractive nor desirable. The distance from the muzzle to the point immediately between the eyes is preferably short, with some curve or "dish," as it is termed, just below the eyes which should be wide apart, large and indicate a gentle temperament. A quiet eye means an easy feeder, while a nervous, restless eye shows an animal unsatisfactory to handle and care for. The forehead, as indicating mental capacity, should be broad and reasonably full. The face and cheeks, in a superior head are full and deep, connected with a rather broad, strong lower jaw. If on the horned type, the horns should not be coarse at the head, but should show plenty of fine texture and quality, and be graceful and of harmonious proportions. An abundance of rather long hair should crown the poll or top of the head. It is very desirable that the ear should be neatly attached to the head, without coarseness, and that is should be of superior quality and neatly pointed and covered with silky hair, with long hair at the edges or tips.

The neck of the beef animal tends to be short, thick and muscular, of medium depth, and should be neatly attached to the head and smoothly blended to the shoulders. The bull at maturity show a neck of more length, with heavier muscles, some arch and a heavy coat of hair. The female will have a shorter, lighter neck, with less thickness and less depth. The steer should have a shorter, thicker, fuller, smoother fleshed neck than the cow. When in perfect pose, with head up, the top line of the neck should be slightly raised above the height of the withers.

The shoulders should extend well into the back, lying smoothly covered with flesh, blending neatly with the body. A high type of shoulder is uniformly covered with flesh from shoulder point to top of withers. Rough angular shoulders, unevenly covered, are among the most common defects of cattle. A prominent shoulder also emphasises the development behind it.

The breast and chest are most important. The former should be carried well forward and be broad and full in the bosom. As one stands and views a beef bull in show form, a great breadth of breast and strength of brisket meets the eye. Sometimes the breast and chest have great depth and the brisket comes within fifteen inches of the level of the foot. Viewed from one side it may curve forward like the prow of a ship. With the cow considerable bosom may show, but not in so great a degree, and with less breadth and feminine outline. The chest which lies between the shoulders and just back of them should be full at the crops, showing much spring of rib and also well filled out in the front flanks. The most beautiful front on the beef animal no matter whether bull, cow or steer, is a smoothly laid, well fleshed shoulder, with a strong arch of rib behind, leaving little or no depression. Much depression behind the shoulders or a narrow, contracted, low chest indicates lack of constitution.—Plumb's Types and Breeds of Farm Animals.

SIFTING THEM OUT.

A correspondent writes: "What is a proper way to test a cow's milk in order to find out whether she is worth her keep?"

First, get a pair of scales and hang them up in the cow stable, together with a sheet of paper and pencil. Weigh your milk morning and evening, and set down the amount in pounds of milk. Then get a Babcock test. A four-bottle one will be large enough.

Once a week test the milk of each cow to ascertain the per cent. of fat. The number of pounds the cow gives multiplied by the per cent. of fat will give the amount of butter fat.

One test, however, will not enable you to determine it. Some cows, especially cows that have not been kept for dairy use, will give a fine flow of milk for about four or five months in the year and then go dry. Such cows are seldom worth keeping. Others will give a good flow of milk through the season, and if this contains 4 per cent. of butter fat or over these are worth keeping. A cow may give a smaller amount of milk, but if it contains 5 or 6 per cent. of butter fat she may be worth keeping.

What you are working for is to get the largest amount of butter per annum and it will require a year under ordinary circumstances to determine whether a cow is worth keeping. New beginners will probably find that one-third of their cows are not worth keeping.

No cow should be kept in the dairy that gives less than 150 pounds of butter fat a year. A cow that gives two hundred pounds is always profitable in the corn belt, and a new beginner should be satified with that at the first. Our correspondent is evidently a new beginner, and he has a great deal to learn, which can be learned only by experience. If he will resolve not to keep any cow longer than one year which does not give more than 150 pounds of butter fat a year, and then keep striving for greater yields, he will find it an exceedingly profitable business. It requires, however, care and pains which few men are willing to take. Perhaps it is fortunate that it is so because until men learn how to weigh and test and feed for the purpose of producing the maximum quantity of milk and select cows that give a profitable yield of butter fat the price of butter and milk will always be high enough to make a good living for those who are willing to take the pains to find out how to do it.

FARM NOTES.

Paint on the houses goes with prosperity. Tumbledown and weather-beaten buildings are a pretty sure indication that things are not going as they should.

It is good policy even in country markets for those who have eggs of different shades of color to keep each sort by itself. They may not bring any more in every case, but they look better and are more acceptable to both dealers and consumers and in the end it will be found to pay.

It is fortunate for many farmers that the house-well sometimes goes dry, because it gives an opportunity for cleaning it. If it has not been cleared for two or three years, pump it dry and go at it. Anyone will be surprised to see how much sediment a well accumulates even when its top is carefully guarded. Bad water is the cause of much sickness in the family.

Superphosphate of lime contains a large proportion of sulphate of lime or gypsum, in this way the phosphate of lime is mixed with sulphuric acid; the acid takes two-thirds of the lime from the phosphate, leaving what is known as one lime phosphate, or superphosphate; that is, there is three times as much phosphoric acid in proportion to the lime in the superphosphate as in the phosphate. These two proportions of lime combine with the sulphuric acid, making sulphate of lime, or gypsum. But some of the sulphuric acid remains free in the mixture and this is hurtful to the young plants.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

An important point in the poultry business is a good house. No matter what kind of a house, whether it is modern or not, just so it is light, dry and wind-proof.

Cows calving in the spring give more milk for three months after calving than those calving in the fall. This situation is reversed from the seventh to ninth months. Fall cows show smaller variations in milk flow than cows calving in the spring.

For pigs grind one bushel of flaxseed with eight bushels of oats, or all the flaxseed that can be ground without sticking to the millstones. Then mix 100 pounds of this ground oats and flaxseed with 200 pounds of bran. This will be the best kind of feed for young pigs, and it will be good for them all the time up to fattening; and besides this they will be smooth, rangy pigs, making good roasters at any time. In other words, they will grow and fatten every day of their lives.

In breeding sheep for wool, start with thoroughbred or grade ewes as large in size as they can be had, of good length and thickness of wool, neither too coarse or gummy. Use for breeding none but those of strong constitutions that have not been pampered. Procure a good thoroughbred Merino ram as near perfection as you can find, of large size, square build, long and as evenly wooled as possible. See that the fleece is not too gummy or wrinkly, and let the animal show for himself that he has a strong constitution. Get him from some well-known and reliable breeder; never mind how long or short his pedigree is or whether he has any, if you are satisfied he is a thoroughbred and will get good stock.

CLEVER WOMEN.

Noticeable Feature at Unique Exhibition of Clothing.

A striking feature of the unique exhibition of clothing held at the Madison Square Garden (writes The London Chronicle's New York correspondent), was the large number of women exhibitors representing factories which as the result of their enterprise have sprung up all over the country within the last few years.

These women have in no case been engaged in the manufacture of women's clothing more than three or four years. The story of their success reads like a fairy tale. One of them—the daughter of English parents—was left some ten years ago with several small brothers and sisters to support. She entered the business house of Marshall Field in Chicago, and three years afterwards found herself established in Paris as their buyer for ladies' underclothing.

Three years ago she decided to manufacture in her own behalf. She began with twenty workwomen. Now she employs 600, in addition to nearly a hundred agents traveling in every part of the world. Miss Leona Forster, who has built up this enterprise, is still in the early thirties. She is petite and as dainty as a rosebud. She wears Parisian gowns exquisitely cut and of charming simplicity. She tells me that by living rationally and dressing comfortably she finds herself able to spend the day in her factory from 7 a.m. until 3 p.m. in summer and from 8 a.m. until 5 p.m. in the winter. Miss Forster explained that her success was due to her entire devotion to her business.

"English girls," she declared, "of the better class make their business a subsidiary matter to their social success. So many of them, pouring out by the hundred from schools and colleges every year, are seeking some genteel occupation which will leave them free to play tennis and attend unlimited numbers of afternoon teas. Few of them succeed in business in England because their habits are not businesslike."

With Miss Forster are exhibiting two Scotswomen who are daughters of professional men in Scotland. They went to America to teach, and have found a more profitable livelihood in business. One of these ladies lamented that so little was done to further the emigration of women of the better class. There is a demand for them in America, she declares, because they are better educated and more reliable than the young women of America.

IS NO EXCUSE FOR HER.

The Untidy Woman Who is a Blot on Her Sex.

There is no excuse for the disorderly woman—she who leaves odds and ends wherever she goes.

It is a sad fact that a great many husbands are far neater about their belongings than their wives, and many a man has decided that matrimony was a failure because the house resembled a rag box rather than a home.

Every neat man with orderly habits ought to be such a reproach to the opposite kind of woman that she should retire from society until she changed her ways.

If we are neat and methodical in our ways we are lacking in the chief attribute of woman. She is meant to keep the world in order and so make life beautiful, while man gives his whole time to work.

Not all the good qualities in the world can redeem the sloppy woman from being a failure as a woman.

She can be brilliant, witty and good, but she is a poor creature if she is slovenly in appearance and if her home is one jumble of dust and things out of place.

We cannot all have rich and beautiful things around us. Some of us must go clad in cotton and eat from pine boards. But those boards should be scrubbed until they glisten like snow, and the cotton dress should be as fresh as the morning.

And, maiden, there is no need of your wearing cheap jewellery that needs repairing, cheap laces that need washing and cheap feathers that won't curl, and you don't have to use in your house spotted tablecloths, dust covered bric-a-brac and broken furniture.

Better an empty room with four bare walls.

ELECTRIFYING AN ELEPHANT

A very curious accident occurred in Mysore, India, recently. A Palace elephant mahout, seated on a huge tusker, happened to pass under the main-line wires conveying current from the power-station. Thinking he would test the truth of anyone being killed if the wire were touched, he was foolish enough to place his hand on the wire. The effect was disastrous. Both mahout and elephant were knocked down instantly, and lay insensible. The elephant, after a short while, got up, and rushed about in a dazed manner, wrecking carriages, posts, etc., in its mad career. After a most exciting chase, the semi-electrocuted elephant was captured by means of two other elephants.

RHEUMATISM DRIVEN FROM THE BLOOD

A Remedy Which Assists Nature Makes a Cure Which is Permanent as This Case Proves.

Every sufferer from rheumatism wants to be cured and to stay cured. The prospect of the frequent return of the trouble is not attractive to anybody who has gone through one siege. Most treatments aim simply to "keep down" the rheumatic poisons in the blood. The tonic treatment by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has proved by hundreds of cures that it builds up the blood to a point that enables it to cast out these poisons through the regular channels of excretion—the bowels, the kidneys and the skin. When this is done the rheumatism is permanently cured, and as long as the blood is kept pure and rich the patient will be free from rheumatism. Mr. Thomas McNeil, Richibucto, N. B., says:—"Permit me to bear testimony to the worth of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure for acute rheumatism. My son, Frederick, was subject to this painful trouble for a period of eight or ten years, and during this time periodical attacks would regularly occur. His last attack was a most severe one, and the pains were excruciating in the extreme, shooting through the various parts of the body to such an extent that even the approach of any person would cause him to cry out with fear, and he had rest neither day or night. Our family doctor, a man of skill and experience, applied many remedies without avail, and could give no encouragement other than that the warmer weather then approaching might prove beneficial. Just at this time we noticed where some person similarly afflicted had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to try them. He kept on using the Pills, each succeeding box showing improvement, until he had taken ten boxes, when all pains and aches had completely disappeared, and although his mode of life is that of a fisherman, and consequently exposed to both wet and cold, he has had no return of any of the symptoms whatever. The cure is complete, and is entirely due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or they will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by The D. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ROBBERY THE MOTIVE.

Austrian Boarding House Was a Death Trap for Lodgers.

One of the most sensational cases which Vienna has ever known has been brought to light by the arrest of Frau Kobovsky on suspicion of having committed five murders.

Frau Kobovsky, who is a widow forty-three years of age, kept a boarding house. Two of her lodgers died in the house four years ago, and she was sentenced to two years' imprisonment for stealing their property. When she came out of prison she resumed the boarding house, and three more lodgers died in it last year.

Recently another lodger told the police that Frau Kobovsky tried to push him into the Danube, and then gave him poisoned wine during an excursion.

The police have discovered that all the five lodgers, who died were rich and elderly, and their bodies will be exhumed and examined.

A POINTER ON MAKING SHOES WEAR LONGER.

In this age there are many different forms of insurance against loss from almost every conceivable cause and it is remarkable to note that we have now arrived at a point where it is possible to insure your new clothes against becoming prematurely worn out, and no doubt when people are aware of this fact thousands will take advantage of it. Shoe insurance in the form of "Nugget" Waterproof Shoe Polish is the best kind of an investment, for it will double the life of your shoes, because it keeps leather soft and pliable and prevents cracking.

Your dealer keeps "Nugget"—why not insure your shoes? It costs but 10c Black or Tan.

The "Nugget" is a Waterproof preparation which in wet weather retains its shine, and the polish itself will not rub off and soil the clothes under any conditions.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Harker—"Brady's wife is the most intellectual woman I ever met."

Parker—"Indeed"

Harker—"Yes. Why, she can actually tell what time a railway train arrives or departs by consulting the time table."

Don't Grow Old.

By going around with gray hair when Dr. Tremain's Natural Hair Restorative will bring it back to its natural color, even though it has been gray for years. Two persons might use from the same bottle and the hair of one become black and the other blonde, just as they were in youth. So it is not a hair-dye; it will not injure the scalp, and is no trouble to apply. We guarantee satisfaction or money returned. Price one dollar (Postage paid).

THE TREMAIN SUPPLY CO., 16 Wood St., - - Toronto.

CHARACTER BY THE FACE.

Classify Them According to Their Outlines.

In judging the character from the face it is well, first of all, to understand that physiognomists can only reveal tendency; they cannot foretell positive actions.

To read faces the best method is to begin by classifying them according to their outlines, as certain characteristics are ninety-nine times out of a hundred the accompaniment of each class.

According to the text-books, women with the perfectly oval face are tall and of elegant figure, generally, but not always, dark-eyed, energetic, and possess strong individual characteristics. They are firm and self-reliant, and usually constant in friendship and love. They are often leaders, and are enthusiasts apt to be carried away by the power of their own imagination. Frequently the oval-faced woman becomes an actress of great renown. For example, Bernhardt, Duse, and Mary Anderson.

When the face describes a circle there is corresponding breadth and thickness of limbs and body. The complexion is usually florid and the hair and coloring light brown, not often dark, especially the skin.

Round-faced women may be usually read as versatile, impulsive, ardent, and with great elasticity of spirits. The round-faced woman is more inclined to be fickle than her sister of the oval contour.

Where you see a woman with a face which forms a perfect round make a mental note to this effect: A cheerful, loving, and amiable nature, not much persistence, apt to be brilliant rather than thorough, companionable, and unselfish.

The pyriform face is commonly called pear-shaped because its outlines do resemble the shape of a pear. Nine out of ten women with pear-shaped faces have high foreheads, pale complexions, and delicately chiselled features. They are rarely strong women physically, often have delicate chests and slender, stem-like necks. They generally have shining eyes and an abundance of soft, fine, silky hair. They are mentally very alert, quick and ne vous, acutely sensitive. This is the literary, artistic, and poetic type.

Women with the temperament belonging to the pyriform face are rarely willing to settle down to the joys of domesticity. They belong to the public and to the world of art and poetry.

BABY'S TEETHING TIME IS A TROUBLOUS TIME

When baby is teething the whole household is upset. The tender little gums are swollen and inflamed, and the poor child often cries day and night, wearing the mother out and keeping the rest of the family on edge. In the homes where Baby's Own Tablets are used there is no such worry. The Tablets allay the inflammation, soothe the irritation and bring the teeth through painlessly. Mrs. Jean Boutin, St. Marguerite, Que., says: "When I sent for Baby's Own Tablets my nine months' old baby was suffering greatly from teething troubles and I hardly got any rest. A few doses of the Tablets relieved her, and the teeth seemed to come through painlessly." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

EARTHQUAKE PROOF HOUSES.

Twigs and Grass Interwoven With Branches.

In order to protect their homes from earthquakes many of the natives in the territory around Chilpancingo and other towns in the State of Guerrero, Mexico, live in trees. Some of these tree homes are of large size and are ingeniously constructed. Reeds and grasses are interwoven with the twigs and branches of the tree, much in the manner that a bird builds its nest.

The severest wind seldom looses these houses from the tree. Where the trees are large and stand closely together houses of two and three rooms are frequently built in their branches. These houses also afford protection from the "tigers" and other wild animals which are found in the region in large numbers. It is claimed that a "tiger" will not attack its prey unless it is upon the ground. The prime object of elevating these houses into the trees, however, is to keep them from being shaken down by the severe earthquakes which visit the Guerrero territory at frequent intervals.

The rocking of the earth gives the trees a swaying motion that does no damage to the houses. In some localities whole villages of these tree homes are to be seen. None of them suffered damage from the recent earthquakes which wrought such ruin to the buildings on the ground.

Never judge a man's kicking ability by the size of his feet.

It's almost as difficult for you to get a man t o take your advice as it is for you to take his.

FALL SKIN DISEASES.

An Article for Mothers.

When the children "break out" with eruptions and skin diseases, so common in the fall, don't run to useless and nauseating medicines. Zam-Buk is what is needed. It is a skin food as well as a healing balm.

Mrs. Chas. Levere, of Prescott, North Channel, Ont., tells how Zam-Buk cured her baby. She says:—"My baby's head and face was one complete mass of sores. The itching and irritation were fearful, and the little one's plight was so fearful that at one time we feared her ears would be eaten off.

"We had to keep her hands tied for days to prevent her rubbing and scratching the sores. Doctor after doctor treated her in vain, until we had had five doctors. They all agreed it was a frightful case of eczema, but none of them did any permanent good.

"As a last resource we were advised to try Zam-Buk. The first box did so much good that we felt sure we were at last working in the right direction. We persevered with the treatment until we had used thirteen boxes, and at the end of that time I am glad to say Zam-Buk effected a cure."

Mrs Holmes, of 30, Guise Street, Hamilton, is quite as eloquent in her praises. She says:—"Zam-Buk cured my boy of boils and eruptions when he was so bad that he had been unable to mix with other children. Prior to the boils breaking out he had had a bad eruption, but Zam-Buk cleared this away too, and made his skin clear and smooth. It is a wonderful preparation, and mothers throughout the land should always keep it handy."

For eczema, eruptions, rashes, tetter, itch, ringworm, and similar skin diseases, Zam-Buk is without equal. It also cures cuts, burns, scalds, piles, abscesses, chronic sores, blood-poisoning, etc. All druggists and stores at 50 cents a box, or post free for price from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

FREAK PHOTOGRAPHY.

Difficult Task to Photograph a Soap Bubble.

After running horses, jumping athletes, flying cannon-balls, fishes of lightning, and the shifting spectral lines of revolving double stars have been successfully photographed, the airy soap bubble has furnished a stumbling-block that the scientific photographer has had great difficulty in surmounting. An eminent scientist said not long ago that for a long time it had been his ambition to photograph a soap bubble in the act of breaking. He anticipated great difficulty, because he knew the time occupied in the disappearance of a breaking bubble must be only a small fraction of a second.

Whoever has watched a brilliant soap bubble burst knows how quickly it vanishes. The scientist thought it might take one-twentieth of a second; but by repeated experiments he found that the time occupied in the disappearance of the iridescent film was not more than one three-hundredth of a second. To catch and picture one of these vanishing films between the instant of its breaking and that of its complete extinction proved a most difficult undertaking; but it was accomplished.

Some persons may think that it would be equally difficult to photograph a lightning flash; but it must be recollected that lightning makes an intensely vivid impression, while the soft reflection of a soap bubble is evanescent, even in the bright glare of an electric spark. From printing the image of the flying edge of a broken bubble in the three-hundredth of a second to disclosing the existence of great nebulae in the heavens by the cumulative effect of several hours of continuous exposure, the modern photographic plate is performing many wonders in behalf of science, and proving itself one of the most powerful means at man's disposal to unlock the secrets of Nature.

AN EDUCATED TRAMP.

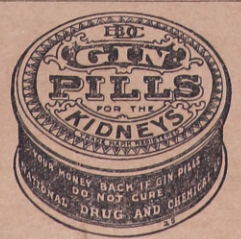
The house of a wealthy lady was approached one day by a tramp seeking a meal. The lady at first refused the knight of the road his request, but finally consented, saying she would give him food if he would first saw some wood. Pleading, however, that he was too weak to work before eating, he obtained the meal, after which his hostess escorted Mr. Dusty Rhodes to the woodshed, and showed him the pile of wood he was to saw. Returning half an hour later, she found her guest sitting in the calm enjoyment of a smoke.

With just indignation she asked: "Why, haven't you sawn that wood yet?"

"Pardon me, madam," said her guest, pain at his hostess' ignorance struggling in his voice. "You should not say 'have sawn' wood, you should say 'have seen' the wood."

An exhibition of temper is invariably a free show.

The things you are going to do add nothing to your bank balance.



Send for free sample to Dept. W. L., National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

INFORMATION.

Mary had a little lamb,
As you have heard before;
Later Mary passed her plate
And had a little more.
Her dinner check was 90 cents
That's what made Mary sore.

HUNTING FOR BIG GAME.

The Highlands of Ontario is an ideal spot for the sportsman during the open hunting season for big game. In the Temagami region moose are plentiful and may be killed during the period from October 16th to November 15th. This territory is a forest preserve of vast expanse, and in addition to being the hunter's paradise, its waters abound with game fish of many species. The home of the red deer is located somewhat to the south of Temagami, particularly in the districts known as "Muskoka Lakes," "Lake of Bays," "Maganetawan River," "Lake Nipissing," and "Kawartha Lakes" territories.

Write to J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, for a copy of "Haunts of Fish and Game," issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System which fully describes the hunting territories reached by this line, giving game laws, maps and all information.

NOT ROMANCE.

"Yes, her husband left her suddenly seven years ago, and every night she puts a lighted candle in the window to guide him to the door."

"How sentimental!"

"Well, not exactly. She puts the candle there so she can see to hit him with the club she keeps on the window ledge."

Parents buy Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator because they know it is a safe medicine for their children and an effectual expeller of worms.

Chinamen will not accept sovereigns bearing the familiar St. George and dragon on the reverse side, as the dragon plays an important role in religious matters, and, consequently, they dislike its representation on English coins.

After making a most careful study of the matter, U. S. Government scientists state definitely that the common house fly is the principal means of distributing typhoid fever, diphtheria and smallpox. Wilson's Fly Pads kill the flies and the disease germs, too.

Youngly—"Did you ever notice that the matrimonial process is like that of making a call? You go to adore, and ring a belle, and give your name to a maid." Cynicus—"Yes, and then you're taken in."

INFORMATION WANTED about the man who has never heard of Painkiller. Sold for over 60 years. Is the best remedy for cramps, colic and dysentery, and unequalled as a liniment for cuts and wounds. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis'—25c. and 50c.

"Grandfather, I know what I shall give you for your birthday—a nice meerschum pipe." "That's good of you, my dear, but I already have one." "That is to say, grandpa, you did have one. I've just broken it."

Where can I get some of Holloway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy, and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

The man who is satisfied to merely "get along" in this world mustn't grumble if his neighbor insists on earning enough to travel in style.

A Thorough Pill.—To clear the stomach and bowels of impurities and irritants is necessary when their action is irregular. The pills that will do this work thoroughly are Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are mild in action but mighty in results. They purge painlessly and effectively, and work a permanent cure. They can be used without fear by the most delicately constituted, as there are no painful effects preceding their gentle operation.

HOPEFUL.

Mrs. Newed—"Mamma says she does not think we will ever quarrel as she and papa do."

Mr. Newed—"Never, dearest."

"No; she says you will be much easier to manage than papa was."

HELPLESS.

"How's your husband now?"

"Poor man, he's laid up at home with acute rheumatism. All he is able to do now is mind the baby, chop the wood, answer the door bell, an' run errands."

Most wives would be able to save money if their husbands gave them enough to save.

RATHER EMBARRASSING.

"That Englishman is a funny chap," remarked the hat salesman in the big hotel; "he hasn't been out of his room to-day."

"No, he is victim of circumstances," confided the coffee salesman.

"Victim of circumstances?"

"Yes, he put his shoes outside his door last night, according to the English custom, and somebody threw them at a cat down the areaway."

A Pleasant Purgative.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so compounded as to operate on both the stomach and the bowels, so that they act along the whole alimentary and excretory passage. They are not drastic in their work but mildly purgative, and the pleasure of taking them is only equalled by the gratifying effect they produce. Compounded only of vegetable substances the curative qualities of which were fully tested, they afford relief without chance of injury.

THE REASON.

Little Blanche—"At the party a little girl fell off a chair. All the other girls laughed; but I didn't."

Mamma—"Well, why didn't you laugh?"

"Cause I was the one that fell off."

If allowed to roam over your house those few innocent-looking house flies may cause a real tragedy any day, as they are known to be the principal agents for the spread of those deadly diseases, typhoid fever, diphtheria and smallpox. No other fly killer compares with Wilson's Fly Pads.

MAKING ROOM.

Little Tommy Tucker had eaten and was filled, but he would not give in.

"Have some more cake, Tommy?" said his hostess.

"I think I could," said Tommy, "if I stood up."

SEE THAT YOU GET THE REAL THING.—Unscrupulous makers are putting up a counterfeit of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. The genuine is made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

PROVIDED.

"I am sorry, my dear sir, but I neglected to bring my surgical instruments with me."

"That will be all right, doctor. The plumber who has been working in the cellar has left his tools here."

Something that Should be Rubbed In.—Whenever pain is felt in the limbs or back, take Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil; pour a little in the hand, and applying it to the surface beneath which the pain is, rub briskly. If the first application does not afford relief, which is not usually the case, keep rubbing. The Oil will gradually penetrate to the affected part and relief will come.

CHANGED.

Lancaster—"Are you making as much fuss over your baby now as you were two months ago?"

Forrester—"Oh, no. The baby is making all the fuss now."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

THE DIFFERENCE.

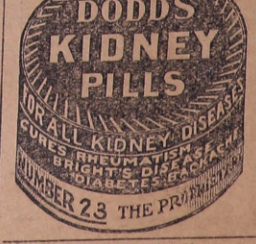
"Some men are so unreasonable," sighed Mrs. Scolder.

"Yes, and all women are," replied Scolder quickly.

Attacks of cholera and dysentery come quickly, there seldom being any warning of the visit. Remedial action must be taken just as quickly if the patient is to be spared great suffering and permanent injury to the lining membranes of the bowels. The readiest preparation for the purpose is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It can be got at small cost at any drug store or g neral dealers, and it will afford relief before a doctor can be called.

Small Lilian's father was very homely, and one day she said: "Mamma, why did you marry papa?" "Because I loved him, dear," was the reply. "Mamma," continued Lilian, "love will make us women do anything, won't it?"

Some men are too lazy to complain if they can't find work.



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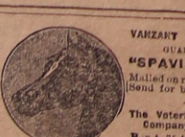

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The Veterinary Remedy Company, Limited, Box A, 75 Adelaide St., E. Toronto, Canada.

WANTED.

BOY WANTED.—TO ACT AS AGENT for "TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT" in his spare time. Good money. Circulation Manager, Toronto.

CANVASSERS WANTED. Others clear twenty dollars weekly. Apply Alfred Tyler, London, Ont.

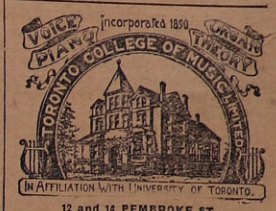
BOYS AND GIRLS WISHING TO EARN money or premiums send your name and address for our juvenile catalogue of easy selling household specialties. Our adult Agents 68 page catalogue is also Ready, free on request. Canada Silver-cloth Co., Toronto, Ont.

FOR SALE.

COMIC RECITATION BOOK—Best collection published in English language; Ten cents. Arthur Rice, Granby, Que.

MONEY MAKING LITTLE FARMS — IN CALIFORNIA'S Best Fruit, Alfalfa and Stock Growing Section. Rich, Deep Soil—Irrigated. Easy Payments. Write for Booklet. IRRIGATED LAND CO., Marysville - - California

CLEANING LADIES' ... WALKING OR OUTING SUITS Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC



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A FEW CENTS will change your windows to rich stained glass. WINDOWPHANIE, beautifully colored and transparent, will do it. Special designs for churches. Samples free. Agents wanted. Write me now. H. P. SULLIVAN, 1169 St. James St., Montreal

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LIST MAILED ON REQUEST.

For individuals with funds for investment at the present time, whether of large amount or small, we have compiled an extensive list of MUNICIPAL, PUBLIC SERVICE and CORPORATION bonds. The securities offered will receive the approval of the most conservative investors.

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Ontario Municipal debentures to yield 4% to 4½%. Other Canadian Municipals — Province, County, City and Town—to yield 4% to 5¼%.

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We offer a select list of bonds of Railroads and Public Service Corporations of demonstrated earning power at prices to yield the investor 4½% to 5%.

Canadian Northern Railway Co. Equipments 4 1-2 per cent's.
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Toronto and York Radial Railway Company 5 per cent's. (Guaranteed by the Toronto Railway Company.)
Suburban Rapid Transit Company 5 per cent's. (Guaranteed by the Winnipeg Electric Co.)

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Bonds of long established continuously prosperous industries to yield 5½ to 6%

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. 6 per cent's.
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ASK FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

It is a pleasure to select from our offerings a suitable bond and to assist to a thorough investigation of the security.

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GEO. E. REYNOLDS

....FOR UP-TO-DATE FALL FOOTWEAR....

¶ If you buy a first-class Shoe, dont you want that Shoe made in the latest style?

¶ Why should you pay the price of a high-class Shoe, and, in return, get a Shoe one or two seasons old?

¶ How do you know, for instance, when you ask for the newest Footwear that you are actually getting the newest?

¶ But why take chances? Why not ask for the Shoes that lead the styles in Canada

INVICTUS for Men, and VICTORIA for Ladies

We have them in all lasts and styles, and at all prices.

Misses' Fine Boots.....from $1.15 up
Misses' School Boots, neat and good wearers.....from $1.00 up
Children's Fine and Coarse Boots.....from 50 cts. up

Our Hand-made Boots

Are known all over to be the best wearers, the best fitters, and the best workmanship. We are busy filling orders daily. Just received to-day a large order to be sent out to Saskatchewan. Join the throng when needing a pair.

Men's Coarse Boots.....from $1.25 to $3.50

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Telling the Plain Truth

It requires more than ordinary courage in a public speaker to call into question the belief or practice of a large proportion of his hearers.

* * * * *

The trouble is that most of the preaching nowadays is of the namby-pamby, pink-tea order, harmless alike to invalids and children. The most painstaking precautions are taken that the most susceptible among the listeners shall find absolutely no cause for offense. Offended hearers very often mean diminished stipends. Some people it must be admitted, have a nasty habit of withdrawing their support from the minister who is brave enough to say things.

We like the manly robust sermon. Even though the minister points his finger at some of our own shortcomings we will take our medicine like a man.

The success of men like Gipsy Smith and Moody shows that plainness of speech is appreciated in the pew. Christ did not hesitate to tell the Jews they had made their temple a den of thieves. Telling the plain truth may not lead to immediate popularity, but it will do something towards fulfilling the true aim of preaching, in pointing out and leading the way to better things.—Markham Sun.

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Wellman's Corners

The Rally service in the church on Sunday evening was largely attended and was of a most interesting character. The readings on the printed programs were given, Mr. Clarke's address was good, and Mrs. Geo. Maybee's and Mr. H. Hoover's reports from the Rylestone convention were splendid. Miss Flossie Pollock gave an appropriate recitation, and there were also recitations by Angus Todd and Ella Snarr. Little Lorena Totton sang a solo very sweetly and there was also good singing by the School.

Mr. W. Dunham of Campbellford and Mr. A. Dunham of Rochester were last week guests of Mrs. C. Young, and Mr. B. Dunham.

Mildred, the little six year old adopted daughter of Mr. Walter Scott, was kicked by a colt and had her collar bone fractured on Friday last. The little one is doing well, and it is expected will soon be all right again.

Mr. Alex. Johnston and wife have returned from visiting friends in Crookston. Mr. Johnston underwent a very serious operation this summer, is nearly as well as ever and warmly expresses his thanks to the neighbors and friends who showed him so much kindness during his long illness.

Everybody and his wife and daughter, or if he had'nt a wife and daughter, he took his best girl, and went to the fair in Stirling.

Mrs. D. Mack, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Morton and Mr. W. Snarr attended the Picton fair.

A new resident lately arrived at Wellman's and is staying at Mr, John Preston's—a little baby boy.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by all dealers.

Niagara's Age.

According to Mr. Spencer, of the Canadian Geological Survey, the great spectacle of Niagara Falls, as we see it to-day, has been about 39,000 years in the making. Mr. Spencer, in common with other geologists who have studied Niagara, believes that originally the cataract fell into Lake Ontario over three steps, or platforms, the first being 35 feet high, and the third being at or near the edge of the lake proper, instead of seven miles back up the river as at present. It took the stream 35,000 years to hollow out the first three miles of the gorge, but only 4,000 years for the other four miles. The difference of time in these two stages of the erosion, and of the cataract's recession of seven miles in all, is explained on the theory of a sudden and enormous increase of the volume of water, caused by seismic disturbance, or earthquake.

Formerly the Niagara River served as outlet to Lake Erie only. After the upheaval, the waters of Lakes Huron, Michigan, and Superior, which previously had debouched directly into Lake Ontario, were diverted into Lake Erie into the Niagara River, swelling that stream to six times its former volume. Mr. Spencer's figures, of course, can be taken only approximately, as even contemporary authorities are at variance as to how the Falls of Niagara have receded during the past fifty years—some estimates making it 1.28 metres per annum, others 1.52. Moreover, while the U.S. Geological Survey declares that the rate of recession of the Falls has increased during the last fifteen years, the corresponding Canadian official report shows that the rate has decreased some 66 centimetres per annum.

Tell Some Sick One

It Is Free If It Fails.

Will you do an act of Humanity?

Will you tell some sick friend of this, my remarkable offer?

Tell him or her, that you have learned of a medicine so certain that its maker dare say to the sick, "It is absolutely and unconditionally free if it fails."

And you, no doubt, already know of Dr. Shoop's Restorative and its popularity.

For 20 years it has been the standard remedy for Stomach, Kidney and Heart ailments everywhere in America.

When the "inside" or controlling nerves of these vital organs begin to fail, it is Dr. Shoop's Restorative that has quickly vitalized, and strongthened, and brought these nerves and organs back to health again.

I do not dose the Stomach, nor stimulate the Heart or Kidneys—for that is all wrong.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative goes direct to the *cause* of these ailments—the failing, faltering, inside or controlling nerves. And herein lies the keynote to my success.

When these nerves are again made well and strong, then that is the certain end of all such sickness.

To me it is a great satisfaction that I am the only physician able to say to the suffering sick, "Take my prescription for full 30 days, and if it fails to help you, the entire expense is mine—not yours."

Then why should the sick take any chance on any other medicine, whose maker dare not back it just as I do by this remarkable offer?

I also have a Rheumatic Remedy—and that remedy is covered by the same identical "No help, no pay" protective plan.

Besides, you are free to consult me just as you would your home physician. My advice and the book below are yours—and without cost.

Perhaps a word or two from me will clear up some serious ailment. I have helped thousands upon thousands by my private prescription or personal advice plan. My best effort is surely worth your simple request.

So let me send you an order at once. Take the message to some sick friend.

A postal will bring the opportunity.

I will have an honest and trustworthy druggist to whom you can conveniently go for the 30 day test.

But first, ask me for the order, for all druggists are not authorized to give the 30 day test.

So write me now and save all delays. Remember that to-morrow never comes. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 12, Racine, Wis.

Which Book Shall I Send You?

No. 1 On Dyspepsia
No. 2 On the Heart
No. 3 On the Kidneys
No. 4 For Women
No. 5 For Men
No. 6 On Rheumatism.

NEWCOMB A CANADIAN.

Washington Professor, Who Died Recently, Was Born In Nova Scotia.

The death of the illustrious astromoner, Prof. Simon Newcomb, at Washington, a few days ago, has attracted very little attention, most Canadians being apparently unaware that he was a fellow countryman of theirs. In truth he was one of the many Canadians who have drifted to the United States and shed lustre on their adopted country. He, it is said, had more degrees than any man in the world. Sixteen universities had honored him. Dr. James Bryce, British Ambassador at Washington, comes next with thirteen degrees, and Dr. Elliot, president emeritus of Harvard, third with nine. His career was a most unusual one. He was born in Wallace, Nova Scotia, in 1835, and in 1853 drifted to the United States and became a school teacher in Maryland, working himself through college by this means and early manifesting a phenomenal genius for the study of astronomy.

But his boyhood career before he became a school teacher was romantic. He early ran away from home and became a penniless lad the apprentice of a quack doctor wandering through the settlements of New Brunswick. Perhaps it was this experience that turned his mind toward the mystery of the universe which he made it his life work to explore. His most herculean task is that of having accurately determined the elements of the solar system, and it would require an expert to define all that he did for his beloved science.

During his lifetime he had been voted into membership in almost every scientific society on earth. Toronto University was among those which had bestowed an honorary degree upon him and others included Princeton, Yale, Harvard, Johns Hopkins, Glasgow, Heidelburg, Padua, Christiania, Leyden, Dublin, Edinburgh, not to mention Oxford and Cambridge. His services to mariners were enormous, as fitting in a man who sprang from a sea-faring community and this gained him the honor of becoming an Associate of the Institute of France, the only English-speaking native of this continent to be so honored except Benjamin Franklin. Last summer he was entertained by the Kaiser at one of his palaces. Thus did the boy who wandered through the wilds of the Maritime provinces as a quack's assistant end his life as the guest of princes.

Butter and Bacon.

The Bennett boys enjoyed camping. Their people were glad to have them outdoors, but were sadly puzzled to know how three boys managed to eat such amazing quantities of butter—much more, indeed, than the entire Bennett family consumed at home. At the first opportunity puzzled Mrs. Bennett inquired into the matter.

"Boy's" asked she, "how in the world did you manage to use six pounds of butter on only four loaves of bread?"

"It's the cooking," explained Frank. "It takes such a heap of butter to fry the bacon."

The Ogilvie Milling Co. will build a new mill at Winnipeg having a capacity of 3,000 barrels per day.

Contracts have been let for building the line of the Canadian Northern Railway from Toronto to Trenton.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Sold by all dealers.

Walter Blythe, who was to have been hanged on Friday for the murder of his wife at Agincourt last January, has been granted a new trial. He had been previously twice reprieved.

Orillia ratepayers carried a by-law to lend the Tudhope Company $50,000 for twenty years without interest to rebuild their carriage factory.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side and chest, and much cheaper. Sold by all dealers.

70,000 Incoming Americans

According to a statement made by Mr. W. W. Cory, deputy minister of the Interior, the immigration from the United States for the present year will total more than 70,000. In the beginning of this trek the new comers came largely from the middle west, but this year they are coming from almost every state in the Union. Not only is the quantity satisfactory, but the quality of the settlers is rather improving. The story told by thousands of satisfied settlers is attracting other home-seekers, and as the tide of immigration swells so swells the chorus of Canadian shouters. The movement this year is largely due to Alberta, but the Tramping Lake country south of Battleford on the Grand Trunk Pacific is one of the favorite districts. All the settlers bring live stock and implements, many substantial bank accounts, and experience.

A clever, popular Candy Cold Cure Tablet—called Preventics—is being dispensed by druggists everywhere. In a few hours Preventics are said to break any cold completely. And Preventics, being so safe and toothsome, are very fine for children. No quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Box of 48—25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

HARDWARE

Cold Weather is coming, and you want a

COOK STOVE

Call and see our lines of

STEEL RANGES

All fitted with the latest improvements—Asbestos Lined, Ventilated Ovens, Duplex Grates.

ALSO

COAL HEATERS

Prices ranging from $5.00 to $50.00.

Don't go to Belleville or Trenton to buy a Stove. We have the assortment, quality and prices to suit you.

No trouble to show goods.

L. MEIKLEJOHN

'Phone No. 13

FALL FOOTWEAR

Ours is the Family Shoe Store for Men, Women and Children. Very moderate prices.

We have a full stock for fall of the best Shoes on the market, bought from leading manufacturers in Canada. **Note the following:**

Women's Fine Boots.....from $1.25 to $4.50
Women's Everyday Boots.....from $1.25 to $1.75
Misses' Fine Boots, sizes 11 to 2.....from $1.25 up
Misses' strong School Boots, sizes 11 to 2.....from $1.15 up
Children's Fine and Coarse Boots.....75c. to $1.00
Men's Patent Colt Bluchers, newest lasts, guaranteed.....$3.75, $4.50, $5.00 and $5.25

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
EMPRESS SHOES FOR WOMEN

ALSO, FOR THE
WORTH CUSHION SOLES FOR MEN

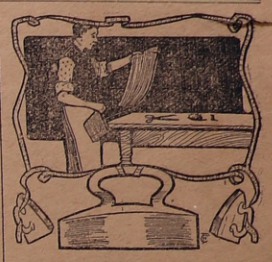
You who have tender feet would do well to call and see these Shoes.

Men's Plough Boots.....$1.25 to $3.00. Guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Men's French Calf Blucher, special Hand-made.....$3.50

Our Hand-made work is giving the best of satisfaction.

J. W. BROWN
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for goods.



PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from the tailors' hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suitings, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

JOHN M. McGEE

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THE MUTUAL LIFE COMPANY OF CANADA

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Floorglaze

THIS is the floor-finish that makes housework so much easier because it doesn't gather dust---because it can be washed with soap and water like a window-pane---because it is so easy to keep clean and fresh. Floorglaze finishes a floor with a lustrous coating of most durable enamel that will stand the hardest wear and not show scratches. Comes in ten charming shades. Send for color-card and free booklet. Easy to apply;---dries hard in a few hours; a gallon covers 500 square feet. Perfect for outdoor service, too,---porches, steps, etc. From all first-rate dealers in tins; sizes from a pint to a gallon. See that the label says: Imperial Varnish & Color Co., Limited, Toronto. 104

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J. S. MORTON, Stirling

TO SILO BUILDERS:
ORDERS TAKEN FOR MATERIALS

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co.

While away at camp MR. W. R GIRDWOOD will be in charge.

Office at the Lumber Yard.

J. W. HAIGHT

BEST MATERIALS ONLY!
BEST WORK ONLY!

If you want satisfaction, try us.

F. G. GAZLEY
Painter & Paperhanger

THE NOX TASTELESS LIQUOR, DRUG AND TOBACCO CURE

We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial has been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family.

We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

Added Energy From FIG PILLS

Comes to those who take Fig Pills. Everybody needs them NOW, because they build up the system, inspire you with new interest in life, and DESTROY THE BLUES. A box or two will work wonders on the run-down system. Get a box to-day. 25c. a box, or five boxes for $1.00. For sale at

MORTON'S DRUG STORE

Lax-ets 5 c Sweet to Eat A Candy Bowel Laxative.

THE
Stirling News-Argus

Is published every THURSDAY at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Morton's drug store, by

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, $1.00 per year

If paid in advance. If not so paid, $1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:

PER INCH PER WEEK WHEN INSERTED FOR

	1 YEAR.	6 MOS.	3 MOS
Whole col. down to half col.	7c.	8c.	9c.
Half col. down to quarter col.	8	9	10
Quarter col. down to 2 inches	9	10	11

If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, Property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, $10 per year; $6 for six months; $4 for three months; $3 for two months; $2 for one month. One inch, $6 per year. Professional cards, limited to six lines, $4 per year. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge.

Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

YOU would soon get rid of a servant who did only half the work in double the time of a capable one. Then why continue using a flour that gives half the nourishment and double the work to digest?

Royal Household Flour

is made from selected spring wheat—a wheat that is rich in nutriment. It is the whitest and finest flour made; it makes fully one-third more bread to the pound than any soft wheat flour and is more dependable in every respect. 19

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal.